CODE SWITCHING USED BY THE CHARACTERS OF JAVA HEAT MOVIE

THESIS

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ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LETTERS DEPARTMENT HUMANITIES FACULTY MAULANA MALIK IBRAHIM STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY MALANG 2014

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THESIS

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STATEMENT OF AUTHENTICITY

I state that the thesis I have written entitled **Code Switching Used by the Characters of Java Heat Movie** is truly my original work. It does not incorporate with any materials previously written or published by another person, except those indicated in quotation and bibliography. Due to this fact, I am the only person who is responsible for the thesis when there is any objection or claims from others.



APPROVAL SHEET

This is to certify that Siti Isro'Atun's sarjana's thesis entitled **Code Switching Used by the Characters of Java Heat Movie** has been approved by the thesis advisor for further approval by the Board of Examiners.

Malang, 15 June 2014

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ΜΟΤΤΟ

... يَرْفَعِ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنِكُمْ وَالَذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ دَرَجَاتٍ ۚ

...Allah will raise those in ranks who believe from amongst you and who are given knowledge" (QS. Al-Mujaadilah:11)

خير الناس أنفعهم للناس

(The best person is a person who is useful for the others)

Success is a journey, not a destination. (Ben Sweetland)

DEDICATION

This thesis is proudly dedicated to my wonderful father (Nur Sahid) and mother (Katmilah), for giving me your endless love, affection, effort, pray, support, advice, and everything. Without you, I'm nothing. May Allah bless you. Amen.



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First of all, praise and thank to Allah SWT who has given His mercies and blessings so that this thesis can be finished. Secondly, Shalawat and Salam are always blessed and poured down upon our beloved prophet Muhammad S.A.W. I realize that my thesis will never get success without any interference from other people. Furthermore, I would like to give my great thanks to those who helped me in completing my thesis.

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Finally I truly realize that this thesis is still far from perfection. Thus, I will always appreciate for the constructive criticisms and suggestions from the readers.

Malang, 15 June 2014

The writer

ABSTRACT

Isro'Atun, Siti, 2014. Code Switching Used by the Characters of Java Heat Movie. Thesis. English Language and Letters Department. Faculty of Humanities. Maulana Malik Ibrahim State Islamic University of Malang. Advisor: Drs. H. Djoko Susanto, M.Ed., Ph.D Key words: Conversation Analysis, Code Switching

People always need language to communicate with others. However, one person is not enough to be able to communicate to other people in one language because of different language of the interlocutor. Code switching is used when the speaker uses two or more languages in his/her utterance. Actually, Java Heat is a movie which uses four languages, but the characters switch of their utterances within two languages, those are English and Indonesia. The characters switch their utterances by using two languages and two methods; they switch from English-Indonesian and Indonesian-English. But, the researcher just focuses this research from the characters' utterances switching from the first language to another language: English-Indonesian.

Based on the topic, the researcher chooses to analyze code switching used by the characters of Java Heat movie. This research aimed to find the types and functions of code switching used by the characters of Java Heat movie according to Romaine in Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275) and Bloom & Gumperz in Susanto (2008). The descriptive qualitative method is used in this research because the data collected are the utterances of conversations of the characters of Java Heat movie.

This research finds two types and two functions of code switching. The types are: tag switching to insert tag or short expression which is different language in the end of utterance, intra-sentential switching when the speaker changes the different language in a sentence or an utterance. While the function of code switching, there are situational and metaphorical code switching. Situational function of code switching is influenced by topic and participant. A metaphorical function happens because of some reasons from the characters' utterances of Java Heat movie, those are: to respect, to inform, as interjection, to qualify a massage, and to instruct.

The result of this research is useful for the next researchers to investigate the Sociolinguistic, especially in code switching context. Since this research only analyzes types and functions of code switching used by the characters of Java Heat movie, it will be more interesting for the next researchers to analyze other sources, such as novel.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGE	i
STATEMENT OF THE AUTHENTICITY	ii
APPROVAL SHEET	iii
LEGITIMATION SHEET	iv
МОТТО	
DEDICATION	vi
AKNOWLEDGMENT	vii
ABSTRACT	viii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	ix

CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION

1.1 Research Background	1
1.2 Problems of the Research	4
1.3 Objectives of the Research	4
1.4 Significances of the Research	4
1.5 Scope and Limitation	5
1.6 Research Method	5
1.6.1 Research Design	5
1.6.2 Research Subject	6
1.6.3 Research Instrument	6
1.6.4 Data Sources	6
1.6.5 Data Collection	7
1.6.6 Data Analysis	7
1.7 Definition of the Key Terms	8

CHAPTER II REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

2.1 Sociolinguistic	9
2.2 Bilingualism and Multilingualism	10

2.3 CS	12
2.3.1 Types of CS	13
2.3.1.1 Tag Switching	13
2.3.1.2 Inter-sentential Switching	15
2.3.1.3 Intra-sentential Switching	16
2.3.2 Functions of CS	17
2.3.2.1 Situational CS	17
2.3.2.1.1 Setting	18
2.3.2.1.2 Topic	19
2.3.2.1.3 Participants	20
2.3.2.2 Metaphorical CS	22
2.3.2.2.1 To Serve a Quotation	23
2.3.2.2.2 For Interjection	24
2.3.2.2.3 For Marking Personalisation	
and Objectivisation	25
2.3.2.4 To Clarify or	
Qualify a Message	26
2.3.2.2.5 To Specify an Address	29
2.3.2.2.6 To Reiterate	31
2.3.2.2.7 For Referential	32

CHAPTER III

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

3.1	Findings	33
	3.1.1 Types of CS	34
	3.1.1.1 Tag Switching	35
	3.1.1.2 Intra-Sentential Switching	36
	3.1.2 Functions of CS	37
	3.1.2.1 Situational CS	39
	3.1.2.2 Metaphorical CS	41

	3.1.2.2.1 As Interjection	42
	3.1.2.2.2 To Inform	44
	3.1.2.2.3 To Instruct	45
	3.1.2.2.4 To Respect	46
	3.1.2.2.5 To Qualify a Massage	49
3.2 Discussion		50

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Semua orang membutuhkan Bahasa untuk berkomunikasi dengan yang lainnya. Akan tetapi, seseorang tidak cukup hanya mampu berbicara menggunakan satu bahasa karena perbedaan lawan tuturnya. Alih kode (code switching) digunakan ketika pembicara menggunakan dua atau lebih bahasa didalam ucapannya. Java Heat adalah movie yang menggunakan empat bahasa, tetapi para karakternya mengalihkan ucapannya menggunakan dua bahasa yaitu menggunakan Bahasa Inggris dan Indonesia. Para karakter Java Heat movie menggunakan dua bahasa dan dua metode dalam mengalihkan ucapannya yakni; mereka mengalihkan dari Bahasa Inggris kedalam Bahasa Indonesia dan mengalihkan dari Bahasa Indonesia kedalam Bahasa kedalam Bahasa Inggris. Akan tetapi, peneliti hanya fokus didalam penelitiannya dari ucapan para karakter Java Heat movie yang menggunakan bahasa pertama kemudian mengalihkan kedalam bahasa yang lain yaitu dari bahasa Inggris kedalam Bahasa Indonesia.

Berdasakan pada topk, peneliti menganalisis alih kode yang digunakan para karakter Java Heat movie. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menemukan jenis dan fungsi dari alih kode yang digunakan oleh para Java Heat movie menurut Romaine (Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo, 2002: 275) dan Bloom & Gumperz (Susanto, 2008). Penelitian ini menggunakan deskriptif kwalitatif karena data yang didapatkan berupa ucapan percakapan dari para karakternya Java Heat movie.

Penelitian ini menemukan dua jenis dan dua fungsi alih kode. Dua jenis tersebut adalah: tag switching yaitu memberikan tag atau ekspresi pendek yang menggunakan bahasa yang berbeda pada akhir ucapannya; sedangkan intra-sentensial switching terjadi ketika pembicara mengganti bahasanya dengan bahasa yang berbeda didalam kalimat atau ucapannya. Sedangkan fungsi alih kode yaitu situasional dan metaforis alih kode. fungsi situasional alih kode dipengaruhi oleh topik dan peserta. Sedangkan fungsi alih kode metaporikal dikarenakan terjadi beberapa alasan yaitu: untuk memberikan rasa hormat, untuk memberikan informasi, sebagai kata seru, untuk merubah pesan menggunakan bahasa yang berbeda, dan sebagai perintah.

Hasil dari penelitian ini memberikan manfaat untuk peneliti selanjutnya yang meneliti Sosiolinguistik perspektiv dengan konteks alih kode. Dikarenakan penelitian ini hanya menganalisis jenis dan fungsi alih kode yang digunakan para karakternya Java Heat movie, diharapkan untuk peneliti selanjutnya menganalisis dari referensi yang lain seperti novel.

ABSTRACT

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents the research background, problems of the research, objectives of the research, significance of the research, scope and limitation, research method, and definition of the key terms.

1.1 Research Background

This research examines code switching used by the characters *of Java Heat movie*. Code switching (hence spelled CS) is where one individual, who is bilingual, interacts with another bilingual individual, in more than one language, where bilingualism is roughly defined as having a "proficient" use of or familiarity with both languages (Crystal in Pagano, 1987: 2).

The research on CS has been conducted previously by a number of researchers. Imaroh (2011) analyzed "CS in lyrics of Maher Zain's song". She found that the lyric of Maher Zain's song switch from English to Arabic and Arabic to English. Her study found that there are three types of CS and two functions of CS in the lyrics of Maher Zain's song. The types of CS found in the lyrics of Maher Zain's songs are intersentential switching, intrasentential switching and also emblematic switching. While the functions of CS found in the lyrics of Maher Zain's song, situational CS and metaphorical CS. The situational was influenced by topic, setting, and participant.

While metaphorical functions of CS was used to quote the Prophet of Muhammad's speech; to mark that Arabic is more personalized to be used in praising and praying; to specify audiences; to reiterate an Arabic expression to emphasize its meaning; and also to qualify or clarify the message. Nisrocha (2011) analyzed "CS used by the presenter of Gaul Bareng Bule program on Trans TV". She found two types of CS: inter-sentensial code switching and intra-sentensial code switching. In her analysis she also found five functions of code switching used in Gaul Bareng Bule: (1) to serve a quotation, (2) to interject statement, (3) to qualify or clarify a message, (4) to specify an addressee, and (5) to reiterate and to carry out referential. Ferrara (2011) explored "CS used by English Teachers of State Senior High School 1 Batu (R SMA BI Negeri 1 Batu)". She found three types of CS: (1) extra-sentential, (2) inter-sentential, and (3) intra-sentential. She also found four functions of CS: (1) interjection, (2) repetition, (3) intention, and (4) real lexical. The last researcher is Wulandari (2011) who studied "CS used by english teachers at the State Senior High School 1 Batu (RSMA-BI NEGERI 1 BATU)". She analyzed types, function and reasons for using CS. She found two types of CS: inter-sentential and intra-sentential switching. She also found there are three functions of CS: unmarked CS, marked CS, and exploratory. The reasons for CS are to make an interjection, clarify the speech content for interlocutor; repeat used for clarification, and tells the student for doing something. The researcher also found other three reasons for CS used by the two English teachers: making jokes, translating words, and showing disappointment.

This research has several differences from previous studies. However, this research uses Romaine in Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275) and Bloom & Gumperz in Susanto (2008: 63-75) theory focused on CS which uses Java Heat movie as object of this research. Java Heat is action movie with multilingual. The movie is located in Jogjakarta which began Jake is a police man from America came to Indonesia as assistant of art's teacher. Actually he had one purposed to go to Indonesia. That is to investigate bombing in deed party which used expensive jewelry. The bombing terrorist to kill self always happened in the deed party program. Jake came in the deed party because Sultana wore necklace with price seven billion. Finally, Sultana is dead because there is bomb and Jake became the witness because he was the last person who met and talked to Sultana. This movie uses four languages: Indonesian, English, Arabic, and Chinese language. The researcher uses script of the characters' utterances in Java Heat movie. The data of the script is used English as the first language.

The present research analyses CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie in their conversations. Java Heat movie used four languages, English, Indonesian, Arabic, and Chinese. The characters of this movie used two languages: English and Indonesian as their language in conversations. Java Heat movie was released on May 10, 2013 directed by Connor Allyn with 104 minutes duration. Java Heat movie is a subject to research in Sociolinguistics because this movie contains English and Indonesian.

1.2 Poblems of the Research

This research is done to answer the following questions:

- 1. What are the types of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie?
- 2. What are the functions of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie?

1.3 Objectives of the Research

As stated in the research problems, the objectives of this research are:

- 1. To identify the types of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie.
- 2. To describe the functions of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie.

1.3 Significances of the Research

Based on topic entitled of Code switching used by the characters' of Java Heat movie, this research has two contributions. The two of contributions are theoretical and practical contributions.

Theoretically, the results of this research will give useful contribution in studying Sociolinguistics, especially on CS as it is used by the characters of Java Heat movie.

