

**LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS USED BY JOE BIDEN BEFORE HIS
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION IN 2020**

THESIS

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DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH LITERATURE

FACULTY OF HUMANITIES

UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI MAULANA MALIK IBRAHIM MALANG

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PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION IN 2020**

THESIS

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In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of *Sarjana Sastra* (S.S)

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2021

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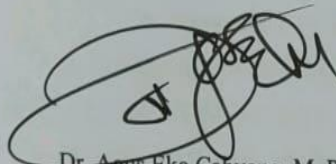
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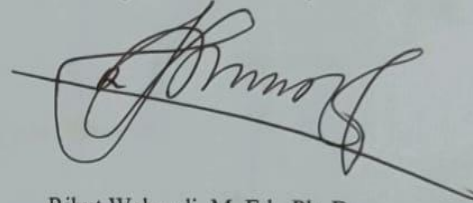
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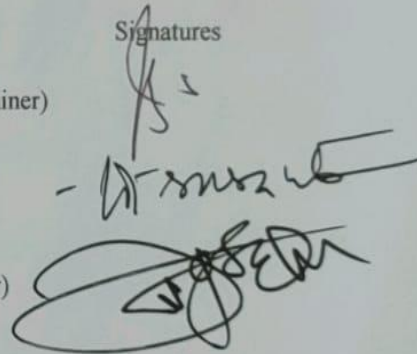
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MOTTO

”Innal Hayata ‘Aqidatun wa Jihadun”

(Life is conviction and struggle)

-K.H. Arief Hasan-

DEDICATED

This thesis is proudly dedicate to my beloved father Drs. H. Muhammad Shofwan and my beloved mom Hj. Nurhayati, S. Ag., is my best motivator in the world who always accompanies me with their endless love, support, and affection. My one and only sister Elis Erlina Munadliroh, S. Pd, always support me all the way. I also dedicate it to myself Mannarul Ilmi and my best friends, who still support, encourage, help, and motivate me to complete my thesis.

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Assalamu 'alaikum wa Rahmatullahi wa Barakatuh

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First of all, I would like to deliver my deep gratitude to my number one supporting system, to my beloved father Drs. H. Muhammad Shofwan and my beloved mom Hj. Nurhayati, S. Ag. Thank you for motivating me well, supporting me morally/financially, and also achieving my dreams step by step. I am nobody without you. My thankfulness was also delivered to sisters Elis Erlina Munadliroh and Eka Yanti Maulidiyah, my beloved nephew Silma Aira Syakaila and all my big family who always love me.

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Last but not least, I want to thank me, I want to thank me for believing in me, I want to thank me for doing all this hard work, I want to thank me for having no days off, I want to thank me for never quitting, I want to thank me for just being me at all times.

This thesis is far from perfect and it still lacks many aspects. The researcher expects all suggestions and constructive criticism for the improvement and refinement of this thesis so that the next writing can be even better. The researcher hopes that this thesis can be useful for all parties and hopefully all the good deeds that have been given to the researcher get a reply from Allah SWT.

Malang, 09 December 2021

The Researcher,



Mannarul Ilmi

ABSTRACT

Ilmi, Mannarul. 2021. *Language Functions Used by Joe Biden before His Presidential Election in 2020*. Minor Thesis. Linguistics, English Literature Department, Faculty of Humanities, Universitas Islam Negeri Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang.

Advisor: Dr. Agus Eko Cahyono, M.Pd

Keywords: *Discourse Analysis, Language Functions, Interview.*

This research is related to discourse analysis which focuses on language functions. Discourse analysis is a branch of linguistics that studies language as a means of communication either orally or in writing that deals with form and meaning in sentence combinations. In this study, the researcher used Halliday's theory (1973) by focusing the research on finding the language functions and the dominance of the language functions that was most widely used by Joe Biden.

The researcher used descriptive qualitative method to get a deep understanding of the functions of language. Next, the writer takes five steps in analyzing the data. The qualitative approach used in this study aims to analyze the language functions and the dominance of the language functions used by Joe Biden. The data is taken from the video interview on the Youtube channel. The researcher identifies the transcripts and places them in a table then explains and analyzes Joe Biden's transcripts which contain language functions to provide conclusions.

The results of this study indicate that of the seven existing language functions, only six language functions were used by Joe Biden in the video interview on Youtube Chanel, namely instrumental functions, regulatory functions, representation functions, interactional functions, personal functions, and heuristic functions. However, the imaginative functions was not found in this study. The functions of language that is mostly used by Joe Biden in interview was a personal functions because Joe Biden expresses based on his opinion. The interview talks about politics which means that the conversation conveys verifiable facts and knowledge.

The researcher suggests to further researchers who are interested in conducting research on language functions to examine other parts of language functions in different contexts by using other theories of language functions.

ABSTRAK

Ilmi, Mannarul. 2021. *Language Functions Used by Joe Biden before His Presidential Election in 2020*. Skripsi. Jurusan Sastra Inggris, Fakultas Humaniora, Universitas Islam Negeri Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang.

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Keywords: *Discourse Analysis, Language Functions, Interview.*

Penelitian ini terkait dengan analisis wacana yang berfokus pada fungsi bahasa. Analisa wacana merupakan cabang dari ilmu bahasa yang mempelajari bahasa sebagai alat komunikasi baik secara lisan atau tulisan yang berhubungan dengan bentuk dan arti di dalam kombinasi kalimat. Dalam penelitian ini, peneliti menggunakan teori Halliday (1973) dengan memfokuskan penelitian untuk menemukan fungsi bahasa dan dominasi fungsi bahasa yang paling banyak digunakan oleh Joe Biden.

Peneliti menggunakan metode deskriptif kualitatif untuk mendapatkan pemahaman yang mendalam tentang fungsi bahasa. Selanjutnya, penulis mengambil lima langkah dalam menganalisa data. Pendekatan kualitatif digunakan dalam penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisa fungsi bahasa dan dominasi fungsi bahasa yang digunakan oleh Joe Biden. Data diambil dari video wawancara di Youtube chanel. Penulis mengidentifikasi transkrip dan menempatkannya ke dalam tabel lalu menjelaskan dan menganalisa transkrip Joe Biden yang mengandung fungsi bahasa untuk memberikan kesimpulan.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa dari tujuh fungsi bahasa yang ada, hanya enam fungsi bahasa yang digunakan oleh Joe Biden dalam video wawancara di Youtube Chanel, yaitu fungsi instrumental, fungsi regulasi, fungsi representasi, fungsi interaksional, fungsi personal, dan fungsi heuristik. Fungsi imaginative bagaimanapun tidak ditemukan dalam penelitian ini. Fungsi bahasa yang paling banyak digunakan oleh Joe Biden dalam wawancara adalah fungsi personal karena Joe Biden mengungkapkan berdasarkan opininya. Wawancara berbicara tentang politik yang berarti bahwa percakapan tersebut menyampaikan fakta dan pengetahuan yang dapat diverifikasi.

Penulis menyarankan kepada peneliti selanjutnya yang tertarik melakukan penelitian tentang fungsi bahasa agar meneliti bagian-bagian lain dari fungsi bahasa dalam konteks lain yang berbeda dengan menggunakan teori-teori fungsi bahasa yang lain.

