ABSTRACT


Key word : religious coping, santri collage student, non santri collage student

The santri are nothing new and foreign for the Indonesian society. For the Indonesia society, santri are students who are learning deepen in Islamic sciences and attempted to practise as guidance in our daily lives. Over time, santri not only learning deepen in Islamic sciences at boarding school only but also learn deepen about common science in formal education. Now many students who are found studying in college, are a santri at Islamic boarding schools / religious-based institutions, beside as a collage student, has status as a santri. Being a collage student and santri at the same time do not making out of the pressure of problem of collage student and santri. Armed with the religious knowledge and religious experiences, santri collage student doing effort of religious based coping as the coping strategy in order to cope the pressure / stressor that happening.

This research use descriptive method and quantitative comparative shape, and the purpose of this research are to know the degree of religious coping of santri collage student and non santri collage student, and to know is there the defferences of the degree of religious coping between two group of subject research, because there is an assumption that santri collage student has higher degree of religious coping than religious coping of non santri collage student. This research used purposive sampling technique, the number of sample is 60 santri collage student and 60 non santri collage student that studying in UIN MALIKI Malang. Collecting data of the research used questionnaire method, the religious coping questionnaire amounts of 25 items with reliability value $\alpha=0.713$ for religious practice aspect, $\alpha=0.846$ for negative feeling toward God aspect, $\alpha=0.684$ for benevolent reappraisal aspect, $\alpha=0.684$ for passive aspect dan $\alpha=0.684$ for active aspect. Descriptive analysis technique is used for clasifying the skors of measurements to three categories; high, average, low.

The conclusions of the research are : 1) the degree of religious coping of santri collage student is at average level with amount of value $= 65\%$, 2) the degree of religious coping of non santri collage student is at average level with amount of value $= 70\%$, 3) there is a defference degree of religious coping of santri collage student and non santri collage student, that the degree of religious coping of santri collage student is higher than non santri collage student, with amount of value of santri collage student $= 111,887$ and amount of value of non santri collage student $= 94,417$. This result means that statement of hypothesis is significant, santri collage student has higher degree of religious coping because has higher social support in religious community and get religious service and education intensively and structurely.