Practically, this research is expected to be useful for English teachers and language scholars who are interested in CS learning. Hopefully, this research can give additional insight into the types and functions of CS. The results of this study will also be useful reference for future researchers who are conducting the same research.

1.5 Scope and Limitation

This research focuses on CS used in Java Heat movie. This research uses Romaine's theory (Maryono & Poedjosoedarmo, 2002) and Bloom & Gumperz's theory (Susanto, 2008) to analyze the data. This research focuses on CS used by the characters' utterances in using their languages: English as the first language, Chinese, Indonesian, and Arabic, but the characters use two languages: English and Indonesian. The characters in Java Heat movie switched from English into Indonesian and Indonesian into English. This study, however, focuses on the characters' conversations in using English and then switches to another language.

1.6 Research Method

This part presents research design, research subject, research instrument, data sources, data collection, and data analysis.

1.6.1 Research Design

This research applies qualitative method to analyze the types and functions of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie. Qualitative method is used because of some reasons: (1) this research describes sentences and utterances of CS used by the characters of Java heat movie, (2) this research examines the types and functions of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie, and (3) this study analyzes the word, sentence, and utterance. The data are analyzed by using the theory Romaine in Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275) and Bloom & Gumperz in Susanto (2008: 63-75).

1.6.2 Research Subject

The subject of this research was the characters' utterances containing CS found in the Java Heat movie which is released on May, 10-2013 which released by Connor Allyn, last one hour and 44 minutes or 104 minutes.

1.6.3 Research Instrument

This research is Sociolinguistic study to understand the types and functions of CS found in Java Heat movie. The main instrument of this research is researcher herself because the researcher is the key of her research. As the main instrument, the researcher collects the data and analyzes by herself.

1.6.4 Data Sources

The data source of this research is Java Heat movie. This movie was released on May 10, 2013. The characters of this movie used English as the first language in their conversations. The researcher takes the character's utterances when they switch in one language to another. The data is downloaded from http://www.springfieldspringfield.co.uk/Movie_script.php?Movie=java-heat; http://www.AmericansYouarelike.children Always think you areRambo.htm; and http//www.INTERNATIONAL JavaHeaTrailerMickeyRourke, KellanLutz, ArioBayu, AtiqahHasiholan, Subtitles.htm.

1.6.5 Data Collection

To collect the data, some steps are used: (1) watching the Java Heat movie several times, (2) finding out the script from the internet, (3) matching the utterances from the script while watching the movie, (4) checking the data of characters' utterances of Java Heat movie (5) identifying the data in the form words and sentences of Java Heat movie containing CS based on Romaine's theory (Maryono & Poedjosoedarmo, 2002: 275) and Bloom & Gumperz's theory (Susanto, 2008).

1.6.6 Data Analysis

To analyze the data, several steps are used: (1) classifying the data based on the types and the functions of CS based on Romaine's (Maryono & Poedjosoedarmo, 2002: 275) and Bloom & Gumperz's (Susanto, 2008) theories; (2) analyzing the data based on the types of CS; (3) analyzing the data based on the functions of CS; and (4) discussing the finding.

1.7 Definition of the Key Terms

To clarify the key terms used in this research, it is necessary to define the terms used in this research:

- 1. Sociolinguistics is the study of language in society.
- 2. Bilingualism is the ability to use two languages in interaction with the others or in the communication of their life.
- 3. Multilingualism is the habitual of a person to speak three languages or more languages.
- 4. CS is used when the speaker able to communicate with inserting varieties code or language in his/her utterance.
- 5. Java Heat Movie is one of movie was directed by Connor Allyn released on May 10, 2013. This movie has 1 hour 44 minutes or 104 minutes duration.

CHAPTER II

REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

This chapter presents some theories used as foundation to solve the research problems. The discussion related on CS in the Characters' utterances of Java Heat Movie, which is to presents of sociolinguistic, bilingualism and multingualism, and CS.

2.1 Sociolinguistic

The study of language in society is called Sociolinguistics. Sociolinguistics is branch of linguistic, it derives of socio and linguistic. The sociolinguistic is study of how to communicate and interaction to other peoples, for example how to communicate to the peoples who are older than us and how the way the style when we communicate to them. Also, we know the language varieties in this world. So, with study of sociolinguistic we know the way to communicate and interaction to other peoples who have different languages and cultures. According to Paoletti (2011: 1), 'Sociolinguistics' and 'language and Society' are terms that are often used interchangeably to refer to an interdisciplinary field of research in which linguistics and sociology, and other human sciences, join together to study verbal and other human conducts; but in fact their definition is a highly controversial matter. Sociolinguistics is concerned with investigating the relationship between language and society with the goal of better understanding of the structure of language and how

language function in communication. Hudson (1980) has described the different as follows, sociolinguistics is the study of language in relation to language. In other words, in sociolinguistics we study society in order to find out as much as we can about what kind of thing language is, and in the sociology of language we refers the direction of our interest.

2.2 Bilingualism and Multilingualism

There are many languages in the society, such as English, French, Indonesian, Tamil, Mandarin, etc. It is possible in one place or society there are more than one languages. In Indonesia have some languages, Javanese, Madurese, Banjarnese, etc. Varieties of language comprise bilingualism and multilingualism. Bilingualism is the ability of people in using two languages in interaction with others or in the communication of their life. While multilingualism is the ability of a person to speak three or more languages. According to Bloomfield in Chaer and Agustina (2004: 113) explains that bilingualism is the ability to use two languages equally well by a speaker as a native speaker mastering his language. It means that people called bilinguals if they speak or use a first language and a second language equally well. In other words, Bloomfield in Chaer and Agustine (2004: 115) explains that mastering two languages are mastering two code systems. Based on Haugen in Butler and Hakuta (1986, 114) bilinguals as individuals who are fluent in one language but who "can produce complete meaningful utterances in the other language". Haugen (Chaer and Agustine, 2004: 114) defines that knowing two or more languages is called bilingualism. This means that people called bilinguals not always speak or use two languages when they speak. It is enough that those people know and understand two languages. Still according to him, that the bilinguals also the ability more one language in their utterances. According to him, that lowest limit of someone as a bilingual is the ability to make a complete meaningful utterance in a second language.

According to Astutik (;10) the term Bilingual means anyone who actually functions to any degree in more than one language.While, Mackey in Chaer and Agustine (2004: 120) argues that bilingualism is not language phenomenon, it is the characteristic of language usage. This not code characteristic, but characteristic of expression. It is not language but parole. If language belongs to a group, bilingualism belongs to individual. The use of two languages by a speaker obliges the existence of two bilingualism function or rule found in tat language for the whole speaker's behavior.

Argument concerning bilingualism is stated by Oksaar in Chaer and agustine (2004: 120). He states that bilingualism belongs to individual as well as a group. The reason is the language in not limited as tool of contact between individuals, but it is also a tool of communication between groups. Moreover, language is a tool showing the group identity. This conception enables the extent of bilingualism in unlimited community, either in a group of people or could be wider than a group of people as state.

Generally multilingualism can be related to the multilingual society, the society which has ability or a habit to use more than one language in the communication between members of society. Based on Sridhar in Wardhaugh (2002: 95) says multilingualism involving balanced, native like command of all the languages in the repertoire is rather uncommon. According Astutik (; 14) the habitual of using three languages or more in daily life by a speaker or group of community is called multilingualism.

2.3 CS

People in bilingual or multilingual society are usually forced to select a particular code whenever they choose to speak and they may also decide to switch from one code to another or to mix code. When people have switched languages, they have CS or that they have mixed languages, they have code mixing. It is support by McArthur in (Kanakri and Ionescu, 2010: 181) maintains that "mixing and switching" probably occur in the speech of all bilinguals. Mixed code to distinguish the use of two or more languages at the discourse level from switches within clauses/words (Mahootian, 2006: 512). Based on Susanto (2006: 1), CS use of two or more languages in conversation, has long been a topic of interest in linguistics.

CS happen when the speaker able to communicate with inserting varieties code or language in his/ her utterance. Gumperz (1982) in Gabusi was one of the first to express the idea that CS could be seen as a real, specific discourse strategy for bilinguals, remembering that we can use the word "bilingual" to define someone who is able to communicate, to various extents, in a second language. Based on Myers-Scotton in Maś (2007) Code-switching is the selection by bilinguals or multilingual of forms from an embedded variety (or varieties) in utterances of a matrix variety during the same conversation.

2.3.1 Types of CS

Based on Romaine in Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275) there are three types. The types are: tag switching, inter-sentential switching, and intrasentential switching. Then, the period of the time to CS classify into two types, namely temporary CS and permanent CS. Temporary CS happens when speaker switches to other code but the speaker switches to previous code. Permanent switching is happen when the speaker using other code then she/ he does not using previous code (Poedjosoedarmo in Poedjosoedarmo and Maryono, 2002: 176).

2.3.1.1 Tag Switching

Tag Switching occurs when the speaker uses one language and gives short or tag expression with another language in the end of his/her utterance/sentence. This switching is not influence the syntactic rule because the minimal word furthermore in the end sentence. So, this switching does not vitiating the syntactic rule it is supported by (Poedjosoedarmo and Maryono (2002: 275), Susanto (2008: 47), Yletyinen (2004: 47), Poplack in Jalil (2009: 3), Tatsioka (:130) and Jendra (2010)).

For example you know, I mean (English tag expression); iya kan, begitu bukan (Indonesian tag question); iyo toh (Javanese ngoko); and nggih toh (Javanese krama). Tag questions may be used as a polite request or to avoid the impression of firm order. However, the tag question can be use for emphasize a statement, to give advice, to seek an agreement, to endorse an activity, to mitigate criticism, and to make suggestion (Susanto: 2008: 177).

The example from Sneddon in Susanto (2008: 48)

"Jendela ditutup *ya*, sebelum tidur". Shut the window, won't you, before you sleep'.

In the example above is Indonesian/ Javanese tag question. We can see in expression of "ya" was showed the tag switching.

Another example in Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275) Mutta en mę vittinyt no way. (but I'm not bothered, no way). The speaker used Finisia then the speaker insert English language at the end of a sentence. "Mutta en mę vittinyt no way" the utterance "no way is" English as tag of the end utterance.

2.3.1.2 Inter-sentential Switching

An inter-sentential switching happens when there is a complete sentence or clause in one language to other language and it occur between two or more sentences or clause boundary. The different sentence in using different language is involving the syntactic rule. Because differentiate the grammatical rule of one language and the other language (Poedjosoedarmo and Maryono, (2002: 275), Appel & Muysken and Myers-Scotton in Susanto (2008: 48), Yletyinen (2004: 44), and Kebeya (2013: 229)).

An example analyzed by Widjajakusumah in analysis of Indonesian/ Sundanese in Susanto (2008: 49). While the S and H were Sundanese (West Java), N was from Minangkabau (West Sumatra).

Mrs. N	: Bayi Ibu Muhtar gemuk saya lihat tadi. 'Mrs. Muhtar's baby is chubby, I saw while ago.'
Mrs. S	: Saya belum sempat nengok 'I haven't had time to see.'
Mrs. H	 Nanti deh kapan-kapan kita kesana, kalau ada hajat cukuran. Basa di ibu T oge geuning meni haneuteun" ([] Waktu di Ibu T juga kan, suasananya hangat benar.) 'Later some time we'll visit when it is a time for the baby to have her hair cut. [] When [we] visited Mrs. T <i>the situation was so friendly, wasn't it?</i>

In the example above, Mrs. H switched into Sundanese after uttering a sentence which was expressed in Indonesian. In her switch occurs at a sentence boundary (inter-sentential CS). Another example in Jendra (2010) is an Indonesian switches from Indonesian to English.

Ini lagu lama, tahun 60an. It's oldies but goodies, they say. Tapi masih enak kok didengerin.

The last is example in Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275) English switches to Finisia. In this example is divided into two clauses, one clause is English while the another one is Finisia.

> Some<mark>times I'll start a sentence in Eng</mark>lish y termino in Spanol 'Sometimes I'll start a sentence in English and finish in Spanish.'

2.3.1.3 Intra-sentential Switching

Intra-sentential switching is found when the speaker uses/inserts another language or another code in a sentence but then changing another code is still relevant with previous code. The speaker inserts another code in a sentence, it can occur mixing in a sentence or clause boundary. So, in this CS influence the greatest syntactic rule because in a sentence rolling language to changing code (Maryono and Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275), Susanto (2008: 49), Kebeya (2013: 229), and Yletyinen (2004: 48)). The example of Sudarsono in Susanto (2008: 50) A : Dari jam sepuluh empat lima *tekan jam sewelas seprapat kan*. 'From ten fourty five *to eleven fifteen, isn't it?*'

The example use Indonesian/ Javanese in a sentence, so the utterance is intra-sentential CS. Then example in the following in Jendra (2010) is an example of English switches to French in an utterance.

The hotel, s est grand, is really huge and majestic

2.3.2 Functions of CS

Bloom & Gumperz (1972) in Susanto (2008) classified into two functions of CS. Those are: situational and metaphorical CS.