البحث مسخلص

إلمي ، مانارول. (٢٠٢١). الوظيفة اللغوية التي استخدمها جو بايدن قبل انتخابه الرئاسي. مقال. قسم الأدب الإنجليزي ، كلية العلوم الإنسانية ، مولانا مالك إبراهيم الدولة الإسلامية جامعة مالانج
المشرف: د. أجوس إيكو كاهيونو
الكلمات المفتاحية: تحليل الخطاب ، وظائف اللغة ، المقابلة

يتعلق هذا البحث بتحليل الخطاب الذي يركز على وظيفة اللغة. تحليل الخطاب هو فرع من فروع علم اللغة يدرس اللغة كوسيلة للتواصل سواء شفهيًا أو كتابيًا تتعامل مع الشكل والمعنى في مجموعات الجمل. في هذه الدراسة ، استخدم الباحث نظرية هاليداي (1973) من خلال تركيز البحث على إيجاد وظيفة اللغة وهيمنة وظيفة اللغة التي كان يستخدمها جو بايدن على نطاق واسع
استخدم الباحث المنهج الوصفي النوعي لفهم وظيفة اللغة بعمق. بعد ذلك ، يتخذ الكاتب خمس خطوات في تحليل البيانات. يهدف النهج النوعي المستخدم في هذه الدراسة إلى تحليل وظيفة اللغة وهيمنة وظيفة اللغة التي استخدمها جو بايدن. البيانات مأخوذة من مقابلات الفيديو على يوتيوب. يحدد المؤلف النصوص ويضعها في جدول ثم يشرح ويحلل نصوص جو بايدن التي تحتوي على وظائف لغوية لتقديم الاستنتاجات تشير نتائج هذه الدراسة إلى أنه من بين وظائف اللغة السبع الموجودة ، استخدم جو بايدن ست وظائف لغوية فقط في مقابلة الفيديو ، وهي الوظائف الآلية ، والوظائف التنظيمية ، ووظائف التمثيل ، والوظائف التفاعلية ، والوظائف الشخصية ، والوظائف الإرشادية. ومع ذلك ، لم يتم العثور على الوظيفة التخيلية في هذه الدراسة. وظيفة اللغة التي استخدمها جو بايدن في الغالب في المقابلات هي وظيفة شخصية لأن جو بايدن يعبر عنها بناءً على رأيه. تتحدث المقابلة عن السياسة مما يعني أن المحادثة تنقل حقائق ومعارف يمكن التحقق منها
يقترح المؤلف لمزيد من الباحثين المهتمين بإجراء بحث حول وظائف اللغة لفحص أجزاء أخرى من الوظيفة اللغوية في سياقات مختلفة باستخدام نظريات أخرى للوظيفة اللغوية

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CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION

This chapter discusses the introduction that contains background, objective, significance, scope and limitation, the definition of key terms, and the research method conducted in this study.

A. Background of the Study

This study focuses on the analysis of language functions in the video interview of the American presidential candidate Joe Biden. According to Halliday (1973), the functions of a language is to describe how the language is used. To achieve the purpose of that communication, it can be done through speaking, listening, reading, and writing. In summary, we can conclude that language is found in communication where the listener can receive information from the speaker. The researcher used Halliday's theory by focusing on research to find language functions and the dominance of language functions that was mostly used by Joe Biden in interview. According to Halliday (1973), there are seven functions, namely instrumental functions, regulatory functions, representations, interactional functions, personal functions, heuristic functions, imaginative functions.

Language has a background role related to linguistics. One approach used to describe language is discourse analysis. Discourse analysis is study types of written or spoken language, examples of written discourse such as novels, short stories, and articles. While examples of spoken discourse such as

conversations, speeches, and debates. As we know, discourse had language that used and placed appropriately. According to Potter (2003), a discourse has the characteristics that the main context in which social experience occurs is shaping participants notes and constructs. Thus, discourse analysis can lead us to examine the social and cultural background of the use of a language. In other words, discourse analysis can examine language more than just describe it, but it can also help us understand the rules part of the knowledge that are reflected in people daily communication. Based on the explanation above, it concluded that discourse analysis studies language in used and examined how language becomes meaningful and coherent for the users.

There must be discourse when the language is performed. According to Renkema (1993), discourse is an area dedicated to investigating the relationship between form and functions in oral communication. Part of the discourse is discourse analysis. According to Mc. Charty (1991) discourse analysis is a study of the relationship between language and the context in which it is used. So, it has to do with understanding what the speaker means and what the listener is getting. Discourse analysis deals with the languages used in the real world of communication. The language used relates to the functions of the language in communication. This feature is related to how the language works with the representation of "content" called transactions. On the other hand, a functions is involved in expressing social relationships.

Discourse analysis examines language functions. The language functions is not the specific grammatical form of the utterance, but which

language is used to indicate the purpose of the utterance. It means that one of the purposes of language is to clarify the meaning of an action or utterance. Language functions refers to the way people use language to achieve communication processes. When communicating, the speaker and listener need to understand the message being conveyed. According to Halliday (1973), the functions of a language is to describe how the language is used. To achieve the purpose of that communication, it can be done through speaking, listening, reading, and writing. In summary, we can conclude that language is found in communication where the listener can receive information from the speaker.

The language functions is not the specific grammatical form of the utterance, but language is used to indicate the purpose of the utterance. It means that one of the purposes of language is to clarify the meaning of an action or utterance. Language functions refers to the way people use language to achieve communication processes. When communicating, the speaker and listener need to understand the message being conveyed. People understand what other people want or need by using language, without using language one cannot socialize. According to Kanaza (2020), language and communication are very close to human life. From there, language used as communicate either spoken or writing. In addition, language also has many different functions, by knowing the functions of language one can understand the feelings, thoughts, and opinions of others. Therefore, understanding the language functions is very important for everyone.

In interview, language is one of the important supporting media in obtaining and managing the information obtained from the interview. In this study, the researcher used Joe Biden's video interview before his presidential election as research material to explain and identify the functions of language. According to Arani (2012), interview do not only serve to inform something, but also to do something. In this case, the interview contained about his politics and leadership in the future as president of the United States. Joe Biden was also campaigning in preparation for the presidential election. The reason the researcher chose the video interview because the video attended by US presidential candidate Joe Biden and the duration of the video was about 28 minutes. The researcher chose Joe Biden because he is a very influential figure in world politics. As humans, we cannot avoid politics. Nowadays, many people often talked about politics, economic, education, and investment issues. Therefore, the researcher used the object of research in the form of an interview with Joe Biden before his presidential election of the United States at an event on the YouTube channel.

In this study, the researcher found several previous studies regarding the language functions as a research reference. The first researcher was Kanaza (2020). This study found the types of language functions and the dominance of language functions used in Meghan Markle's speech. There were five functions in Jakobson's theory that were used in this study to analyze language functions. According to the findings, the most dominant used was the conative functions (32%) found in six utterances. The second researcher was Lestari (2018). This

study discussed the role of language used in advertising for Maybelline. The purpose of this analysis is to classify the various language functions used and explain the meaning of the language functions used in Maybelline advertisements. In this study, the researcher used a broad-based qualitative approach to develop their research. The researcher found five language functions among the 177 utterances recorded. According to the findings, the the most widely used referential functions. The third researcher was Putri (2018). This study discussed the functions of language in Now You See Me 2 Movie. This study aimed to analyze and determine the types of language features used by the main characters in the frequency distribution of language functions in Now You See Me 2 Movie. The researcher used mixed methods in analyzing research data. According to the findings, the frequency division of the language functions in "Now You See Me 2" was a reference functions (35.2%).

The fourth researcher was Syahril (2017). This study discussed the Analysis of Language Functions at BPEC (Benteng Panynyua English Club) in Fort Rotterdam. This study aimed to analyze and classify the types of language functions contained in BPEC. This study used Jacobson's theory of the role of language in Herbert to analyze and identify the data. This study used a descriptive qualitative approach. According to the findings, the most dominant language functions used in BPEC were Expressive functions. The fifth researcher was Anggarjo (2016). This study discussed the analysis of language functions used by Buzzer Jokowi on Twitter. This study aimed to

examine the language features and politeness approach used during the campaign by buzzers on Twitter. According to the findings, the results showed that the expressive functions of positive politeness was the most frequently used functions and strategy. The last researcher was Frischa Zilvia Amnesia (2018). This study discussed the analysis of language style and language functions of the caption on gossip accounts on Instagram. This study aimed to describe the style and functions of the language contained in the captions of gossip accounts on Instagram social media. According to the findings, the results showed that used of language functions contained in the gossip account captions on Instagram were instrumental, personal, representational, heuristic, personal and instrumental, personal and heuristic, and personal and representational functions.

