ABSTRACT

Fidiana, Naili Rohmati. 2014."The Relationship Between Self-Control Behavior delinquency With Teens In Junior High School BHAKTI Turen Malang. Thesis. Faculty of Psychology. State Islamic University of Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang Malik.

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Adolescence is often known as the search for identity, this happens because adolescence is a transition between the lives of the children and the adult life. In addition, teens have a developmental task that must be completed, not all teens are able to pass through all these hard times, There are some teenagers who then fall on negative behaviors. So many teens are finally doing something naughty, or in terms of psychology known as juvenile delinquency. Many factors that cause delinquency behavior, one of which is a weak self-control, it is a form of failure to develop self-control in young people's behavior. Therefore, the issues discussed and will be answered in this study to determine the level of self-control Secondary School Students Bhakti Turen Malang, to determine the level of Junior High School Students delinquency Bhakti Turen Malang, and to determine the relationship between levels of self-control and delinquency Behavior junior high school students consecrated Turen Malang.

The design study using quantitative correlation study. Samples are 42 junior high students Bhakti and retrieval of data using observation method, interview and documentation Scale. In processing the data using Pearson Product Moment Correlation, and test the validity and reliability of Cronbach Alpha wear. Processing of the data is processed with SPSS 16.0 for Windows.

The results research analysis based on, are as follows: the self-control variable, the majority of junior high school students have the self-control of Bhakti in the category as many as 31 students with a percentage of 73.8%, students with higher levels of self-control as 6 students (14.3%), and students with low self-control as many as 5 students (11.9%). As for the variable delinquency, a majority of junior high school students showed Bhakti delinquency behavior with categories are as many as 30 students (71.4%), the high category as 6 students (14.3%), and 6 students (14.3%) showed a behavior low delinquency. In analyzing the results of hypothesis testing can be seen that there is no correlation between the variables of self-control with delinquency behavior, the correlation value 1.000 and 0.000 significance value.