2.3.2.1 Situational CS

Situational CS is switched language or code by inserting topic or participant. A Situational CS Appears when there is a change in the situation that causes the bilingual switches from one code in the other. The changing situations involved could be the setting, the participant's, or the norms of interactions (Hymes 1964; cited in Jendra 2010). According Blom and Gumperz in Susanto (2008), situational CS refers to a language choice which is induced by topics, participants and settings, and conversely metaphorical CS concern languages choice which is not influenced by the speaker's stylistic purpose. In Susanto (2006), Bloom and Gumperz investigated two dialects in the village called Bokmal (Norwegian standard dialect) and Ranamal (local dialect). They found that CS occurred when residents used Bokmal on formal occasions and switched to Ranamal when they were involved in casual and informal conversations.

An example according to Bloom and Gumperz (1972) in Nilep (2006: 8) involve the same participants in the same setting when the topic shifts. Thus, teachers reported that they treated lecture versus discussion within a class as different events. While lectures were (according to teachers' reports) delivered in the standard Bokmål, a shift to the regional Ranamål was used to encourage open debate. Bloom and Gumperz call this type of shift, wherein a change in linguistic form represents a changed social setting, situational switching.

2.3.2.1.1 Setting

Used of CS it was influenced by setting. People can use different utterance in informal and formal situation. So, when the people use different style or language in different place or situation it is called CS which influenced by setting. They used style of formal language in formal situation, while informal language in informal situation. Setting may include the time, place and situation in which in which conversation takes place, for example a family gathering, breakfast, and academic lecture, or worship (Susanto 2008: 64). According to him the physical setting and event may need the use of a different (variety of) language even when the same general purpose is being served, and when the same participants are involved.

Savile- Troike (2003) in Susanto (2008: 64) give an example the form of English greeting "may be used differently inside and outside building, inside an office versus inside a church or mosque, as well as between participants at differing distance from one another.

2.3.2.1.2 Topic

Topic also influenced the bilinguals in conversation. Changing of topic in a conversation can be influenced changing of code. According to Becker in Susanto (2008: 65) say that topic has also been identified as one of the reasons for bilinguals to codeswitch. Gunawan in Susanto (2008: 65-66) investigated language choice among Javanese-Indonesian bilinguals in a Javanese context.

Markuat : [...] tapi kalo lagu luar negeri harus diiringi gitar melodi, dengan drummer. *Lha saiki* aku *njaluk* bantuanmu Kartolo.
'[...] but a song from overseas should be sung with the accompaniment of a melody guitar, plus a drummer. *Well now*, I'd like you to *do me a favour*, Kartolo.'

Gunawan's example, the choice is mostly affected by the topic of conversation, that is, modern concepts such as melody guitar, drummer. Markuat switched to Javanese *ngoko* when he asked Kartolo as his close friend, to do him favour, signaling that he is reverting to "traditional' concepts after talking about 'modern' concept. Another example is based Astutik; 12 in conducting conversation, Najavo teachers usually speak English each other while they are discussing the problem concerning with school but they will switch the code if they speak about family, rodeo, and other societies activity. They will switch the code situational into English when there is a non Najavo speaker to participate in that conversation.

2.3.2.1.3 Participants

The different of participant of interlocutor can influence the change from one code to another code because the different status, age, and education background, of the interlocutors. It is supported by Susanto (2008: 66), the Bilinguals codeswitch from one language to another because of the participants' social class, status, and role. Based on Susanto (2008: 66) social class may be defined by wealth, circumstances birth, and occupation. Still according to him, Status is often determined by social class membership, age, and education. An example carried out by Gunarwan in Susanto (2008: 69);

Sokran	Kulo hansip.		0		saged
	sampèyan ked a	•		•	
	'I am from the	e civil defe	ence. <u>No</u>	<u>w</u> wethe	er you
	like it or not,	you must j	рау. Үон	ı must pa	ay. You
	must pay.				
Sontolowo	Tapi kulo bot	en utang <u>ka</u>	<u>alih</u> sam	pèyan.	
	'But I don't or	ve it <u>to</u> you	'		
Sokran	Ini kewajiban.	Harus bay	yar! Ma	u tidak?	Harus
	bayar!				
	'This is an obli	igation. Yo	u must p	bay.	

Sokran starts his conversation by using Javanese krama. However, at a certain juncture Sokran switches from Javanese krama into Javanese ngoko which is indicating that Sokran does not make any attempt to reduce the impact of Sontolowo's loss of face. The another example is carried out by Jendra (2010);

Agus	: Menurutku, semuanya karena mereka tidak tahu
	persis artinya De,
Mark	: Hi Agus
Agus	: Eh, How're you Mark? Mark, this is Made, our
	friend from Mataram.
Made	: Nice to meet you, Mark.
Mark	: Nice to meet you too.
	What are you two talking about?
Agus	: Nah, ini dia kita bisaMark can you help us?

2.3.2.2 Metaphorical CS

Metaphorical CS is called when the speakers used one language and giving expression/ words from different language to convey their goal. Metaphorical CS is code or language into the same language but there is additional meaning from the language, which is used by the speaker. Bloom and Gumperz (1972) in Susanto (2006) said that metaphorical CS occurred when both bilingual speakers used Bokmal and Ranamal in the same transaction. Here, In Jendra (2010: 77) said that a metaphorical codeswitching happens when there is a change in the perception, or the purpose, or the topic of the conversation. In reference with the factors, this type of switching involves the ends, the act sequences, or the key, but not the situation. The example in Jendra (2010: 77), bilinguals that code-switch metaphorically perhaps try to change the participants' feeling towards the situation. In this example illustrate how some Indonesian students jokingly switch from English to Indonesian to affect a serious dialog to a bit humorous.

Example 1: from Jendra (2010)

Made	: We want to take it, to whereya, itu tempat kita biasa
	mancing (fishing), and we are drinking, singing, having
	fun, ok
Ali	: And there we are surfing, swimmingterus, kita jadi
	pusing-pusing (feeling dizzy) dahha, ha, ha
Made	: Are you Joining Jim?
Jim	: Okay, then.
According to Bloom and Gumperz in Susanto (2008: 70) the metaphorical approach considers that the reason for bilingual CS is to achieve certain communication purpose. Metaphorical CS consists of seven functions as follow.

2.3.2.2.1 To Serve a Quotation

The reason of the use metaphorical function of CS is to serve a quotation. It often happens when people quote the previous speaker's utterance produced directly when they want to convey to the other people. Moreover, the speakers do not change the language to quote the utterance from previous speaker (Gumperz in Mahootian (2006: 516) and Bloom in Gabusi).

Example in Mahootian (2006: 516) from Farsi to English

unvaeqt jan be maen mige, "I don't think I can make it. 'Then John says to me, "I don't think I can make it.'

From the example above, the speaker quote the previous speaker's utterance directly to convey the utterance to the interlocutor. Furthermore, the speaker did not change the language with the first language.

2.3.2.2 For Interjection

Usually the people used another language to connect naturally to convey their massage. Based on Gumperz and Appel & Muysken in Susanto (2008: 174), a tag question is classified as one of the metaphorical reasons for CS, that is, an interjection. As an interjection or simple sentence fillers includes exclamations or sentence fillers such as; *nah*, *lha*, *lho*, and tag question, for example, *(i) yo toh*, *nggih toh* (Susanto, 2008: 71). An example in Nisrocha (2011: 12);

> Cinta : hmmm....it smells really good. Nah, Sekarang udah jadi makanannya so sekarang kita bisa melihat tulangnya sudah dikeluarin biar lebih gampang makannya, trus ditambah, What is it called?

'Nah, Sekarang udah jadi makanannya so sekarang kita bisa melihat tulangnya sudah dikeluarin biar lebih gampang makannya, trus ditambah' means 'Nah, now the food has already cooked so we can see the bones which has taken out to make it easier to eat, then added'. Cinta switches to Indonesian because the guess star "Narjih" does not know English much and she wants to share her solidarity to the audiences of that program because most of the audiences of *Gaul Bareng Bule* program are Indonesian people. Cinta switches to Indonesian because that program is set in informal situation and relaxes. Marking personalization and objectivisation is used to mark the person or something uses another word which familiar or was known by the people. Based on Gumperz in Susanto (2008: 71), CS in this case is used to express degree of emotional involvement by the speaker in the massage: the use of language E is more personalized, while language B may reflect more distance. An example of Wolff & Poedjosoedarmo was cited by Susanto (2008: 72):

- E : [Rported] saya tidak ingin saya terus berlanjut ke situ.
 Saya ingin dibelai-belai saat itu.
 'I do not expect that my husband responds [by having sexual intercourse]. I just expect him to caress me.'
- B : Kethaki aé 'Just knock her with the joint of fingers.'
- E : Nah ini kadang-kadang tidak dipahami oleh para suami. 'This is something which husbands sometimes do not realize.'

The use Indonesian by speaker E does not indicate any formality or other attributes of social distance, but rather is used to express his concern about the woman's feeling. Speaker E may be surprised or did not anticipate that speaker B would respond in this somewhat negative manner. Another example is from Imaroh (20011: 42) in analyzing Maher Zain's song. From luxury you turned away And all night you would pray Truthful in every word you say ش يار سول محمد

Code switching in this extract uses the function of marking 'personalization and objectification'. By saying, " ش يارسول محمد (Allah ya Rasul Muhammad)", he wants to exclaim that Muhammad SAW is *'Rasulullah'* or 'the messenger of Allah'. By using that Arabic expression, he wants to praise and command the Prophet Muhammad SAW, because 'Rasulullah' is a nickname or *laqob* for Prophet Muhammad SAW. Therefore, the use an Arabic expression " أس يارسول (Allah ya Rasul)" is more personalized to follow the name of Prophet Muhammad SAW rather than English.

2.3.2.4 To Clarify or Qualify a Message

Using one language to another language to explain of something because to convey the massage easily for clarify or qualify a massage reason. According to Bloom in Gabusi, by shifting from one language to another, the speaker can also underline and express his/her involvement or distance either in connection to the message or the social or cultural group he/she's referring. This is usually influenced by the speaker's understanding of a particular topic of conversation. A topic introduces in language A and clarifies in language B to qualify a message (Susanto: (2008). An example in Nisrocha (2011: 14) as follows:

Cinta : it is good. Inikan masih basah, sambil nunggu kering kita coba indian dance

This conversation occurs in the last performance when an Indian draws a hena on Ame's hands. In this data Cinta says "*It is good. Inikan masih basah, sambil nunggu kering kita coba indian dance*". This utterance has metaphorical reason. In that utterance Cinta switches from English to Indonesian to qualify or clarify her message. It is done by the presenter because Amel as the guess star does not understand English much.

From the example above, Cinta Laura switches her language to Indonesian because of other participants who are joining in the conversation. Cinta Laura wants to share her solidarity especially to the guess star and to the audiences who watch that program. Another example of Nisrocha's (20011: 31) analysis of data 2.6 when Cinta, Amel, and Indian eat together. Then Cinta switches from English into Indonesian when she speaks:

Cinta : I want to say something, *kalau di India semakin religious* seseorang mereka semakin gak makan daging.

Of the example above Cintas with in her utterance from English into Indonesian in order the guest star can understand what she said. Another example is done by Susanto on Sunday, 2 March 2014 at one o'clock as follows:

> Speaker : Barang siapa yang melakukan kebaikan akan masuk surga begitu juga sebaliknya, barang siapa melakukan kejahatan akan masuk neraka. Seperti yang telah disebutkan dalam hadits riwayat Bukhori dan muslim yang berbunyi [...]من كان عاملا صالحايدخل الى

In the example above, the speaker switch Indonesian language into Arabic because to mention of part of hadits. In this case, the speaker clarifies his/ her utterance with another language with purpose the people understand. So, this function is for clarify a massage with another language. With the topic is used another language then for clarify the topic also use another language. Indonesian language as A language for topic, then clarify or qualify a massage with B language is Arabic.

2.3.2.5 To Specify an Address

Used of CS it can be to specify an address of the interlocutor when the speaker wants to include the interlocutor. In case of addressee specification, the switch of language is merely used in order to "direct the message to one of the possible addressees" (Bloom in Gabusi). The purpose of this switching is usually to notify the interlocutor that the speaker is inviting him/her to participate the conversation (Susanto, 2008: 73). This occurs because of the presence of the third person or because the speaker wants to exclude or include a certain person in a conversation (Poedjosoedarmo in Susanto, 2008: 73). The speaker in this switching tends to become an agent who initiates or invites the interlocutor to speak the language, or represents an agent who has to adapt him/herself to the interlocutors language (Susanto: (2008). An example in Susanto (2008: 222) as follows:

> Kartono : Bapak sekalian jadi permasalahannya atlit PERSINAS Malang Raya yang bertempat di Malang selatan ini cidera. Pada dasarnya minta kebijakan apa itu bantuan bagaimana untuk biaya hidupnya, bagaimana untuk pengobatan, begitu! Jadi minta bantuam pengobatan se Malang! **Monggo dipun** *tanggapi*. **Monggo** Pak Heru. 'Gentlement, so the problem is our PERSINAS athlete who lives in southern Malang had an accident at the championship. Basically, we are asked to think about his medical and financial support. **So please** let's comment on this matter! **Please** Mr. Heru.'