The similarities between previous and current research were in the theory, namely the theory of language functions. The researcher would examine the functions of language in different objects and media. Research conducted by previous researcher has a different object. The objects in this study were influential figures in the political world in the United States. In previous studies, no one has discussed Joe Biden's videos, so this study would find different findings. The researcher chose the video to study because the video contained the latest issues and topics about the world of politics which were the center of attention of the world media, especially in the United States. The video also qualified as data needed by researcher to examine the functions of language used by Joe Biden when speaking in public. The video had a fairly

long duration with a few words from Joe Biden using the language functions during an interview. The researcher expected that the research could provide more benefits, especially for students who carry out research on the development of further studies so that they could become useful insights for the community.

B. Problem of the Study

Based on the above background, the researcher formulate one research question:

1. What kind of language functions are used by Joe Biden before his presidential election in 2020?
2. How is language functions used by Joe Biden before his presidential election in 2020?

C. Objective of the Study

Based on the research question, the objective of the research is:

1. To find the language functions used by Joe Biden before his presidential election in 2020.
2. To describe the language functions used by Joe Biden before his presidential election in 2020.

D. Significance of the Study

The study was theoretically and practically beneficial to be analyzed. Therefore, the researcher contributed to this research so that it can be useful in further research. Theoretically, this research had theoretical benefits that would add references and scientific insights in the field of linguistics and discourse analysis, especially in terms of functions and language context that are important centers in the language department. This research expected to be useful in discourse analysis.

Practically this research had practical benefits that would provide the results of this research to add new insights for readers, especially students of English Literature UIN Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang and general readers who have an interest in the field of language and discourse analysis. This research expected to be useful, especially in providing a deep understanding of the functions of language in daily conversation. Through the results of this study, the researcher wanted to show the most dominant language functions used by Joe Biden in the video during interview on YouTube.

E. Scope and Limitation

This research related to discourse analysis focusing on language functions. The researcher focuses on analyzing language functions and the dominance of language functions used by interview on the CNBC Television channel entitled CNBC's full interview with Democratic Presidential candidate Joe Biden.

The researcher used Halliday's theory by focusing on research to find language functions and the dominance of language functions that was mostly used by Joe Biden in interview. According to Halliday (1973), there are seven functions, namely instrumental functions, regulatory functions, representations functions, interactional functions, personal functions, heuristic functions, imaginative functions. Therefore, the researcher provided an answer to this problem by using a theory that discusses the language functions.

F. Definition of Key Terms

1. Language Functions: a study that describe how the language is used.

According to Halliday (1973), there are seven functions, namely instrumental functions, regulatory functions, representations, interactional functions, personal functions, heuristic functions, imaginative functions.

2. The Instrumental Functions: the language used to express what the peoples need.

3. The Regulatory Functions: the language used to influence the behavior of others.

4. The Representational Functions: the language used to exchange information.

5. The Interactional Functions: the language used to develop the social relationship and ease the process of interaction, concerned with the phobic dimension of talk.

- 6. The Personal Functions:** the language used to express personal preferences, identity, feelings, emotions, personality, opinion, and the reaction of the speaker.
- 7. The Heuristic Functions:** the language used to learn and explore the environment.
- 8. The Imaginative Functions:** the language used to explore the imagination or to create imaginary systems or ideas and also to tell stories, and jokes, telling fairy tales.
- 9. Discourse Analysis:** a study that examines or analyzes language naturally, both in spoken and written form.
- 10. Joe Biden:** an American politician who served as the 46th President of the United States.
- 11. Interview:** a technique of collecting data in the form of information from a source by asking questions.

G. Previous Study

Previous studies are very important in research. It can be used for consideration of new findings in future research. In this study, there are several previous studies about language functions:

The first researcher was Kanaza (2020). This study found the types of language functions and the dominance of language functions used in Meghan Markle's speech. In this study, there were five functions in Jakobson's theory were used in this study to analyze language functions. Meghan Markle's speech

contained five different types of language functions. According to the findings, the first was the most dominant used is the conative functions (32%) found in six utterances. Second, the most dominant was the emotional functions (26%) found in five utterances. Third, a referential functions found in four utterances (21%). Fourth, the static functions found in three utterances (16%). Meanwhile, lastly, the poetic functions only found in one utterance (5%). In addition, the multilingual functions was not used at all. Thus, it can be concluded that as a speaker, Meghan Markle wants to influence her interlocutor through her speech.

The second researcher was Lestari (2018). This study discussed the role of language used in advertising for Maybelline. The purpose of this analysis was to classify the various language functions used and explain the meaning of the language functions used in Maybelline advertisements. In this study, the researcher used a broad-based qualitative approach to develop their research. In analyzing and identifying the data, the researcher used Roman Jakobson's theory. The research data obtained from Maybelline's advertising statement. The researcher found five language functions among the 177 utterances recorded. According to the findings, the first was the most widely used referential functions. The second was the poetic functions. The third was the conative functions. Fourth was the phatic functions. Fourth was the phatic functions. Fifth was the emotional functions. Metalinguals were not included in Maybelline ads. Thus, it can be concluded that the most dominant was the

referential functions, which is to provide information and facts about products and formulas.

The third researcher was Putri (2018). This study discussed the functions of language in *Now You See Me 2* Movie. This study aimed to analyze and determine the types of language features used by the main characters in the frequency distribution of language functions in *Now You See Me 2* Movie. The researcher used mixed methods in analyzing research data. The researcher also used a checklist table as an analytical tool. The researcher collected data through a detailed review of the *Now You See Me 2* Movie script. This study had findings with analysis results showing that of the six language functions, there were only five language functions found in this film. According to the findings, they were reference functions, phatic functions, emotional functions, metalingual functions, and conative functions. In this case, the frequency division of the language functions in "*Now You See Me 2*" was a reference functions (35.2%), a phatic functions (25.5%), an emotional functions (21.0%), a conative functions (15.8%), metalingual functions (2.5%), and poetry functions (0%).

The fourth researcher was Syahril (2017). This study discussed the Analysis of Language Functions at BPEC (Benteng Panynyua English Club) in Fort Rotterdam. This study aimed to analyze and classify the types of language functions contained in BPEC. This research conducted to help people understand the importance of the language mechanisms they use to communicate with each other in everyday life. This study used Jacobson's

theory of the role of language in Herbert to analyze and identify the data. This study used a descriptive qualitative approach. The researcher used the observation sheet as a method to find out the valid results. This study shown that there were four types of language functions contained in BPEC. According to the findings, the most dominant language functions used in BPEC were Expressive functions, Directive functions, Fatigue functions, and Reference functions.

The fifth researcher was Anggario (2016). This study discussed the analysis of language functions used by Buzzer Jokowi on Twitter. This study aimed to examine the language features and politeness approach used during the campaign by buzzers on Twitter. In this study, the researcher found 17 buzzers supporting Jokowi's presidential candidate. The researcher also found 262 tweets that appeared in the two selected debates. The data source was the first and last debate of the 223 tweets made by the buzzer. The data would be evaluated using the theory of language functions and politeness strategies that focus on positive and negative strategies. According to the findings, the results shown that the expressive functions of positive politeness was the most frequently used functions and strategy in this study.

The sixth researcher was Frischa Zilvia Amnesia (2018). This study discusses the analysis of language style and language functions of the caption on gossip accounts on Instagram. This study aimed to describe the style and functions of the language contained in the captions of gossip accounts on Instagram social media. The researcher used the theory proposed by Halliday

in this study, namely the theory of language style and the theory of language functions. The method used in this research was the descriptive research method. In this study, the researcher collected data using the method *Simak*. The data analysis method used is the distributional method. The method used at the stage of presenting the results of data analysis were formal and informal. This study found new findings in the form of a description of the type of language style and functions of the caption on gossip accounts on Instagram. The use of language styles that found in gossip accounts is innuendo, irony, sarcasm, cynicism, and rhetorical questions. Meanwhile, the language functions contained in the gossip account captions on Instagram were instrumental, personal, representational, heuristic, personal and instrumental, personal and heuristic, and personal and representational functions.

H. Research Method

In this section, the researcher outlined the process of doing this study. It consists of the research design, research instrument, data and data source, data collection, and data analysis.

1. Research Design

The researcher used a qualitative descriptive method that focuses on the analysis of language functions and the most dominant language functions used by Joe Biden before becoming president during an interview on the youtube channel. Qualitative research is used to develop knowledge using the concept of constructivist thinking by taking the

meaning of events that were the focus of research through the actions of research subjects (Raharjo, 2020: 41).

The researcher tried to get new findings from the analysis of language functions in a video interview on the CNBC Television channel entitled CNBC's full interview with Democratic Presidential candidate Joe Biden on the YouTube channel. After that, the researcher would identify the data using M. A. K. Halliday (1973) which classifies the types of language functions into seven types, namely regulatory functions, interactional functions, personal functions, representational functions, heuristic functions, imaginative functions, instrumental functions.

2. Data and Data Source

The data and data source were important in this study. The researcher collected all the data in this study. The data source was taken from the video on the television channel CNBC. The channel contained a video interview with presidential candidate Joe Biden uploaded on the YouTube channel. According to Megel & Heermann, (1994) explained data that has been collected from first-hand experience was known as primary data. The primary research data used in this study was in the form of Joe Biden's utterances or dialogues considered to contain language functions.

The video titled "CNBC's full interview with Democratic Presidential candidate Joe Biden" with a duration of 28 minutes 04 seconds became a data source for this research. This video was uploaded by the YouTube channel on CNBC Television in December 2019. The researcher

chose the video because the video provided the necessary data and related to the research to be carried out in this study. Here is a link from a video interview with American presidential candidate Joe Biden: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BQHyqi0fARo>.

3. Research Instrument

The main instrument of this study was the researcher himself, because the researcher observes the object, obtains data, and analyzes it. This study used descriptive qualitative to get deep information and finding of language functions types and the dominance of language functions used by Joe Biden before becoming president during an interview on the youtube channel. The research instrument was the primary instrument for gathering and analyzing the data (Lincoln and Guba (1985).

In this study, the researcher conducted and collected all the data to find out the answer to the research question. The researcher observed the interview produced by Joe Biden on the youtube channel that reveal language functions types and the dominance of language functions. This research instrument would be developed and applied in conjunction with data collection that would be carried out by the researcher.

4. Data Collection

In this study, data collection was one of the most important stages in research. Good research has correct data collection and would produce data that has high credibility and vice versa (Raharjo, 2020, p. 107). The

data collection was taken from an interview with Joe Biden before becoming president of the United States on the Youtube channel.

The researcher used the steps in collecting the data. First, the researcher downloaded and watched/listened to the video from a predetermined YouTube channel. Second, the researcher determined the interview criteria with Joe Biden as needed. Third, the researcher made a transcription of Joe Biden's interview as required. Fourth, the researcher collected all the data. Finally, the researcher processed the data and proceeded to the data analysis.

5. Data Analysis

The researcher analyzed the data using M. A. K. Halliday's (1973) theory about types of language functions used by Joe Biden. The theory used to explain language functions and the most dominant language functions used by Joe Biden before becoming president during an interview on the Youtube channel.

There were several steps in data analysis. First, the researcher watched and listened carefully to Joe Biden's interview video on the Youtube channel. Second, the researcher categorized and classified the transcription of dialogues as primary data as required. Third, the researcher explained and described each dialogue or sentence containing language functions. Fourth, the researcher wrote the result of the data analysis and discussion to answer the research questions on the language functions found. The last, conclusion as the result of analyses.

CHAPTER II

REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

This chapter discusses the review of literature related to the topic. There are four points explained in this chapter. First, the explanation about discourse analysis. Second, explore language functions. The third, types of language functions by Halliday's theory (1973). The last, the summary of the video on the Youtube Channel.

A. Discourse Analysis

Discourse is commonly used to indicate the form of expressions, codes, and linguistic customs that produce a particular area of cultural and historically located meaning. Van Dijk (1998) states that discourse is usually identified as a form of spoken language, as in speeches, or may refer to the ideas of a particular school, such as discourse in contemporary philosophy. The definition of analysis is the process of breaking down something into its parts to learn what they relate to each other. The analysis is the careful study of that part, what they do, and how they relate to each other.

Discourse analysis appears as an attempt to produce a more complete description of language because there are language features that are not enough if only analyzed by using aspects of structure and meaning. Therefore, through discourse analysis, an explanation of the correlation between what is said, what is meant, and what is accepted in a particular context can be obtained.

According to Cutting (2002: 1), that discourse analysis is an approach that examines the relationship between language and the context behind it.

Discourse analysis can lead us to examine the social background and cultural background of the use of a language. In other words, discourse analysis can examine language more than just describing it, but can also help us understand the rules that are part of the knowledge of language users which are reflected in their daily communication (Bhatia, 1999 in Paltridge, 2000). Based on the explanation above, it can be concluded that discourse analysis studies language and also examines how language becomes meaningful and coherent for its users.

The emergence of discourse analysis cannot be separated from the contributions that have been made by other disciplines. According to Schmitt (2002: 59-60), that studies in discourse analysis received major contributions from other fields of science, such as sociology which gave birth to the study of conversational analysis and philosophy which also gave birth to speech act theory and pragmatics. The contributions that have been made by these other disciplines have enriched the study of discourse analysis. Not only that, discourse analysis has also developed so that it can be used to analyze in other fields of science such as law, history, mass communication, and others. This is evidence of the importance and reliability of discourse analysis as a method for solving human and social science problems.

Discourse analysis is categorized into two categories, namely spoken discourse and written discourse. According to Mc. Carthy (1991), discourse

analysis is a study that examines the relationship between language and its context in the form of oral and written interactions (Schmitt, 2002). Then, Paltridge (2000: 4) explains in more detail that discourse analysis examines lingual units in the form of paragraph structure, text organization, and conversational interaction patterns such as how speakers open conversations, close conversations, and share turns in conversation. In this regard, Samsuri (1986:32) argues that oral discourse can be considered as the primary source of linguistic data because language first appears in the form of speech. There are many sources of oral discourse. It can be in the form of daily conversations, rhymes, fairy tales, and others. Regarding the research that the researcher did, it is clear from the explanation above that conversational analysis, with a focus on the study of how participants manage their speaking turns, is part of discourse analysis.

Discourse analysis had a relationship between form and functions in communication. In this case, the analytical discourse can describe the systematic differences in form and functions as well as the relationship between them. According to Renkema (1993: 34-37), that a discourse study is a discipline devoted to the investigation of the relationship between form and functions in verbal communication. Then, Renkema argues that there are seven criteria to determine whether a lingual unit can be defined as discourse or not. The seven criteria are:

1. Cohesion: the relationship that results when the interpretation of an element depends on other elements in the text. This means that

cohesion concerns the semantic relationship between elements in the text.

2. Coherence: a relationship based on something that comes from outside the text. Something that refers to the knowledge and experience possessed by the speaker or addressee.
3. Intentionality: concerning the purpose and functions of language that the participants have in communicating.
4. Acceptability: refers to a series of sentences that are acceptable and can be understood by the interlocutor (speaker/reader) so that they can be qualified as text.
5. Informativeness: means that a text must contain new information and must be understood by interlocutors.
6. Situational: concerning the situation where and when the text was produced.
7. Intertextuality: refers to the connectedness of a discourse with other known discourses.

It can be concluded that discourse is the study of language and its role in written or spoken communication. Discourse also deals with the context and consistency of the language used in the sentence. Discourse analysis is a study of the relationship between language and the context in which it is used.

B. Language Functions

Language must be investigated in all the variety of its functions. At the time people talk about language functions, they were talking about the reason for using language. At its most basic, the functions of language is communication, or usually called speech functions; people use language to give and receive messages between themselves (Arista, 2014). It is difficult to see adequately the functions of language because it is so deeply rooted in the whole of human behavior that it may be suspected that there is little in the functional side of our conscious behavior in which language does not play its part (Jabbar & Hassan, 2018).

The language functions is a language that is performed for social purposes. The language was a part of speakers' life. It is the epitome of the speech sound system which used to communicate to the public. Good language develops based on a system, the set of rules followed by the speakers. Fundamentally, the use of language is not only as of the medium of communication, to convey or deliver information, expression of thought, feeling, or ideas but on the other side, the language has many wider functions. By knowing the functions of language includes its purpose, its use, and what it does (Ilyas, 2017).