Heru : **Nggih.** Ya *wong* namanya mewakil, berangkat saja itu <u>insha'Allah</u> ada biaya. Perharinya saja diberi <u>ukhro</u>. <u>Lha</u> karena ini mewakili ya, saya usulkan diobatkan sampai sembuh.

Kartono used Javanese krama "monggo" when inviting Heru to

'Yes well he [went in the championships] to represent us, when he left <u>if God is willing [he]</u> was given <u>some</u> <u>money</u>. He was even given some money on a daily basis. Well then, because of the entered the championships to represent [us], I propose that we should give him medical support until he recovers.'

speak because of higher social status in this community then Kartono. Realizing that he was respected, Heru replied in Javanese **krama** as well **"nggih"** 'yes', although this usage is not consistent with Scollon and Scollon's hierarchical politeness system. Another example in Susanto (2008: 73) which is given by Wolf and Poedjosoedarmo:

(33) Kula nyuwun pengapunten déné upacara meniko mboten <u>nawi</u> boso Jawi nanging boso Endonesiya". Atas nama Bapak dhan Putra dhan Roh Kudus. Amin [...] poro rawuh soho poro lenggah sedoyo.
'I ask you forgiveness that this ceremony is not Javanese but rather in *Indonesiann*. In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and the Holy Spirit. Amen [...] all of the guest and congregation be seated.

The example above is an instance of an utterance by a Christian priest as he was about to marry an Indonesian (Javanese) woman to an Australian man. The priest uses Javanese **krama** to ask forgiveness for diverging from the normal code [Javanese] in order to give the congregation commands in Indonesian because the ceremony was attended also by Australian friends. The Javanese are reluctant to use their own language with non-Javanese until they establish a friendly relationship. They may also consider that the outsiders may not understand Javanese (Wolff & Poedjosoedarmo in Susanto, 2008: 73).

2.3.2.6 To Reiterate

Adi

CS it can happen because to reiterate of utterance' of the previous speaker. CS is sometimes used to reiterate what just been said by the speaker. It means that a particular message, or a part of it, is repeated and translated into the other linguistic code. It is to clarify and emphasize the message or, on the other hand, it may simply be used to give emphasis and more strength (Susanto and Gabusi). For example in Susanto (2008:74):

> : Sampun disampekaken niku wau Maz aztu. Nggih jadi awalnya sudah disampaikan. "That matter has already been discussed brother Aztu. Yes, so at the beginning that matter has been discussed.

Adi reiterates his message in response to Aztu's disagreement with the idea of interchanging the imam for prayer of Iedul Fitri and Iedul Adha. However, it was too late for Aztu to express his disagreement.

2.3.2.7 For Referential

CS also carries out referential function (Appel & Muysken in Susanto (2008: 74)). According to Appel & Muysken in Susanto (2008: 74) bilinguals code switch because they lack sufficient knowledge of one language or lack the ability to satisfactorily express themselves in that language on a certain subject. An example of Wolf & Poedjosoedarmo in Susanto (2008: 74-75) is conversation between a peasent teacher and his interlocutor, and is about a "medical prescription". The peasant teacher often switches from Indonesian to Javanese: *malah rong taq* 'but I haven't [bought for him], *digeros hé iso* 'just pulverize it' as a device for pretending that the interlocutor did not understand what they were talking about.

Peasant	: Aspilèx. Diberi dhulu resèp Dokter Dewi, malah rong		
	taq []		
Teacher	: 'Aspilèkx. Dr. Dewi gave him prescription, but I		
	haven't [bought it for him].' (In this case the speaker		
	purposely left unspoken the notion 'bought' which		
	would require a choice between a honorific or none)		
Inter	: Pil to?		
Locator	: 'Pills?'		
Peasant	: Itu nanti <i>digeros hé iso</i> . Turun panas.		
Teacher	: you can <i>just pulverize it</i> . it brings the fever down		

CHAPTER III

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

This chapter presents the data findings and discussion of the characters' utterances in "Java Heat movie". The data analysis was based on the research questions presented in chapter I. The data were analyzed and classified based on theories used in this research: Romaine (1989) in Maryono & Poedjosoedarmo (2002: 275) and Bloom & Gumperz (1972) in Susanto (2008: 63). Finally, the data were classified according to the types and functions of CS found in the characters' utterances in Java Heat movie.

3.1 Findings

The findings describe the data of CS made by the characters in Java Heat movie. Some steps were taken to explain the findings: (1) explains the types of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie; (2) explains the functions of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie; (3) describes the metaphorical functions used by the characters; and (4) finding the data of CS switches from the first language is English to another language that is into Indonesian. Fourteen data of CS were analyzed by also considering the characters' utterances of Java Heat movie. The transcription conventions are used to describe the use of English, Indonesian, and particle. This transcription gives the information of switches from the first language to other languages: English used Normal font; Indonesian used Bold; and particle used Bolded italics underlined.

3.1.1 Types of CS

There are three types of CS; those are tag switching, inter-sentential switching, and intra-sentential switching. Each type of CS found is presented in table 3.1.

Table 3.1: The types of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie

No	Types of CS	Frequency
1	Tag switching	1
2	Inter-sentential switching	-
3	Intra-sentential switching	9

Table 3.2: The data of the types of CS used by the characters of Java

Heat movie

No	The types of CS	Data
1	Tag switching	Hi, Mister. DVDs? Blueray? Ya?
2	Intra-sentential switching	I'm sorry, pak. But every witness must be Perhaps, it is less painful for you to wait outside Pak Vizier This is nasi goreng , Fried rice. Good for you. Tell us about your studies, Mas Jake. no no no mister tidak mau dia , tidak mau, tidak mau Twilight? Twilight Twilight? Dia tidak mau twilight.

	I'm so	orry pa l	k I a	m Mosler	m. I cannot
	drink	•			
	Thank you pak.				
	Get	back	to	work!	mundur,
	mundur!				
	Good	l bye M	as Ja	ke	

Table 3.1 explained the total number of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie. There are ten data which were classified into types of CS, one datum of tag switching and nine data of intra-sentential switching. Intersentential switching was not found in the data because the inter-sentential type was not used by the characters' utterances in the conversations. For each data which is mention of the types was showing on table 3.2.

3.1.1.1 Tag Switching

Datum 6/ 00.33.43

Seller : Hi, Mister. DVDs? Blueray? Ya?

The utterance of datum 6 was made by a seller to Jake, when Jake in the road was on looking for a girl with a tiger tattoo in her body. Jake seemed to be confused. The seller came closer to Jake and asked him to buy what the seller was bringing, *"Hi, Mister. DVDs? Blueray?* **Ya**?" the seller's utterance contained tag question to seek an agreement hoping that Jake would buy the DVD and Blueray. Datum 6 also contains metaphorical function of CS: interjection. A tag question is classified as one of the metaphorical reason for CS, that is, an interjection (Gumperz, Appel & Muysken in Susanto 2008: 174), which includes exclamations or sentence fillers such as; *nah*, *lha*, *lho*, and tag question, for example, *(i) yo toh*, *nggih toh* (Susanto, 2008: 71).

3.1.1.2 Intra-Sentential Switching

Datum 7 / 00.33.48

Andi : no no mister tidak mau dia, tidak mau, tidak mau Twilight? Twilight Twilight? Dia tidak mau twilight. Hello, Mister(Jake) ! Let me introduce myself. I'm Andi.

The utterance of datum 7 was stated by Andi to the Seller. Andi came to Seller and Jake when the seller holds Jake's Hand to see what she sold. Jake let his hand to be held by the seller and followed her although Jake did not agree with that. The reason for Andi came to them because he saw that. So, Andi said to seller: *"no no no mister tidak mau dia, tidak mau, tidak mau Twilight? Twilight Twilight? Dia tidak mau twilight"*. The datum 7 contains intra-sentential switching because Andi used English then switched into Indonesian in one utterance. Intra-sentential switching uses two codes in an utterance, that is, English-Indonesian and two of them have relation, but they relate to each other (Maryono & Poedjosoedarmo 2002).

Datum 8/ 00.35.35

Andi : I'm sorry **pak** I am Moslem. I cannot drink.

The utterance of datum 8 was stated by Andi when Jake offered him a drink containing alcohol to Andi. Andi refused it by saying "*I'm sorry pak I am Moslem. I cannot drink.*". The datum can be classified as intra-sentential switching which brings with it a metaphorical function: to respect. It is considered an intra-sentential switching because Andi used word "**Pak**" in the middle of the sentence. However, Andi used English but he inserted "**Pak**" to call Jake, an English person. Andi could actually called him "**sir**" or "**Mr**.". The word "**Pak**" in datum 8 is used to respect Jake. Andi was not familiar to Jake and they were not close. Moreover, beside of explanation above, expression of "**Pak**" was to convey that Andi accepted Jake as foreign people came to Indonesia.

3.1.2 Functions of CS

There are two functions of CS: situational and metaphorical CS. Situational CS refers to language alternation which is influenced by the topics, participants, and settings; while metaphorical CS concerns language alternation which is not triggered by the topics or participants but the speaker's stylistic purpose (Susanto, 2008: 63). Data of each of the functions of CS is presented follows:

Table 3.3: The functions of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie

No	Functions of CS	Frequency	
1.	Situational	2	
2.	Metaphorical	11	

Table 3.4: The function of CS used by the characters of Java

Heat movie

No	Function of CS	Data / / / /
1	Situational CS	Indeed.
		Budi, Ade, udah siap belum?
		I am. I have to reduce stresses. Hold on.
		Jangan bergerak! Jangan bergerak
		mas! ! Jangan bergerak mas!
2	Metaphorical CS	I'm sorry, pak. But every witness must
		be
		Perhaps, it is less painful for you to wait
		outside Pak Vizier
		This is nasi goreng, Fried rice. Good for
		you.
		Tell us about your studies, Mas Jake.
		Hi, Mister. DVDs? Blueray? Ya?
		I'm sorry pak I am Moslem. I cannot
		drink.
		Thank you pak
		Nah! I had the safety ON.
		I warned you. Jalan, move!
		Get back to work! mundur, mundur!
		Good bye Mas Jake.

Table 3.3 shows the frequency of the functions of CS, then on table 3.4 shows the data of the functions of CS. As can be seen from the table, there are two data of situational CS and eleven data of metaphorical CS.

3.1.2.1 Situational CS

This study finds two data of CS influenced by situational function: topic, participant, and setting. Detailed descriptions of the data are described in table 3.5

Table 3.5: The situational function of CS used by the characters of Java Heat

movie

No	Datum	Topic	Participant
1	Indeed. Budi, Ade, udah	\checkmark	\checkmark
	siap belum?		
2	I am. I have to reduce		\checkmark
	stresses. Hold on. Jangan		
	bergerak! Jangan		$> \mathcal{T}$
	bergerak mas! ! Jangan		
	bergerak mas!		

Table 3.5 shows two data which has situational functions of CS influenced by two aspects: topic and participant.

Datum 5/ 00.19.38

In datum 5, Hashim used English when speaking to Jake. They had a breakfast together because Hashim's wife wanted to thank him for saving her husband. After saying 'indeed', Hashim switched his language to Indonesian to his children.

> Hashim : Indeed. Budi, Ade, udah siap belum?

Datum 5 was made by Hashim to speak to Jake and his children. When speaking to Jake, he used English, but switched to use Indonesian when speaking to his children. Hashim used English to Jake because Jake was an American. The use of Indonesian in this datum is influenced by the participant of the conversation that is Hashim's children. Hashim did not use English when speaking to his children because Indonesian was the language used by them at home.

Based on the explanation above, the situational function in datum 5 was influenced by participant because bilinguals of the datum 5 was occur when the third person was came. Participant plays an important role in situational CS. Datum 5 above was showed that Hashim used English when the interlocutor is Jake, then Hashim switched to Indonesian language when speaking to his children. Hashim's utterance "*Indeed*." is to respond Jake's opinion and "*Budi, Ade, udah siap belum?*" is to address his children.

Datum 10/ 01.12.55

Hashim : I am. I have to reduce stresses. Hold on. Jangan bergerak! Jangan bergerak mas! Jangan bergerak mas!

The conversation in datum 10 occurred when Hashim made a conversation with Jake in a car, but Hashim changed his language because of the appearance of the third persons: bank officers. Hashim switched to Indonesian by saying "Jangan bergerak! Jangan bergerak mas! ! Jangan bergerak mas!", after stating "I am. I have to reduce stresses. Hold on." The reason for Hashim to use Indonesian was because he knew that he was speaking to the bank officers who are Indonesian. The essence of using Indonesian for Hashim was to warn the officers not to attack Hashim and Jake, as the bank officers might have different interpretation in regard to Hashim's and Jake's coming.

3.1.2.2 Metaphorical CS

This study finds ten data of CS influenced by metaphorical factors. Detailed descriptions of the data are described in table 3.6.