Considering the language functions, many researchers analyze the functions of the language as a universal phenomenon, i.e. the functions inherent in different languages. The theory of the language functions was created by K. Buhler, who defined the functions of the language as follows: an expression

functions, or an expressive functions, when the speaker's state is expressed; the functions of call, appealing to the hearer, or the appellate functions and the functions of representation or the representative functions (Korneeva, Kosacheva, & Parpura, 2019).

At present it is necessary to single out different aspects of the functional approach to language phenomena, therefore the problem of functions is more extensive. According to Halliday (1973), a functional approach to language means, first of all, investigating how language is used; trying to find out what the purpose that language serves for us, and how people can achieve these purposes through speaking and listening, reading and writing. It means that the language functions refers to the purpose itself. So, the language functions lead the hearers to achieve the purpose of someone's speech. M. A. K. Halliday (1973) relates the functions of the language to the formal apparatus of their expression; at the same time, the situational context has a significant influence on the statements formation and the functioning of the language system (Korneeva, Kosacheva, & Parpura, 2019). There are three main functions of the language:

1. Ideational functions

The ideational functions defined (Matthiessen, 1992) as a functions of language is used to represent phenomena that occurred in social fact, it consists of sequences of processes, participants, circumstances, objects, qualities, quantities, and so on. For an instance: In a lecture, a student asked a lecturer, "I would like to ask

you about the development of this machine, please? Based on this context, it can be explained, there is a circumstance that is a classroom for a lecture, the participants were a student and a lecturer, the process is asking a question to a lecture. The ideational functions relates to the inner and outer worlds of reality, it is “language about something” (Sinar, 2002). Based on this view, it can conclude that the ideational functions is the functions of language resulting from the experience of the speaker about something in which they observe, they feel, both around their environment or inside them.

2. Interpersonal functions

The interpersonal functions represents the speaker’s meaning potential as an intruder. It is the functions of language, language as doing something. This is the component through which the speaker intrudes himself into the context of the situation, both expressing his attitudes and seeking to influence the attitudes and behavior of others (Halliday 1978:112). Based on this view, it can be concluded that the interpersonal functions is the functions of language as interpretation towards the clause which is concerned with the interaction between speaker and listener in making meaning. The interpersonal functions can be seen in dialogue in which there is something to be exchanged by the speaker towards the listener.

3. Textual functions

According to (Sinar, 2002) the textual functions of language is an interpretation of language is its functions as a message, which is text forming functions of language. It can be said that this functions refers to how clauses were organized or structured by using the formation of the grammatical structure of clauses, groups, and so on. Textual determines the connection of the language with the situation in which it is used and allows the user to create the text, that is, connected, situationally determined segments of discourse (Korneeva, Kosacheva, & Parpura, 2019).

These functions were used to determine the semantic potency, consisting of a huge number of choices when using language. The system of choices is the grammar of this language. In the statement, all functions were implemented simultaneously, but each of the grammatical contrasts is based on one of them. Modality is associated with the interpersonal functions, procedurally with the conceptual functions, the textual one turns the sentence into a statement (Korneeva, Kosacheva, & Parpura, 2019).

C. Types of Language Functions by Halliday's Theory

M.A.K Halliday explains the functions of language through his writing entitled "Language Structure and Language Functions" (in Lyons (ed.) 1970: 140-165), that there is a relationship between language functions and language structure. According to Halliday, there are three functions of language contained in the structure of language, namely ideational functions,

interpersonal functions, and textual functions. In subsequent developments Halliday put forward seven functions of language, because the term "functions" has been interpreted in various ways. Michael Halliday (1973), who gives one of the best expositions on the functions of language, uses the term to define the purposeful nature of communication and describes seven different functions of language. Michael Halliday (1973:80) states a set of seven initial functions, as follows: regulatory functions, interactional functions, personal functions, representational functions, heuristic functions, imaginative functions, instrumental functions.

1. Regulatory Functions

The Regulatory Functions of language is the language used to influence the behavior of others. Concerned with persuading, commanding, or requesting other people to do things you want. For example, **Could you like to give me some money?**

2. Interactional Functions

The Interactional Functions of language is the language used to develop the social relationship and ease the process of interaction, concerned with the phobic dimension of talk. For example, **I love you and I want to live with you forever.**

3. Personal Functions

The Personal Functions of language is the language used to express personal preferences, identity, feelings, emotions, personality, opinion, and the reaction of the speaker. A person's

individuality is usually characterized by his or her use of the personal functions of communication. In the personal nature of language, cognition, affect, and culture all interact. Sometimes referred to as the "Here I am" functions announcing oneself to the world. For example, **Toba Lake is a good place to get refreshing.**

4. Representational Functions

The Representational Functions of language is the language used to exchange information. The representational functions is the use of language to make statements, convey facts and knowledge, explain, or report, to "represent" reality as one sees it. "The sun is hot." "The president gave a speech last night," or even "The world is flat" all serve representational functions although the last representation may be highly disputed. Concerned with the relay or requesting information. For example, **Europe Island is a place that makes us find out our dream.**

5. Heuristic Functions

The Heuristic Functions of language is used to learn and explore the environment. The heuristic functions involves language used to acquire knowledge, to learn about the environment. Heuristic functions are often conveyed in the form of questions that would lead to answers. Children typically make good use of the heuristic functions in their incessant "why" questions about the world around them. Inquiry is a heuristic method of eliciting representations of

reality from others. The child uses language to learn, this may be question and answers, or the kind of running commentary that frequently accompanies children's play. For example, **what is the tractor doing?**

6. Imaginative Functions

The Imaginative Functions of language is the language used to explore the imagination or to create imaginary systems or ideas and also to tell stories, and jokes, telling fairy tales. May also accompany play as children create imaginary worlds, or may arise from storytelling. For example, **a good player can make a success in this drama.**

7. Instrumental Functions

The Instrumental Functions of language is the language used to express what the peoples need. For example, I want to buy a car to make me easy for everything. The instrumental functions serves to manipulate the environment, to cause certain events to happen. Sentences like **"This court finds you guilty," "On your mark, get set, go!"** or **"Don't touch the stove"** have an instrumental functions: they are communicative acts that have a specific perlocutionary force; they bring about a particular condition.

D. Language Functions Used in Interview with Public Figure

The interview is a question and answer activity conducted to obtain information or opinion. When interviewing someone indirectly communicates. From this communication emerges a language that has its meaning and purpose. According to Pattison, (2010) that the use of language functions to communicate can be divided into two ways, namely: direct communication and indirect communication. Direct communication occurs when the true intention of the speaker is conveyed in a verbal message. It clearly expresses the needs and desires of the speaker. Direct communication involves talking about what a person thinks and feels. Meanwhile, Indirect communication occurs when the true intention of the speaker is hidden. Indirect speakers do not directly speak or answer questions that can cause tension or lead to troublesome situations. If the real answer is no, then the is more likely to say "maybe" or "possibly". Indirect communication is the act of acting rather than directly saying what a person thinks or feels with facial expressions, voice tones, and gestures.

In everyday life, humans use language to communicate. According to Sarul Asdar, (2007) that there are three impacts of using language functions in communicate, it can be seen below:

1. Getting Knowledge

People can get knowledge when they do communication with the people around the world, because they can understand about a subject that they get by experience or study, either known by one person or by people generally. When the people have knowledge

they can teach children, associates and friends. People can learn from everything around them.

2. Giving Command

People can receive suggestion to make their life better, it could be for one person or a group of people to do the right things in life, it can be happened when they have communication each other. Brown and Yule also added the language functions could give them suggestions, without language functions people cannot give command to make progress in life.

3. Asking for Information

People could receive information from other people when they do communication, Information is any entity or form that provides the answer to a question of some kind or resolves uncertainty. Information is conveyed either as the content of a message or through direct or indirect.

From the explanation above, it can be concluded that there are three effects of language functions in communication. The author used a video interview because it would get the information conveyed by the resource person. From the video, the author would analyze the language functions that will be conveyed using Halliday's theory (1973) with the object of a video interview by American presidential candidate Joe Biden on the YouTube channel.

CHAPTER III FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

This chapter presents the research findings and discussion. In this chapter, the data are analyzed based on the theory of Halliday (1973) which contains seven types of language functions, namely: Regulatory, Interactional, Representational, Personal, Imaginative, Instrumental, and Heuristic. Therefore, in this chapter, the findings were examined to answer the two research questions of this study. In addition, the findings are in the form of an analysis of types of language functions used by Joe Biden from YouTube Channel with the title "CNCB's Full Interview with Democratic Presidential Candidate Joe Biden".

A. Finding

In this section, the researcher took the data from "CNCB's Full Interview with Democratic Presidential Candidate Joe Biden" on the youtube channel as the data source document and looked for the appropriate data on the two problems of the study mentioned in chapter one. First, the types of language functions that consist of as Regulatory, Interactional, Representational, Personal, Imaginative, Instrumental and Heuristic. Second, the dominant type of language functions used by Joe Biden before his presidential election in 2020 during interview on YouTube channel by using theory Halliday (1973) as the technique of data analysis.

The researcher found thirty-two utterances data on what Joe Biden said when interview. The researcher presented thirty-two as utterances data in research findings as the representative data based on Joe Biden. In this study,

the researcher found six types of language functions in Joe Biden according to Halliday's theory: Regulatory, Interactional, Representational, Personal, Instrumental, and Heuristic.

Datum 1

John : *"Mr. Vice President, thanks for joining us."*

Joe Biden : *"Thanks for being out here." (0:03scd)*

Context of the Datum

In datum 1, John thanked to Joe Biden for joining the interview. John used the formal salutation *"Mr. Vice President"* to Joe Biden. He also shown respect to Joe Biden where he can spare his time to do the interview by thanking him for joining the interview. In this expression, Joe Biden replied by saying *"Thanks"*. Joe Biden used his words to reply that John thanked him. John was so quick to talk to Joe Biden, it can be seen when Joe Biden repeated the word *"Thanks"* like the first time he spoke, it was only two seconds. However, Joe Biden still used the word *"Thanks"* or *"Yes"* which showed good relations and high solidarity. Joe Biden not only used *"Thanks"* but *"Thanks for being out here."* which means he was happy too that John was there to accompany him in the interview as an interviewer. In this scene, however, Joe Biden replayed in a less audible voice. In the video the situation is calm.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, John represents the whole audience that will thank Joe Biden for showing up in the interview. John uses the salutation *"Mr. Vice President"* to show respect to the White House protocol that

recommends everyone to use salutation based on their position. "Thanks" was an expression of gratitude which means that someone had done something for him. In this case, it's as in the conversation above that Joe Biden thanked John for coming too. Joe Biden chose the word in honor of John who said: "Thanks". Joe Biden also repeated the word added with another gratitude phrase, which is "Thanks for being out here." The praise is also used to show high solidarity, where it a public figure personal functions to show empathy and individual affection towards the relationship with society. Thus, the conversation can be said that the **interactional functions** serves to develop social relationships and facilitate the on going interaction process.

Datum 2

John : "How is that bus tour? Had a wild exchange this morning."
Joe Biden : "Well that was actually a little bit of fun. The fact is that we have a great bus tour. We have about 660 miles. We are going in day six. We have had a couple thousand people show up. They are enthusiastic. It was interesting, the response of the crowd when that fellow spoke up." (0:10scd)

Context of the Datum

In datum 2, John asked Joe Biden a cliché question, a more specific terms of "how are you today?" in context of what Joe Biden had done before the interview. In this dialogue, Joe Biden responded to what John said with the words "That was actually a little bit of fun." which was shown as a reaction from Joe Biden. In a situation like this, the audience laughed at John's words, but Joe Biden did not laugh even though he said his words a little for fun, maybe just a little so he did not laugh. With excitement, Joe Biden also explains

what happened in that bus tour. John was trying to show interest by giving a questioning expression when Joe Biden explains. Joe Biden began his explanation by using the word "*The fact*" and continues with his explanation of bustard. Besides, he also explained that he had a couple of thousand people show up those functions as information in the dialogue, Joe Biden also informed that the great bustard is enthusiastic while smiling.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, John tried to break the ice with his question. It also helped Joe Biden to lighten his mood by expressing his feelings with the word "*That was actually a little bit of fun.*" Its word as responding when John said, "*How is that bus tour? Had a wild exchange this morning.*" that showed jokes, also it made the audiences laugh at the time. Joe Biden tried to look casual and not formal in front of his interviewer and the audience. This casual expression gave a personal touch in his interview. In his further explanation, Joe Biden conveyed the fact with the words "*The fact is...*" where he wanted to convey the fact that they have a great bustard. He wanted to be viewed as a man who talks with data and facts. In this situation, Joe Biden firmly believed that he had several thousand people show up who served as information. This is following the definition of a representational functions that serves to convey facts and information. Thus, it can be said a **representational functions**.

Datum 3

John : *“Yeah, let me ask you a little bit about how you get your program passed. You have made the argument that Trump is an aberration. If you beat him, you can then bring things back to normal, implement your middle-class economic agenda in the way that we have become used to. We are now in a situation where republican senators are repeating what is known to be Russian propaganda, including propaganda about you. How do you bring that back to normal?”*

Joe Biden : *“Well, I do not hold grudges, for real. You have watched me a long time. I think a lot of Republicans in the Senate are really under enormous pressure. When you have a Republican party and that old joke, this ain't your father's Republican Party, saying that a poll showing they think he is better than Abraham Lincoln, you know something's wrong. And so, I think there is gonna to be a lot of people who are going to be prepared to deal with things that they know we should be talking about.” (0:59scd)*

Context of Datum

In datum 3, John started to dive in with the conversation by evaluating what has been done. John asked about his prior statement, which was *“You have made the argument that Trump is an aberration.”* He also asked what Joe Biden will do with that statement. In this dialogue, Joe Biden reveals that *“I don't hold grudges, for real.”* It showed likely as the feeling of Joe Biden, he tried to explain the misunderstanding of his statement. John tried to make the situation burn while said *“If you beat him, you can then bring things back to normal.”* meanwhile, they were in the situation where republican senators were repeating, *“What is known to be Russian propaganda, including propaganda about you.”* John accidentally uses the senators perspective to make it more real and not so imaginative. Thus, Joe Biden felt burned and said, *“I do not hold grudges, for real.”* It can be said Joe Biden denied and after that, he said, *“You have watched me a long time. I think a lot of Republicans in the Senate*

are really under enormous pressure." Joe Biden wanted to explain that what people had seen is the true version of what Joe Biden do. Then, Joe Biden gave a parable that if you have a Republican party and that all joked this ain't your father's Republican Party saying that a poll showing. They think he is better than Abraham Lincoln". From the words *"They think he is better than Abraham Lincoln."* showed us a non comparative comparison of Republican fathers. Joe Biden also stated his perspective with a trustful expression by saying *"I think there is gonna to be a lot of people who are going to be prepared to deal with things that they know we should be talking about."*

Analysis of the datum

From the context above, it was likely Joe Biden puts a lot of emotions in his words. It can be seen from the word *"I don't hold grudges, for real."* After that, he said, *"They think he is better than Abraham Lincoln."* also showed emotion. In addition, in this part, Joe Biden explained about *"How do you bring that back to normal?"* after an interviewer asked. Joe Biden shown his own huge perspective and he wanted to get insights from society, not to lead the country all by what he knows the best. He also used the word *"Think"* twice that showed as opinion. Joe Biden believed that what he thinks must have come from his own experience by seeing the pressure of senate by his own eyes and what is their internal conversations about the polling. Thus, it can be said that the **personal functions** had a functions here as emotion and opinion.