Table 3.6: Metaphorical reason of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie

No	Reason	Datum
1	To respect	I'm sorry, pak. But every witness must
		be
		Perhaps, it is less painful for you to wait
		outside Pak Vizier
		Tell us about your studies, Mas Jake.
		I'm sorry pak I am Moslem. I cannot
		drink.
		Thank you pak
		Good bye Mas Jake.
2	To inform	This is nasi goreng, Fried rice. Good for
		you.
3	As interjection	Hi, Mister. DVDs? Blueray? Ya?
		<u>Nah!</u> I had the safety ON.
4	To qualify a massage	I warned you. Jalan, move!
5	To instruct	Get back to work! mundur, mundur!

As can be seen from table 3.6, there are ten data of metaphorical CS found from Java Heat movie. According to table 3.6 above, metaphorical functions of CS have five reasons those are: six data to respect, one datum to inform, two data as interjection, one datum to qualify a massage, and one datum to instruct.

3.1.2.2.1 As Interjection

Datum 11/ 01.15.21

Jake : <u>Nah..!</u> I had the safety ON.

The utterance of datum 11 was made by Jake when speaking to Hashim as Jake would shoot the bank officers. Jake was frightening them, but Hashim felt worried if Jake really shoots them. Jake and Hashim took their property because Jake and Hashim wanted to save it from Sultan's cousin. Before taking the property they found information of Sultan that the palace would lose the property of the palace that the bank officers send to the palace. Because Vizier wanted to take the property, Jake and Hashim took it first from the bank officers to save it. But, the bank officers assumed that they wanted to steal the property, so Jake and Hashim tried to stop them to take it. Jake threatened with a shooting to make them afraid, because one of the bank officers did not open the door, Jake used the weapon again to make him, as driver, afraid that his friend who is beside car's door will be shot by Jake. After that he opened the door and surrender.

Jake continuously came into a car and driven, then Hashim asked to Jake that what Jake would really to kill them. To answer Hashim's question, Jake used sentence filler "<u>Nah...!</u>". The meaning of expression in Jake's utterance of "<u>Nah...!</u>" is "here! Take it" because Jake showed the weapon and answered Hashim's questioned in the utterance "<u>Nah..!</u> I had the safety ON.". According to Stevens & Schmidgall-Tellings in Susanto (2008) said that the meaning of particle "nah" can be: "here! Take it" and "well". In "here! Take it" for interjection inviting someone to accept something. While for "well" is opening a new topic/ expressing one's opinion. From Jake's expression "<u>Nah...!</u>" it is called as interjection reason of metaphorical function of CS, because Jake let Hashim to see his weapon and hope Hashim accepted of his explanation.

3.1.2.2.2 To Inform

Datum 3/ 00.15.14

The datum 3 bellow was occurred when Jake was sitting in the back, because he was as a witness of the bombing in the deed party, where made Sultana was died. Then, Jake asked to Hashim to work together to investigate the case. But Hashim ignore it and eat fried rice. Jake laughed and asked him why he should be eating something greasy. According to Jake, he would eat greasy food if he sad. Then, Hashim answered that food is "nasi goreng".

Hashim **1** : This is **nasi goreng**, Fried rice. Good for you.

Datum 3 was made by Hashim to speak to Jake in a car. Hashim was eating fried rice, than Jake laughed and asked him that the problem. Jake argued that the people who were sad or had problems will usually eat the greasy food. Then, Hashim answered Jake's questioned in his utterance "*This is nasi goreng*, *Fried rice. Good for you.*". Hashim's utterance of datum 3 is another example of switches from English into Indonesian language than back into English in a sentence. So, datum 3 is an intra-sentential switching because the sentence contains English-Indonesian-English. Intra-sentential switching concerns language alternation that occurs within a sentence or a clause boundary; sometimes it includes mixing within word boundaries (Romaine in Susanto, 2008: 49). It is sometimes also called temporary CS because Hashim as a speaker backed to use previous code.

From metaphorical perspective, the reason for Hashim to switch was to inform that the name of food is "*nasi goreng*", one of Indonesian foods. The utterance "*This is nasi goreng*, …" shows that expression of "*nasi goreng*" is to inform one of food in Indonesian.

3.1.2.2.3 To Instruct

Datum 13/ 01.25.27

Vizier : Get back to work! mundur, mundur!

Datum 13 was made by Vizier to his soldiers who opened the box to save the property of palace. Then the vizier asked his soldiers to do quickly, because Malik came. Mr. Vizier asked them to work "*Get back to work! mundur, mundur!*". Of this utterance, it is called intra-sentential switching because used the participant used different language, that is, English-Indonesia. The reason for Mr. Vizier to say that was to instruct his soldier to go back and work, and also to let Malik see the property in a box. Vizier's utterance was not polite to instruct his soldiers because Vizier had a higher position than soldiers, because he is Sultan's cousin who worked together with Malik to kill Sultana.

3.1.2.2.4 To Respect

Datum 1/ 00.06.46

The utterance in datum 1 below was made by Hasim when speaking to General Sriyono. Hashim was a policeman, and he was in a lower position than General Sriyono. Hashim was also younger than him.

Hashim

: I'm sorry, **Pak.** But every witness must be...

The utterance was made when Hashim witnessed the bombing which caused Sultana died in charity party. By using an intra-sentential switching, in the utterance of "I'm *sorry*, *Pak. But every witness must be*..." indicated that Hasim wanted to show his respect to the General, the person who was older and in a higher position in their business relationship. In his utterance, Hasim used "**Pak**" without mentioning his name. From Javanese cultural viewpoint, the address term "**Pak**" is used before mentioning the name or sometimes Javanese people only use "**Pak**" without mentioning the name. According to Nadar in Susanto (2008: 30-31), status and respect are two inseparable elements attached to social structures in Javanese culture, and it is these structures that create and maintain inequality in Javanese norm. Status in this context refers to social class based on heredity, occupation, wealth, education, age, and power (Susanto, 2008:31). In the Hashims' expression, the address term **"Pak"** is used to express politeness.

Datum 2/ 00.12.28

Datum 2 describes a conversation made by Hashim to Vizier. Vizier is Sultan's cousin; therefore, Hashim has to respect him because Vizier has power domination and is older than Hashim.

Hashim : Do you (Jake) want to become a permanent guess here? *Perhaps, it is less painful for you to wait outside* **Pak** Vizier. Did you (Jake) know it is a great sin in Islam to deface his own flesh? (Do you want to become a permanent guess here? Perhaps, it is less painful for you to wait outside Mr. Vizier. Did you know it is a great sin in Islam, to deface his own flesh?)

The datum was produced by Hashim in hospital when interrogating Jake as the witness of a bombing in charity party which caused Sultana died. Jake cannot answer Hashim's question because there was a third person, Mr. Vizier, in that room. Then, Hashim asked Mr. Vizier to wait outside and let Jake and Hashim talk freely, as shown in the utterance "…*Perhaps, it is less painful for you to wait outside* **Pak** *Vizier*…" Hashim as a speaker says "**Pak** *vizier*" because in Javanese culture, the word **"Pak"** is used to respect someone who is of higher status; to respect older people, which could mean that the speaker did not know yet the name of his/her interlocutor. In datum 2, Vizier was the person who had a higher status than Hashim. He is older than Hashim. So, it makes sense if Hashim called him **"Pak** Vizier". Datum 2 contains an Intra-sentential switching which has metaphorical function. An intra-sentential occurred because the datum used different language or mixing language in a sentence. Furthermore, as metaphorical function of CS, because of respect reason which is made by Hashim to Vizier, as he called Vizier, Pak Vizier.

Datum 14/ 01.38.06

The word "mas" is used to respect (1) older people and (2) foreign people. The word Mas can also be used to address younger people when the speaker do not know their name. People in Indonesia often use "Mas" when they are not close friend or when speaking to foreigner. English does not have address term of Mas, but they have expressions "pak" and "ibu", "sir" and "mom".

Hashim : Good bye **Mas** Jake.

The utterance "Good bye Mas Jake" is another example of datum which has metaphorical function of CS to respect reason. The expression of "Mas Jake" is one of examples of Indonesian expression. The datum was made by hashim when Jake would back home to America. Then, Hashim said "Good bye Mas Jake". The reason for giving short expression "Mas" was because Hashim wanted to respect Jake as a foreigner. They were not close to each other although they had the same age. The utterance in datum 14 called metaphorical function of CS to respect the interlocutor. Besides, the datum also called intra-sentential switching.

3.1.2.2.5 To qualify a massage

Datum 12/ 01.20.54

Achmed : I warned you. Jalan, move!

Datum 12 was stated by Achmed to Malik. Achmed wanted to open Malik's car, because Malik beside of his car in order Sultana, Fitria, Ade, and Budi as his prisoners did not run, but Achmed relented of them (Sultana, Fitria, Ade, and Budi) so, Achmed asked to Malik to move to another side in the utterance "*I warned you*. *Jalan, move*!" then Achmed opened the door and asked them (Sultana, Fitria, Ade, and Budi) to go out of the car. We can see the datum used different language in an utterance. After using English, Achmed used Indonesian and back to English. From the word "*Jalan, move!*" the speaker qualify a massage with different language in order the interlocutor understand and will do what he said.

4.2 Discussion

The researcher classified the data based on types and functions of CS investigated in this research.

Based on chapter two, there are three types and two functions of CS: tag switching, inter-sentential switching, and intra-sentential switching. Nevertheless, this research found that there were only two kinds of CS; tag switching and intrasentential switching. There was one datum of tag switching, nine data of intrasentential switching.

For tag switching, the seller was sought an agreement when she used Indonesian language in the end of sentence to give tag question after she used English in her utterance. While the intra-sentential switching happens because the first language in this movie is English and the speakers were from different region and different language. Therefore, they mixed word in their utterances. An example in datum 7, Andi told to seller that Jake did not need what the seller bringing to sell. From datum 7, Andi as a speaker used English-Indonesian in a sentence.

Situational CS is influenced by the topic and participant. The situational CS in this study was found when the speaker switched their code by changing topic or participant. The metaphorical CS is given the expression of different language to get

the goal. In this study there are two data of situational function of CS and ten data of metaphorical functions of CS (see table 3.3 and 3.4).

The situational function of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie was influenced by the topic and participant; while the metaphorical function of CS is found to be used by the participants to respect, to inform, as interjection, to instruct, and to qualify a massage.

One reason someone use metaphorical function is to respect the others by using expression word of "**Pak**" and "**Mas**". As explained in the data finding that speaker behave politely to interlocutors according to Javanese culture. The term "**Pak**" had two category, those are to respect "the older people or the people who had a higher status" in datum (1/00.06.54) and datum (2/00.12.28), and to respect "the foreign people in datum (8/00.35.35) and datum (9/00.35.52).

The term "**Mas**" is also used to address interlocutors in order to respect them. In Indonesia, actually that term is addressed to the older brother. In this study it is found that the term is also used to respect foreign people in datum (4/00.19.16) and datum (14/01.38.06).

Another reason people use Metaphorical CS is to inform by using intrasentential switching. It was used by Hashim to inform Jake about one of Indonesian food in datum (3/00.15.14).

Besides that, the researcher found two data of metaphorical CS as interjection reason, the data are (6/00.33.43) and (11/01.15.21). In the datum of (6/

(00.33.43) the seller as speaker wanted to seek an agreement of Jake's suggestion as her interlocutor. While the datum (11/ 01.15.21) Jake as speaker wanted to get an accepting of Hashim as his interlocutor.

Besides, the metaphorical function for qualify a massage reason was used by Achmed in datum (12/ 01.20.54). Achmed repeated his utterance with different language that was to make the interlocutor can understand and do what he said.

The last, the researcher found the intra-sentential switching utterance and also as metaphorical function of CS to instruct, as in datum (13/01.25.27). Vizier as speaker instructs soldiers as his people with used Indonesian without polite expression. Because the Vizier has a higher status then soldiers.



CHAPTER IV

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter presents the conclusion and suggestion dealing with the data finding and analysis of the research. The conclusion is summary of data finding and analyzing of statement research problems discussed on chapter III. Then, the suggestion is given for the next researchers who are interested in Sociolinguistic perspective especially on CS.

4.1 Conclusion

The researcher concludes from the finding and discussion in chapter III that the characters of Java heat movie switch their code from the first language to another language, which is from English into Indonesian. Java Heat movie is the movie used four languages; those are English, Indonesian, Arabic, and Chinese. But, the characters of Java Heat movie used two languages to switch their code. They used English and Indonesian when they made conversation. Based on the data findings and discussion in chapter III, the researcher concludes that the characters of Java Heat movie switched code when they made conversations to the others.

There are two types of CS used by the characters of Java Heat movie: tag switching and intra-sentential switching, one datum for tag switching and nine data for intra-sentential switching. Besides, there are two functions of CS, those are: situational (two data) and metaphorical (eleven data) functions of CS. There are many reasons the characters used CS in their utterances. The situational function is happened when the characters of Java Heat movie changed his topic because third participant. Therefore, in the metaphorical function of CS divided into five reasons: (six data) to respect, (one datum) to inform, (two data) as interjection, (one datum) to qualify a massage, and (one datum) to instruct.

From the reasons of metaphorical functions above, the characters want to convey the polite, give information, to seek an agreement, to find an accepting, to make the interlocutor understand with repeat the different word, and to order something.

5.2 Suggestion

People switch their utterances for various reasons, as in the characters' utterances in Java Heat movie. Java Heat is a movie used four languages which the first language is English. Code switching happens because they want to combine from one language to another language.