Datum 4

John : *“But to the point about not your father's Republican Party, some of the things on your tax and spending agenda are things that Republicans blocked when you were the vice president, before Trump.”*

Joe Biden : *“Yes, I Agree. But now we have had Trump. There is two ways people get inspired, John. They get inspired by inspirational people like John Kennedy and they get inspired by very bad people, bad presidents like Donald Trump. And what people have now seen is that his tax policy has been a disaster for the middle class, disaster for them, and there is plenty of room to be able to do things that make a lot of sense. That is why – look, I have always been at the view that the tax policy is not about punishing people. It is about giving everybody a shot, giving everybody an equal prospect. And so when I call for – for example, there is overwhelming evidence now. The the idea that the capital Gains tax is promoting growth is just not the case. And so I think, for example, we should charge people the same tax for their capital gains as their tax rate is. And I think we should raise the tax rate back to, for example, I take it back to where it was before it reduced. It could go higher, but at 39.5%, 40% basically if you have that as the capital gains, that raises, I brought along, I am not going to bore you with it, but you have seen it, I brought along a graph is how much money each of these things raise.”(01mnt/39scd)*

Context of the Datum

In datum 4, Joe Biden agreed but denied. It can be seen from the word after he agreed he said: *“But now we have had Trump.”* The word *“But”* showed as contra. Joe Biden is teasing Trump smoothly so no one could see his emotions. Joe Biden tried to explain what his opinion about the tax policy is not about punishing people. He also gives a brief explanation about how the tax could help people. He also added his own perspective about how the tax policy should be more equal to everyone and giving fact-based number examples to John.

Analysis of the datum

In this part, Joe Biden agreed with what the interviewer stated and tried to express his opinion. He gave a paradox effect of arguments, where he knew that Donald Trump was a bad president, but somehow there are some perspectives that might be good from him. Joe Biden tries to do a political teasing. It can be seen from the word "*I Agree.*" after that he said about the tax policy is not about punishing people, maybe the other people have a different opinion of him. He taught tax policy is about giving everybody a shot. But Joe Biden highlighted that not every part of the policy is right. He had his own better tax policy plan that later he explains. He explains with the examples in numbers that will help audience to understand his opinion better. Joe Biden explain and mark his words boldly so everyone could see his intention to make the tax policy better. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions** that had functioned as giving an opinion.

Datum 5

John : "*I have seen that graph.*"

Joe Biden : "*But I think they are all realistic now. I think the possibility of saying to people, "Look, we ought to start rewarding work as much as we do well." And you have a significant number of Republicans who are not multimillionaires thinking that makes a lot of sense.*" (03mnt/02scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 5, John replied to previous data given by Joe Biden to support his statement. They both now see the tax policy with a good intention. Joe Biden said "*They are all realistic now.*" After that, he persuades us that "*We ought to start rewarding work as much as we do well.*" Previously he spoke about tax policy and raising the tax rate. Joe Biden advised people to respect

each other. In the dialogue, Joe Biden seemed wise in responding to the questions asked. This helped the audience to see not only the contra argument but also the pro argument. The situation then looked serious as Joe Biden persuaded the audience.

Analysis of the datum

In this dialogue, Joe Biden was like persuading other people with the words *"We ought to start rewarding work as much as we do well"*. Authentically, Joe Biden has a slightly new intention and perspective towards this situation, where Joe Biden was trying to be wise and could represent every argument of the society. Joe Biden seemed to be leading his opinion to influence others. It was suitable with the definition of a regulatory functions that had the functions to persuade. Thus, it can be said as a **regulatory functions**.

Datum 6

John : *"Let me go back, though, to the divisions. A few years ago, after the Affordable Care Act passed, I interviewed President Obama and asked him if he was concerned that we are getting divided, not just by party and ideology, but also by race. He said, "No, people are going to say that the Affordable Care Act benefits white and black alike and that is a way that's going to bridge that divide." It did not happen. Do you think it will be easier for you to do that than it was for him because you are a white man?"*

Joe Biden : *"No. John, I think it did happen. Look at the 2018 election. I went into 24 states with over 65 candidates on Health Care. The thing about Barack was, I used to always say to him, "We ought to take a victory lap on what happened in Obamacare." He said, "We don't have time." Everything but locusts landed on his desk. It was not until Republicans started taking it away that all of a sudden people said, "Whoa, I didn't know that's where I got that from." And look what we did. We won back 41 seats, Republican seats in purple and red areas. Because people – you did not hear*

any Republicans out there saying, "I'm going to take away your preexisting condition coverage." Because they figured it out. The one thing that Trump has done, he is sort of pulled the band aid off and said, "This is who I am, This is what we have done." Whether it is, for example, the idea that we are in a position where there is no minimum tax on corporations that don't pay anything, make billions and billions of dollars. Where I come from in delaware, a lot of Republicans do. They think, "Whoa, that doesn't work. That's not fair." Other corporations do not think it is fair. So there is a lot of things that have been exposed now."
(03mnt/50scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 6, Joe Biden disagreed with what John said, it was likely contra what John said people will see others based on party and ideology, also from the rase for example that the Affordable Care Act Benefits white and black alike. John asks Joe *"Do you think it will be easier for you to do that than it was for him because you are a white man?"* In this dialogue, Joe Biden denied, and he said he ever went to 24 states there is the person who said *"Whoa, I didn't know that's where I got that from."* Its statement showed that he does not see people based on race, party even ideology. Joe Biden informs us that there is a lot of things that have been exposed now, such as a glimpse of Trump's word in lots of circumstances and how he treated the Republicans.

Analysis of the datum

In this dialogue, Joe Biden tries to explain what happened in 2018 although there is the word *"Think"* it was only to say the interviewer is more polite to an interviewer. Then he emphasized with the statement *"I went into 24 states with over 65 candidates on Health Care."* He also represent how Republican had been treated by Trump and how those statements could

informed what Trump is up to. The explanation was made out in an interactive way, where audience were invited to also reimagine and think of what he had been through. Thus, it can be said as a **representational functions** that had a functions to convey the fact and give the information.

Datum 7

John : *“Let me ask you about another aspect of the divide. What we have seen is a geographic divide economically. And more diverse, better educated, more digitally focused cities are doing better, higher incomes. Places like Chickasaw County here in Iowa are falling behind, lesser levels of education and more and more levels of cultural resentment, which has been to the benefit of the Republican Party. What do you do about that?”*

Joe Biden : *“Well, that is also shifted too. The president has said, Trump said he is going to take care of the forgotten man. He got elected and immediately forgot them. Look what Chickasaw County out here now. Basically, a conservative area in the past, but now all of a sudden they are realizing his foreign policy is killing them, killing them. His failure to invest in any education is killing them. Being able to bring teachers, the attitude toward rural hospitals is killing them.” (05mnt/29scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 7, Joe Biden responds to what the interviewer asked him about the discrepancy of geography at the city and village-like Chickasaw County here in Iowa is falling behind lesser levels of education. Also more levels of cultural resentment which has been to the benefit of the Republican Party. Hence, the interviewer asked him *“What do you do about that?”* Then, Joe Biden replayed *“The president has said, Trump said he is going to take care of the forgotten man.”* After that, he said *“Basically, a conservative area in the past, but now all of a sudden they are realizing his foreign policy is killing them, killing them. His failure to invest in any education is killing them. Being*

able to bring teachers, the attitude toward rural hospitals is killing them." It showed that from his speech that Donald Trump refuse what he said before becoming the president.

Analysis of the datum

In this dialogue, Joe Biden tries to exchange information with the words *"The president has said, Trump said he is going to take care of the forgotten man."* Forgotten man means the places and county that had never been progress to get a development. Joe Biden also highlights the contrary things that Trump had done, which was forgot those places. He wanted us to get knowledge of what Trump had said and correlated it with he had also done. It correlated to the definition of a representational functions that had functioned as exchange information. Thus, it can be said a **representational functions**.