The researcher suggest for the next researchers who conduct the same research to use another theory of CS. Furthermore, this research is still far from being perfect. The subject of this research are only the characters' utterances of Java Heat movie. Moreover, the research classifies the types and functions according to Romaine's (Maryono & Poedjosoedarmo, 2002: 275) and Bloom & Gumperz's (Susanto, 2008) theories. In addition, based on the data was found, the researcher also suggest to the next researcher can explore the various types, functions, and reasons

for the use of CS. Besides, the result of this study will also expect to give more information about CS. Besides, it also concerns in one aspect of disciplines in Sociolinguistic area. In addition, it is suggested for the next researcher to use other data such as novel for data source and use more than one discipline to approach the study, such as Sociolinguistic and Discourse Analysis.



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| | Characters' Utterances of | Types of Cs | Funct | ion of Cs |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Data | Java Heat Movie | | Situational CS | Metaphorical CS |
| 1/00.06.54 | Hashim: I'm sorry, Pak. But | Intra-sentential | | To respect |
| | every witness must | switching | AI. | |
| | be | SMALL | | |
| 2/00.12.28 | Hashim: Do you (Jake) want | Intra-sentential | B.V. | To respect |
| | to become a | switching | 20 | |
| | permanent guess | ≥ 2 | | |
| | here. | S A C I | | |
| | Perhaps, (Vizier) it | | | |
| | is less painful for | | | |
| | you to wait outside | | $\mathcal{V} \subset \mathcal{U}$ | |
| | Pak Vizier. | | | |
| | Did you (Jake) | | | |
| | know | | | |
| | it is a great sin in | | | |
| | Islam, | 10 | | |
| | to deface his own | ATT | TAK | |
| | flesh? | PERPU | | |
| 3/ 00.15.14 | Hashim: This is nasi | Intra-sentential | | To inform |
| | goreng, | switching | | |
| | Fried rice. Good | | | |
| | for you. | | | |
| 4/00.19.16 | Vitria: Tell us about your | Intra-sentential | | To respect |
| | studies, Mas Jake. | switching | | - |
| 5/00.19.38 | Hashim: Indeed. (Jake) | | Influenced by topic | |

	Budi, Ade, udah siap belum? (to Budi and Ade)		and participant	
6/00.33.43	Seller: Hi, Mister. DVDs? Blueray? Ya ?	Tag switching		As interjection
7/ 00.33.48	Andi: no no no mister tidak mau dia , tidak mau, tidak mau Twilight? Twilight Twilight? Dia tidak mau twilight (to seller) Hello, Mister (Jake)! Let me introduce myself. I'm Andi.	Intra-sentential switching	ALL LHOFF	
8/00.35.35	Andi: I'm sorry pak I am Muslim. I cannot drink.	Intra-sentential switching	27 6	To respect
9/ 00.35.52	Andi: Thank you pak.	Intra-sentential switching		To respect
10/ 01.12.55	Hashim: I am.I have to reduce stresses. Hold on. Jangan bergerak! Jangan bergerak mas! ! Jangan bergerak mas!	PERPUS	Influenced by topic and participant	
11/01.15.21	Jake: <u>Nah!</u> I had the safety ON.			As interjection
12/01.20.54	Achmed: I warned you.			To qualify a massage

	Jalan, move!		
13/01.25.27	Vizier: Get back to work!	Intra-sentential	To instruct
	mundur, mundur!	switching	
14/01.38.06	Hashim: Good bye Mas	Intra-sentential	To respect
	Jake.	switching	



Script of Java Heat Movie

(Jake, Hashim, and Anton) Anton : Americans. Coca Cola. You like? Hashim : John Jason Wilde. : Jake. My friends call me Jake Jake. Hashim : Mr Wilde. I'm Lieutenant Hashim. Detachment 88 you have heard of us in America We are not all terrorists. Begin.. Jake : I was there, maybe an hour Jihadist : Allahu akbar! Hashim : Wait. Begin with...how you came to my country. : Look, I am a grad school TA Jake I'm on Anthology program from Cornell University. Ivy League. In America? here to do a pen on fucking Southeast Asian art history Hashim : A teaching assistant? : Yeah. Jake Hashim : Do you lecture to your students with that language? : You should hear what they Jake call me. Hashim : Lanjutkan. (Indonesian lang.) Continue Jake : I flew in last week and they invited me to this party. They said formal, I didn't realize it was like "Hawaiian Shirt" meeting. Hashim : Batik. It's called: Batik. Jake : Batik. All right.

Hashim	: Did you speak with anyone?
Jake	: I don't know anyone here. I
	hit on a pretty girl, so?
Hashim	: Our Princess Diana. You
	were the last, who has
	spoken with the Sultana of
	Java, before she died. Now,
	You will tell me every detail

(Jake, Diana, and Vizier)

Jake	: Wow! Those are beautiful.
Jake	: Excuse me? The Diamonds.
	Khmer Royal Treasury. Am
	I right?
Diana	: You know Jewelry.
Jake	: And the beauty.
Vizier	: Sultana? Your speech.
Diana	: A pleasure to meet you
	Mister?
Jake	: Wilde. Call me Jake.
Diana	: Mr Jake

(Jake and Hashim)

PUS	Jake	 So, you just hit on her? She's the prettiest girl at the party That's where you start. Then you work your way down Our Sultana is theWas the most revealed woman in my country You may go. Just fill out this witness report.
L	Anton Hashim	 and Anton) Bule ini sama sekali nggak mau menceritakan kebutuhannya. saya tahu. Dan bule akan nglakuin hal seperti itu.

- Hashim : seorang Bule yang mengerti majapahit. Tapi tidak mau memakai batik diacara resmi kita.
- Anton : Dia bohong.
- Hashim : Saya tahu.
- Anton : Jendral dah nungguin.
- Hashim : ya, saya tahu.

(Hashim and General)

- Hashim : pak Jendral General Sriyono: English! Where have you been? Hashim : I'm sorry, pak. But every witness must be
- General Sriyono: My man told me that there is no link is between this bombing and the Malaysian fanatic Faruq Al'Assan.
- Hashim : Faruq is far too politically sophisticated for this.
- General Srivono: I need someone to string up for the media And the absence of Faruq, you will do.
- Hashim : I'll be sure to mention your thoroughness to my superiors.

(Jake and Nita)

: Mas (Respected male in Nita Javanese or brother) Jake! : Hey! Nita? Jake : Yes. Notes. For your Nita sections. They killed her, you know? : What? Jake : She has been the first female Nita Sultan

hospitality."

(Jake, Hashim, and Anton)

Anton : I am a Christian. "Bule".

: So much for "Muslim

- Hashim : Buka borgolnya.
- : "Bule"? Shit! Jake
- Hashim : Literally means: stupid white person. But it can be a term of Endearment.
- Jake : Yeah, right!
- Hashim : The bomber stood here, yes?
- Jake : Uhm..

Jake

- Hashim : Think Mr. Wilde
- Jake : Yeah. he stood there.
- Hashim : And the Sultana? She was here?
- Jake : Yes. But...
- Hashim : You could not see. Because this screen.
- : Yeah. Jake
- Hashim : And you. Were you here?
- : No. I was here. Jake
- Hashim : You had a clear view of the bomber. How did you see?
- Jake : He held his hands up and shouted.
- Hashim : Mr Wilde, Allah gave you two eyes and one mouth, so that you may see twice as much as you speak.
 - So please, what did you see?
- : I've told you. I heard him Jake scream, and he blew the whole ...
- Hashim : No What did you see?
- : His hands were empty. Jake Someone else detonated the bomb. How did I miss that?
- Hashim : No dout, not part of your training in Southeast Asian studies.

Jake : Art history. Hashim : Yes.

(Jake and Hashim)

(Jake al	iu nasiiiii)
Jake	: Whose this?
Hashim	: The Sultana.
Jake	: This is where you found the
	Sultana?
Hashim	: Indeed. Although that her
	body was blown toward the
	explosion One more stop.
Jake	: She was the pretiest girl at
	the party.
Hashim	: Do you (Jake) want to
	become a permanent guess
	here?
	Perhaps, it is less painful for
	you to wait outside Pak
	Vizier. Vizier Did you
	(Jake) know it is a great sin
	in Islam, to deface his own
	flesh?
Jake	: And what does the Koran
	say about woman pierce her
	clit?
Hashim	: Excuse me?
Jake	: She also had a nose job
	implants.
	This is not the Sultana.
Hashim	: How can you know this?
Jake	: Trust me, I know women.
Hashim	: Yes, you know beauty.
	: I met the lady.
Hashim	: It's time for us to leave.
	and Achmed)
Malik	: (assalamualaikum).

Achmed :	(waalaikumuss	alam) '	The
	Police		

Malik : Yes, yes, all right. Here, boy. Get out! Okay.

- Achmed : The detective returned to the site. The "bule".
- Malik : I think
- Achmed : he's English...
- Malik : American. Do you know him? He's grown out his hear. The blue of his eyes.

Achmed: This is not a game.

Malik : Of course it is. now, my friend. Another enemy of Islam into your hands. Oh look at you, I can take your name out.

(Jake and Hashim)

: Who is the dead girl? How
do you eat that shit? Ever
heard of trans fats? Gluten?
: This is nasi goreng. Fried
rice. Good for you.
: And where are we going?
: There is no "we".
: Come on Hash? We can
taser them.
: Americans. You are like
children. You always think
you're the "Rambo".
: you know "Rambo"? "I
always thought that the
mind would be the best
defense."
: "Weapon"!
: What?
: "I always thought that the
mind would be the best
weapon."
: See? That's why we make a
good team. You know you
can trust me.
: Yes, that's why you're sitting
in the back
: Hashi? Hashi?

Achmed : (Allahu Akbar).

Jake : Hashim!

(Jake, Hashim, and Vitria)

Hashim	: Anton. (in phone)
Vitria	: You saved my husband's life.
Jake	: That's nothing, ma'am I'm Jake.
Vitria	: Mas Hashim. Mas Jake will
	come to our house for breakfast.
Jake	: Thanks Ma'am, but I I
	really should be getting back.
Hashim	: yes, your students will miss
	you.
Vitria	: It's the least we can do.
Hashim	: She is right.
	Jake, and Hashim)
Vitria	: Do you take s <mark>uga</mark> r?
Jake	: No, thanks. It's very good, ma'am.
Hashim	: nasi goreng. Gluten free.
Vitria	
	Mas Jake.
Hashim	: "Mas" in Javanese means "brother."
Jake	: Where did you learn such
	good English?
Hashim	: siap-siap yuk anak-anak.
	Vitria went to university. in
	Gradschool.
Jake	: You're a lucky man.
Hashim	: In deed.
	Budi, Ade, udah siap

belum?

Within family we don't shake hands. It shows deeper affections.

Vitria : mas. Hashim : ya.

can kiss your wife in
public?,
Hashim : but I cannot.
Jake : Strange country.
Hashim : Strange that you did not
learn this in Southeast Asian
studies.
Jake : Art history.
Hashim : I want to thank you.
Jake : It was nothing.
Hashim : I was something. This
shooting This you learned
in art history?
Jake : Just Lucky, I guess.
Hashim : Even here we have Internet,
you know?. WiFi. Vitria has
found something that you
might like to see. Here.
(Hi Everyone, I'm John J.
Wild. And today
We would be discussing
Ancient Javanese Art)
Hashim : Your country lectures us
about cooperation in the
world from terror Since
9/11 th We have caught twice
as many terrorists as you
Mister "not-so-Wild".
Interpol shows your
fingerprints at bomb sites in
Baghdad Kabul and Beirut.
Jake : I've been tracking this
terrorist in the last 2 years
I'm close, Hashi. Real close.
And no one at your FBI
inform their agent is here?
They don't trust you people.
Hashim : Because we are Muslims?
Jake : Because when we talk to
you, We're not sure who we
•
are talking to. Hashim : Indeed.

: Strange country. And man

Jake

Jake	: Because we're not allowed
	to operate outside US soil.
	That's why you can't tell the
	embassy. It will ruin 2 years
	of work.

- Hashim : Nor can I take your story.
- Jake : Look, Hashi. This is my case.
- Hashim : And this is my country. And what I should do now is elevate you. From bad witness to good suspect.
- Anton : apa kamu udah gila?
- Hashim : jendral itu seorang nasionalis. Kalau dia tahu kita sedang berurusan dengan Amerika, matamata.
- Anton : Bunda Maria dan yesus akan melindungi kita. Hashim : Insyaallah.

(Jake and Baron)

- Baron : Hey, Travis.
- Jake : Did it come through?
- Baron : Hold your horses, man. What you got here, Jake? Tiger? A tattoo. From a victim. I'm running it through the system. But I cannot promise anything. Yeah, yeah, yeah. We're even. No, we are not. they are all over me to find you, your ex, your folks
- Jake : Would you, check on them from me?

- Baron : Yeah, I added it to the list. One more thing. Don't tell the cops over there a fucking thing. They're all dirty in their country. "Semper Fi", brother.
- Jake : Semper Fi.

(Anton and Hashim)

- Anton : kita nggak bisa pecaya sama dia bang.
- Hashim : dia punya informasi yang kita nggak punya.
- Anton : dia nylametin komandan bukan karena cinta. Tapi karena dia butuh sama koandan.
- Hashim : lebih baik seperti itu. Trust me.
- Driver : Komandan dipanggil jendral ke markas.

(Malik and Achmed)

- Malik : My American. He lives. He stay tuned. I appreciate it. Superbe.
- Achmed : Two of my men were kille
- Malik : remarks are to Allah.
- Achmed : Yes. We will remember their sacrifice. But who will remember you?
- Malik : The boy will.
- Achmed : You devour what you touch.
- Malik : Like you, I pick someone out of the dirt I cleanse them and bring them in to the light. The Cenderawasih for I found her in New Guinea. He was sitting in a drain pipe It's the worse place on earth
- Achmed : Me and My men will not take part of this anymore.

Malik :	Do not play the innocent,
	Achmed.
Achmed:	You said we would be
	fighting a holy war, not this.
Malik :	When you go to bed with a
	snake, Do not be surprised if
	you get bitten. You got what
	you wanted. Now you help
	me to get what I came for.
(Hachim	and Conoral)

(Hashim and General)

Hashim : pak.

- General Sriyono: Where is your partner?
- Hashim : Sergeant Anton following a lead.
- General Sriyono: No, your American partner.
- Hashim : He is a valuable witness. I think he...
- General Sriyono: No longer necessary. We got our man
- Hashim : What? Who?
- General Sriyono: Faruq Al'Assan. We found him. (Faruq Al 'asan tempat ini sudah terkepung Ini perintah dari kepolisian pusat. Serahkan diri sekarang juga! Faruq Al 'Asan tempat ini sudah terkepung. Serahkan diri sekarang juga!) CNN, BBC, Youtube. Even Twitter.
- Hashim : You're going to kill him? General Sriyono: (*serahkan diri sekarang juga!*).Lieutenant Hashim. Kembali kesini!
- Hashim : Faruq Al'Assan! You are under arrest!
- General Sriyono: Tembak dia! Hashim : Where is the Sultana, Faruq?
- Faruq : The Sultana?

Hashim	: Hands up or I'll shoot! Wait!
	Wait, you don't have to do
	this!
Faruq	: Allahu Akhbar!
(Jake a	nd Baron)
Baron	: Yeah. I got something,
	brother. The tiger is not a
	tattoo. It's a brand. Used by
	The "Tong".
Jake	: The Chinese?
Baron	: So this particular Tiger
	brand is for their working
	girls.
Jake	: Hookers?
Baron	: Yes. The "Tong" is like the
	brand of their best
	performer, like price cattle.
	They send them to Thailand.
	For body sculpting. Ass, tits
	or face. Turn them in to like
	hooker royalty.
Jake	: Thank you, Jimbo.
Baron	: Semper Fi, brother.

(Seller, Jake, Andi, and Achmed)

Seller	: Hi, Mister. DVDs? Blueray?
	Ya?
Andi	: no no no mister tidak mau
	dia , tidak mau, tidak mau.
	Twilight? Twilight
	Twilight? Dia tidak mau
	twilight. Hello, Mister! Let
	me introduce myself. I'm
	Andi.
Jake	: Andi.
Andi	: I know everything. I know
	everyone. I'll show you.
	Come on. You want girls?
Jake	: Not right now.
Andi	: Boys, You want boys?
Jake	: No, no, no!
Andi	: No boy for you.

Jake	: I'm looking for something special.
Andi	: Oh, special. Waria
	(Transgenders) You want
	Waria. Waria, of course.
Jake	: Does that mean Tiger?
Andi	: No! Waria is very special. A
	Ladyboy. Very pretty!
Jake	: Oh! I love you, so much.
Andi	: I know you love them, right?
Jake	: Something of no. Definitely
	not my type. Then not,
	lovelies.
Andi	: ntar kita balik ya. Sir, what
	do you like? I'll find it.
Jake	: Look, aah. Check this out!
	There we go I'm looking
	something like that. Tiger
	Ladies!
Andi	: Yes, Tiger Ladies.
Jake	: Tiger Ladies. Andi! Ah,
	there you are. Here, for you.
Andi	: I'm sorry pak. I am Muslim.
	I cannot drink.
Jake	: And where these tigers are
	ladies?
Andi	: second floor. Andi can not
	go. Foreigners only.
Jake	: There you go.
Andi	: Thank you pak.
Achmed	l: tinggalkan kami pelacur .
(Iing	Ling's partner, Man, Jake,
. 0,	Soshiro, and Anton)
,	ling: (Tai lung

- Partner ling: (Tai lung Ling : Gāi Djihadist. Méiyǒu tā réngrán? Wǒ xiǎng wǒ de qián de lìng yībàn Zìwèi tā mā de' Wǒ gǎn dǎdǔ Zài tā de túzhōng dào bājīsītǎn. The Djihadist.
- Prtner Ling: Tā zài zhèlǐ.
- Man : Mr. Yoshiro is busy.

Jake	: So am I.
Man	: Yoshiro is busy.
Jake	: Oh So Relax. I'm here to
	see her.
Rani	: You just blew a big deal for
	me
Yoshiro	o : My money
Jake	: Come on!
Yoshiro	o : My Money
Rani	: Come on!
Anton	: Anjing! Selalu perempuan
	gitu!
Partner	Ling: There!
(Jake a	and Rani)
Jake	: Come, come! Come here!
Rani	: A shy boy!
Jake	: What is this made out of?
	It's like the softest material I
	have ever felt. Is that silk?
	Or Synthetic? Synthetic,
	synthetic. Sounds funny,
	doesn't it? Feels great! The
Rani	: You got to bathe first,
	Mister. You see this? It
	means you have to pay big,
	yeah!!
Jake	: Where'd you get that, baby?
Rani	: It's a gift
Jake	: Do you have a who has
	something on her thigh?
	You do. Who's she?
Rani	: Why? Do you want to fuck
	her? Or me?
Jake	: Look.
Rani	: Come here!
Jake	: Calm down! I need you to
	tell me about a girl with a
	tiger brand on her thigh.
Rani	: What the fuck!
Jake	: How do you know her?
Rani	: She is my sister.

Jake	: What do you say? Your sister?
Rani	: Just let me go! I will kill
Rum	you, come here!.
Jake	: Where the fuck is your sister
June	now?
Rani	: They send her to Thailand,
Ituili	OK?
Jake	: Thailand?
Rani	: she got really good gig. A
	classy guy. Rich
Jake	: Is the guy Arab? Europeans?
	Chinese?
Rani	: No.
Jake	: French? Americans?
	Russian?
Rani	: No! Just Bule. they're all the
	same like you
(Ling, A	chmed, Jake, Anton, and
Police)	
Ling	: Don't fuck with Ling,
	Achmed! Not me! Where is
	Ling's money, you raghead
	motherfucker? Where's my
	motherfucking girl?
	: la ilaha illallah.
Jake	: The killed them, Ling With
	a blast. They killed her
	sister.
Ling	: You killed my tiger ladies,
	Achmed? You don't think
	Ling will come for you?
Anton	: polisi! Detachment 88!
Ling	: Police? I own the police.
Jake	: Who did you sell the girl to?
Ling	: Fuck you!
Jake	: Who did you sell the girl to?
	No, no, no. There's another
. .	guy. And a white guy.
Ling	: What you gonna do, cop?
	Read your rights?

Jake	: Give me his name. I'll kill this son of a bitch.
Ling	: Malik. His name is Malik.
Ling	
Jake	: Where, Ling?
	Where can I find him, Ling?
Ling	: Don't worry, cop He finds
	you.
Police	: Guns away! Police!
(Malik a	and Sultana)
Malik	: To find beauty in a place
	like this where so much dirt
	and grime is.
Sultana	: kamu tidak melihat apa-apa.
	: To bathe is more intimate
WIGHT	than making love.
Sultono	: kamu tidak menyentuh apa-
Sultalla	
M. 131-	apa.
Malik	: Very professional.
Sultana	: kamu bukan siapa-siapa.
	n, Malik)
	: Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria?
Hashim	: Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello?
	: Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello?: Lieutenant Hashim.
Hashim	: Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello?
Hashim Malik	: Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello?: Lieutenant Hashim.
Hashim Malik	: Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello?: Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum.
Hashim Malik Hashim	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this?
Hashim Malik Hashim	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88.
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family?
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you,
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant?
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes : Bien (Good) I have
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes : Bien (Good) I have important business. When I
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes : Bien (Good) I have important business. When I finish, I will release your
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes : Bien (Good) I have important business. When I finish, I will release your family In the meantime you
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes : Bien (Good) I have important business. When I finish, I will release your family In the meantime you take some time off to grieve
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hashim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes : Bien (Good) I have important business. When I finish, I will release your family In the meantime you take some time off to grieve for your friend. Do you
Hashim Malik Hashim Malik Hasyim Malik	 : Vitria? Ade? Budi? Vitria? Budi? Hello? : Lieutenant Hashim. Salamualaikum. : Who is this? : they tell me, you are a very reliable man. The best In the Detachment 88. : Where is my family? : Can I rely on you, Lieutenant? : Yes : Bien (Good) I have important business. When I finish, I will release your family In the meantime you take some time off to grieve

Malik : Then we are in agreement. Hashim : Yes. Complete agreement.

(Hashim and Jake)

- Jake : Hashi! Listen. You gotta...
- Hashim : They took my family. If you're FBI, why are you in handcuffs? Why are there U.S. Marines outside this door?
- Jake : I do not know. I'm not a super spy. I was in the Marines. As a cop. Like you. In Baghdad I ran I MC detail in a Musemum opening. Jewels, arts,
- Hashim : Go on.
- Jake : There was bombing. The CIA tapped Al Qaeda. But Bin Laden was already dead It seemed pointless. So the watch with the Intel. More bombings, VIP events. Jewels and art.
- Hashim : And?
- Jake : They're not terrorists, Hashi. The Sultana had a seven million dollars necklace on when she was killed.
- Hashim : Yes. It is in evidance locker.
- Jake : Did you check whether it's real? They switch girls, Hash. And necklaces. Before the bombing. You gotta get me out of here! We are cops, man! We gotta stick together. You're gonna trust your boss to find Vitria? The kids?
- Hashim : You are an officer in the Marines.
- Jake : A lieutenant. Like you.
- Hashim : Richard Travers.

- Jake : Look, I... Hashim : Private First Class, USMC. : You do not understand. Jake Hashim : Yes. I do. You are a liar. Mr. Not Wilde. Lieutenant Not-Jake Jake : Hashi. Hashim : They belong in prison. Where they give you numbers. Not a name. : I got a name for you. The Jake guy that has your family. I know his name. Hashim : Tell me! Jake : you need to get your family back? Get me out of here! We both get what we want. Captain : You must be Lieutenant Hashim. Thanks for helping for cover up our fugitives. Hashim : Fugitive? Captain : I have an arrest warrant for him. Hashim : maaf bapak. I must speak with you. And about politics. (Malik, Sultana, Vitria, and Achmed)
 - Malik : In. Up? Superb. For my buyers. The Chinese are great lovers for royal things. And who knows? Maybe they even buy you.
 - Vitria : Sultana, kamu masih hidup.
 - Sultana : apakah mereka nyakiti kamu? Anak-anak kamu?
 - Malik : Youth is of particular beauty. Perhaps because it slips away so quickly.
- Achmed : The policeman's wife and his children. This is not part of our deal

Malik	: You will be rewarded. No,
	not you pretty little thing.
	This is not good for you.
	She loves chocolate.

- Achmed : We care nothing for money
- Malik : Yet, you seems to need much of it for your jihad. Achmed : Jihad is not a license for
- desecration of innocence.
- Malik : No, no. Just a murder.
- Achmed : You are warned Malik. You cannot have the good wife or the children.
- Malik : I can have anything I want. Why do you think I'm here?

(Jake, Agus, and Captain)

- Jake : Captain, you gotta let me go! You know why.
- Captain : That's why I'm taking you home, Jake. For Christ's sake!
- Agus : Get out! Get out!
- Jake : No! No!

(Jake, Hashim, and Agus)

- Agus : Ini adalah pilihanmu sendiri. He's all yours.
- Hashim : The name!
- Jake : Hashi?
- Hashim : You promised me a name. Lie to me again... And I swear, I will send you back to America. In the body bag.
- Jake : His name is Malik. He's American. Or Europeans.
- Hashim : Not even Muslim. When he says "salamu alaikum", it lacks respects.
- Jake : So why all this street theater?

- Hashim : The general and I made a deal. The Americans may not know. Now, the truth. All of it
- Jake : The bomb is just a distraction.
- Hashim : What a distraction... it is very expensive.

Jake : Fuck Hash. We're talking big bucks. The perfect crime. Everything is playing fucking Abdul's terrorists.

- Hashim : How does he get people to blow them self up for him?
- Jake : He uses a remote detonator, right?
- Hashim : He leaves nothing to change. You think Malik switched Sultana with another woman?
- Jake : I know he did.
- Hashim : Why? And how?
- Jake : How he did it, I know. But why, haven't figured out yet. I will.
- Hashim : We will.
- Jake : Yes. Right. So where are we headed?
- Hashim : It's time to speak with the Sultan.

(Hashim, Jake, Sultan, and Vizier,)

- Hashim : Thank you that you receive us, Your Majesty.
- Sultan : You said it involved my daughter?
- Jake : We need to discuss about her necklace.
- Sultan : Her necklace? I do not understand. Who are you?
- Jake : Travers. FBI. Kidnapping Squad.

Hashim	: Sorry, Your Highness. There
	are some details about the
	bombing, that you
Vizier	: The General told us, The
	matter has been resolved.
	The killers have been given
	justice.
Hashim	: But still, there are details
	that
Jake	: You were right next to her
	when the bomb went off.
Hashim	: Jake!
Vizier	: How dare you?
Sultan	: I Thank you. Both of you.
	For your concern.
Hashim	: terimakasih Sultan.
(Jake, H	lashim, and Seller)

(June,		, unu	joiner)	
Jake	: They	were	hiding	

	something. Has used up his
	life in lies.
Hashim	: many people lies when they
	share their interest.
Jake	: We had him by the balls.
	that's when you squeeze
	partners
Hashim	: cukup! Haven't you gotten
	enough people killed?
	Americans. Always you are
	telling. Never listening.
	Always fighting, never
	hearing.

- Jake : Yes. That's us. A violent country.
- Hashim : This is not time for jokes. My family is at stake. From now on, we play by my rules. Java rules.
- Seller : ini sangkar saya rusak ini. Bagaiman sangkar saya rusak ini? Siapa yang mau bayar ini?

Jake	: What was that sneaky
	Javanese karate?
Hashim	: No karate. Pencak Silat. An
	ancient martial art, is more
	important than the cunning
	over strength.
Jake	: Aw, shit.
Hashim	: This is how we must act.
	Not like a bull in a Chinese
	shop.
Jake	: Chinese shop. Like dishes?
Hashim	: Why would a bull but
	dishes?
Jake	: They told us jack shit in
	there.
Hashim	: They told us everything.
4	You weren't need talking.
	About Vizier. blah, blah,
	blah.
Jake	: I was trying to figure out
	what they know.
Hashim	: And did you? Think Jake.
	Even the Sultana's body
	must be viewed by next of
	kin.
Jake	: Then the Sultan already
	knew?
Hashim	: That his daughter is alive?
-1210	Yes. So, Tell meMister
	"FBI kidnapping expert".
	Why does the father of a
	kidnap victim refused to
	speak to the police?
Jake	: Because the kidnapers told
June	him not to talk to the cops.
	While they wait for the
	ransoms.
Hashim	: Aha. You see? Speak less,
110511111	learn more. It was
	interesting, too, that the
	Sultan refused to talk before
	Summi refused to talk before

the vizier.

Jake	: How do you know the
	Sultan wants to talk to us at
	all?

Hashim : Because when I kissed his hand He gave me this. At midnight? At the aqueducts. before that we need proof.

(Jake and Hashim)

Jake	: Bingo! All that glitters is not
	gold.
Hashim	: Glisters!
Jake	: Glitters?
Hashim	: Shakespeare. "The Merchant
	of Venice".
Jake	: Hey!
Hashim	: Time to go.

(Jake, Sultan, and Hashim)

· /	
Jake	: Are we followed?
Sultan	: How does man know.
Hashim	: You listen and trust your
	instinct.
Sultan	: Why do my instincs tell me
	to trust you?
Hashim	: Because of the man who has
	kidnapped your daughter,
	has my family.
Jake	: Sir. We brought the
	necklace. Can you tell if it's
	a fake?
Sultan	: I know it is a fake.
Hashim	: Then why not say so?
Sultan	: My cousin, the Vizier wants
	the throne. He sticks with
	the kidnappers under a
	blanket.
Hashim	: This is about more than the
	necklace.
Sultan	: The jewelry is part of a
	collection. The Crown
	Jewels of Java.

Jake	: How's the exchange gonna
	take place?
Sultan	: There will not be one, Mr.
	Travers.
Jake	: Get out, go! Quick! We
	gotta move out.
Sultan	: Call the cops!
Jake	: Hashi!
Hashim	: I can not leave him here!
Jake	: Okay. The keys.
Sultan	: Can you trust this Bule?
Hashim	: No. Whay did you mean?
	There will be no exchange.
Sultan	: I have instructed the Central
	Bank, to send the our
	treasures to the palace.
	Before night. When my
	cousin, He gets Everything
	is lost.
Jake	: Hashi! Come on!

(In Radio)

(... It was confirmed that the victim is Sri Sultan X His body was found 2 hours ago The Sultan's heir, the Grand Vizier witnessed the crime. Which he said was initiated by foreign agent As a strike against Javanese Muslims Among the suspects is U.S. Navy Lieutenant Jake Travers..... Also wanted in Sultan's murder Lieutenant Hashim from Detachment 88 Both men are armed and considered dangerous)

(Sultana and Vitria)

Vitria	: nggak apa-apa kalau Sultana
	mau menangis.
C14	

Sultana : tidak didepan dia.

(Jake and Hashim)

Jake	: There. Are we gonna get this guys?
Hashim	: Who are you? Really. Jake?
	Richard?
Jake	: We aren't doing this right
	now.
Hashim	: There's always time for
	truth. No more lies, Jake.
Jake	: He's followed me
	everywhere, you know? He
	wanted all the time to be
	like me. When I left school,
	he went off well. I joined the
	Marines. And he came all
	the way to Baghdad,
	because he wanted to be like
	his big brother.
Hashim	: The Marine who was lost. In
	the bombing?
Jake	: Yes. They don't even put me
	on the case. They offered
	counseling. "Hey, man, we'll
	send you to the hospital As
	you roll up your order
	total" As if I could have
	said to my mother: "I know
	you don't want me to join up
	because you're affraid
	Richard may come" Now
	Richie never coming home
	You know, everything is
	good because I'm in
	counseling. Fuck that! You
	go after the bastards. I kill
	your motherfucking brother
	Counsel that motherfucker.
	That's what you do.
Hashim	: Thank you. I needed to
	know
Jake	: They stole the shit already.

Hashim	: These men are innocent.
	Like your brother. We take
	what we need and go.
Jake	: You got it.
	: Put on your seat belt!
Jake	: Are you fucking serious?
	: It's law. You pay 500.000
1 Iasiiiii	Rupiah fine.
Jake	: You gotta be kidding.
	: I am. I have to reduce
masiiiii	stresses. Hold on. Jangan
	bergerak! Jangan bergerak
4	mas! ! Jangan bergerak mas!
Jake	: Alright boys! Faces down,
	hands up. I said Hands up!
140	Hashi?
Hashim	: Polisi Detachment 88
	(delapan delapan)
Jake	: I think they like different
	division.
Hashim	: They think we're stealing the
	crown jewels.
Jake	: We are. But we're not very
	good at it. Open the door!
	Get up! Now open the god
	damn door!
Hashim	: Jake, don't!
Jake	: I said open the fucking door!
	Get the hell out! Get down!
	Hashi!
Hashim	: Yes. Go! You were going to
	kill that man.
Jake	: Nah! I had the safety ON.
(Waitre	ss, Hashim, and Jake)
	s: Please, sir.
	: Are you serious?
Jake	: Don't even start.
	: Don't even start.

- Hashim : bisa keluar sebentar mbak?
- Jake : This is a great hide out. Besides, you had the easy part. The big part because I've hauled.

Hashim	:	Your	clothes.	for	Disguise!	
--------	---	------	----------	-----	-----------	--

- Jake : Well, thank you.
- Hashim : Better to dress as an ex Marine who is wanted for murder?
- Jake : Hashi, don't know a thing as an ex Marine? Semper Fi.

(Hashim, Jake, and Malik/ on the phone)

- Hashim : Assalamu'alaikum haji.
- Malik : Lieutenant Hashim. Let's not pretend. You know who I am.
- Jake : Listen up, asshole! Let his family go, maybe we can make a deal with this whole...
- Malik : Is not shit, Travers, You have failed your brother, again. Until then, my friend.

(Jake, Hashim, Customer, and Soldier)

- Malik : American technology. very good for striking terrorists.
- Jake : Are you ok? Do not!
- Hashim : No I can't. My family.
- Jake : Not good if you're dead. Go, get down! Shut up! Shut up! Customer: Take it easy.
- Customer. Take it easy.
- Soldier : Mana mereka? Cepat katakan
- Hashim : turun! Get up! Sorry.
- Malik : Anything can grow here.

(Achmed, Vizier, and Malik)

Achmed: sebentar lagi kalian pulang

Vizer : You want us all to be killed. She's supposed to be dead?

- Malik : Easy. Only through them that we are safe. They will be dead. as soon as your men, Give my merchandise to my merchant.
- Achmed : I warned you. Jalan, Move!
- Malik : Do as he says.
- Achmed: ayo cepat, cepat!
- Malik : Salamu'alaiku Hashim.

(Hashim, Jake, and Achmed,)

- Hashim : No! My family! Come on! There! Look.
- Jake : Key.
- Achmed : You are working with an American soldier? They bomb on our children.

Hashim : Yes. But he also lost someone in the war. He helps me to find mine.

- Achmed : Your family is still alive until tonight Insyaallah.
- Hashim : insyaallah.
- Achmed : You'll be at the festival. Malik may not get your boy. No.
- Hashim : You must declare your faith.
- Achmed : Asyhadu Anla ilaha illalloh wa asyhadu anna muhammadarrasululloh

(Vizier and Malik)

- Vizier : Get back to work! mundur, mundur!
- Malik : I hope you have an explanation for this. Where are they? Where are the jewels?

Sultana : You are pathetic! We sold them years ago to feed our people. Yes. The only thing my father wouldn't sell... hat necklace. For year when I take the throne.

(Hashim and Jake)

Hashim : Your shotgun is showing. Jake : Shit!

(Soldier and Vizier)

Soldier : Hei! : kalian keluar. Ini semua Vizer menjadi urusan saya

(Jake)

Jake : Check it out.

(Vizier)

Vizer : No Witnesses

(Jake and Hashim)

: Hey, there! Jake Hashim : Hey, Jake!

(Vizier, Malik, Jake, Malik, Sultana, Soldier and people)

Vizier	: No!
Malik	: My dear vizierThe
	Chinese They pay 2 million
	euros for a tiger. And a
	million for a rhino. What do
	you think they're paying for
	a princess?
Jake	: Give me a reason!
Malik	: How about two? Your have
	a choice.
Sultana	: Thoersi, Sastha! Kalian
	mengenali saya.
Hashim	: lihat dia bunuh Vizier.
Jake	: Stay back!
Soldier	: berikan pisau itu.

Hashim	: lindungi dia!
	: Berikan pisaunya
Jake	1 1
0 00110	are you OK?
Hashim	5
People	: sultana masih hidup
Malik	: Out of the way, you idiots!
	: No! Hold it! No! Stop him!
	No. No, no, no!
(Hashir	n and Vitria)
	: tempat saya disini.
Vitria	: kamu itu seorang polisi.
	n, Malik, Jake, and General
Sriyono	
Hashim	: Jake! Polisi Minggir polisi
	Jake!Permisi mas. Minggir!
	Awas, awas, awas! Polisi
Malik	awas minggir pak! : Move it, bitch!
Jake	: Get down! Get down!
Malik	: Look at that. His shotgun.
WIGHT	It's a poor choice, my friend.
	Like you. It lacks precission.
	The necklace is in my
	pocket. It can buy my way
	out of this crazy place. I
	have everything. And
	now I have you. What's
	wrong? Did you run out of
	American tough guy insults?
	You want to call me
	asshole? Or motherfucker.
Jake	: you see? this friend of mine
	told me to talk less And
	listen more.
Malik	: Well cowboy, A good
II.	advice then you listen to it.
Hashim Jake	: Jake?
Jake	: That's how you use a shotgun, motherfucker!
Hachim	: Jake! Jake!
rasiiiii	. sure. sure.

General Sriyono: Kita ada perjanjian.

(Jake, Sultana, and Hashim)

(Janc, D	ultana, and Hashini)
Jake	: Sorry, I know you can't kiss
	on the mouth in public. It
	againsts the law.
	: It is not. Who told you that?
Jake	: Oh! Almost forgot. A little
	gone away present.
Sultana	: You do not know what this
means.	
Jake	: Yes. I do.
Hashim	: Hey, Jake. How did you?
Jake	: I figured your boss will have
	a price for spring this police
	jarhead. We got politics in
	court too. And with
	generals. The fake we stole
	from the morgue Then
	after we got Malik. Well,
	you get the picture.
Hashim	: I gave the General a fake?
Jake	: What's he gonna do? Call
	the cops? This is the best
	weapon.
Hashim	: Your brother would have
	been proud of you. I am
	proud.
Jake	: Hopefully the court marshall
	sees it that way.
Hashim	: Good bye Mas Jake.
Jake	: See you, Hashi.



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	خير الناس أنفعهم للناس
	Success is a journey, not a destination.

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