Datum 8

John : *"But we have seen farmers say, "I am sticking with the president. He is on my side. He is giving us aid to compensate.""*

Joe Biden : *"But, by the way, there are going to be people stick with them. The fact, remember we lost by about 172.000 votes. Okay? So you do not have to win back, you do not have to fundamentally change anything. But you have got to let people know that all the meetings I have had, I have talked about the incredible opportunity of rural America leading America through the 21st century, for real. We are the only country in the world – I know you know this, I do not mean to sound like I am being – but that has been able to take grave crises and turn them into real opportunities. Global warming – agriculture is going to be the epicenter of the first, and I predict to you, the first area of zero net, zero carbon. Because we are going to change the way in which the technology is changing, where farmers can make a lot of money not just growing and selling their crop, but with crop cover, with dealing with absorbing carbon. With setting up – for example, I know is not going to sound good on television, but you know there is an awful lot of chicken manure in Delaware because it was a big*

area. There is an awful lot of hog manure and cattle. Well guess what? We have learned now how to pelletize that. Take out the methane, use it for energy and be able to sell this pure stuff that is not damaging the environment abroad. We are going to see little factories springing up all over this area. Or for example, ethanol. You know Ethanol? Ethanol – the salaries ethanol plants are not 15 bucks an hour, \$45 an hours. Now, they have generated significant economic income.” (06mnt/04scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 8, Joe Biden and John were likely debated, it can be seen from the word *"There are going to be people stick with them. The fact, remember we lost by about 172.000 votes."* that Joe Biden replayed when John said there was a farmer said he was sticking with the president. From its word we can know that they were debating, here Joe Biden agreed but there is something contra. Joe Biden also reacted wisely, where his experience speaks louder in his sentences. He also convince the audience how the future looks like when he got the chance to lead.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the context in the dialogue Joe Bidden conveyed the fact with the words *"The fact ..."* In that dialogue, Joe Biden wanted to convey the fact. Joe Biden talks about the future with data, which was very convincing to the audience. He also add some sneakpeek about his prior session of forum with the other stakeholders that makes his words are reliable. This is following the definition of a representational statement that serves to convey facts and information. Thus, it can be said a **representational functions**.

Datum 9

John : *“Let me ask you about one specific farm issue.”*

Joe Biden : *“Sure.”*

John : *“Farm exports have been hurt by the trade war. He is had subsidies to compensate. If you become president, do those tariffs come off on day one?”*

Joe Biden : *“Those tariffs come off in terms of farmers, but other tariffs may go on in terms of the violation of the stealing of intellectual property, the violating WTO – the World Trade Organisation.”*
(07mnt/48scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 9, John began to ask a more specific question that still related with the previous one, which is farm issue. This dialogue talks about farms exports that have been hurt by the trade war. Then, the interviewer commands him, if you become the president *“Those tariffs come off in terms of farmers.”* Joe Biden answers the question in several case, where both cases are realistic. Here Joe Biden responded that those tariffs come off in terms of farmers. It means that tariff farms come off in terms of farmers themselves. But it can also happen not like that, tariffs may go on in terms of a violation of the stealing of intellectual property.

Analysis of the datum

This dialogue was like conveying the fact that agricultural exports were hurt by the trade war. Joe Biden raised the issue of exporting lower tariffs. It can be seen from the words *“Those tariffs come off in terms of farmers.”* Joe Biden replied to the question with a very trustful expression as if he had planned a lot of this visionary work to do. It also showed the fact that can be said as a **representational functions**.

Datum 10

John : “So, for all the people saying that the tariffs are creating uncertainty and harming the economy, you think some of them are justified?”

Joe Biden : “Well, for example, steel dumping is justified. It is justified. The excess of steel, they dump it at a lower cost. It is in fact designed to drive down our steel market and our steel production. But the idea of us making the farmer pay for what they have worked like hell to do, provide and have a market in China, makes no sense. It is not about the deficit. What it is about is what they are doing unfairly to change world trade rules. And that’s why, John, I think, look, we make up 25% of the world's economy. When we were prepared to bring along the other 40 to 48% of our allies with us, China has to listen. But this time, and I Argue – well, you know my position – that we have to have labor and environmentalist at the table. And then what happens is we can begin to once again set the rules of fair trade internationally.”
(08mnt/41scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 10, the conversation flow fluently, John tried to dig deeper about the tariffs that creates uncertainty and harming the economy. Joe Biden agreed with its statement and gave the example like steel dumping. It is made at a lower cost. Although it is designed to drive down our steel market and our steel production, the idea is that the farmers pay for what they have worked like hell to do provide and have a market in China. It is not the rules of fair trade internationally. Then, in this scene, Joe Biden gave the information that they are 25 percent of the world's economy. Joe Biden stated a fact based with data to describe how the prospect will of strategy will be implemented.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the dialog, John tried to make Joe Biden to give suggestion and commands. John successfully bringing the perspective loudly, where audience can see where Joe Biden is siding to. Joe Biden and John talked about

tariffs are creating uncertainty and harming the economy. Joe Biden agreed with its statement and gave the example like steel dumping. Joe Biden conveys the information like the statement "*We make up 25% of the world's economy.*" Joe Biden also shows his stand towards the common interest with his arguments. This answer also is included as exchange the information. Thus, it can be said a **representational functions**.

Datum 11

John : "*On the divide we are talking about, Sanders and Warren have made a case for closing the divide with large universal programs that everybody benefits from. Given how popular Medicare and social security as universal programs are, why are they wrong?*"

Joe Biden : "*Well because they are not being honest about how much it will cost. If you take a look at where the democratic party is and where the American people are, they are not supporting Medicare for all. First of all, it is going to take their own admission four to 10 years for it to happen, number one. It is going to cost between \$30 trillion and \$40 trillion over 10 years. It is not realistic going to raise taxes on middle class people. It is the exact opposite of the thing we have to do. I have a really bold plan. I am taking what Obamacare – adding a public option to it, meaning Medicare for people who want to buy into that, or if they are already eligible for Medicaid, they automatically get enrolled. I am further subsidizing the plans that exist under Obamacare, so the largest deduction you'd have to pay for a copay would be \$1000 in a gold plan and you're allowed to keep your insurance if you like it.*"
(09mnt/45scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 11, John tried to steer the conversation to another part of nowadays government. In this part, John asked Joe Biden that "*Sanders and Warren have made a case for closing the divide with large universal programs that everybody benefits from. Given how popular Medicare and social security as universal programs are, why are they wrong?*" Then, in this scene Joe Biden

agreed, it can be seen from the word that he said that *"Because they are not being honest about how much it will cost."* Here Joe Biden continues to talk after the phone ring from unknown. He stated that *"American people are, they are not supporting Medicare for all. First of all, it is going to take their own admission four to 10 years for it to happen, number one. It is going to cost between \$30 trillion and \$40 trillion over 10 years."* Furthermore, it does not make sense that going to raise taxes on middle-class people. Hence, Joe has a plan that he is taking what Obama care adding the public option to it meaning medicare for people who want to buy into that or if they're already eligible for Medicaid. Joe Biden wanted to implement what his former president had done. In short, Joe Biden still makes the economy better not by making people who under more under.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, healthcare facility issues are also a very big discussion in nowadays government. The issue raised since there are changing the large universal health program. In this dialogue, Joe Biden explains that many Americans don't support medicare because it would first take four to ten years with their admission. Moreover, it would cost between thirty trillion and fourteen trillion dollars. To be fair, he also add some comparison with the former Obamacare plan of healthcare facility that might be more suitable and prosper for the society. Thus, it can be said to respond or exchange the information so if it is correlated to the language functions it can be said as **representational functions**.

Datum 12

John : *“Nancy Pelosi says Medicare for all is not an idea that she is in favor of. But you are saying it is not a good idea even if you could pass it?”*

Joe Biden : *“Well, I think it is not a necessary idea. Theoretically, it makes sense on the merits. But the fact is there is no way to get it done without a phenomenal – our entire budget for one year, every single thing doesn't add up to what it would cost for Medicare for one year. So we have got to be – look here's what I have always thought, John. And you have been interviewed me a lot, I know. It is about whether or not we can do something big that can get done and benefit people. The one thing I do not like about the Medicare for all, there is about 160 million people who have negotiated and taking pay cuts to get better insurance coverage with their companies, and they like it.” (10mnt/38scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 12, John asked a tricky argumentative question. Joe Biden said the first word he said is *"I think"* that showed he want to try to give the opinion then he continued that, *"I think it's not a necessary idea."* The idea refers to Nancy Pelosi says: *"Medicare for all is not an Idea."* In this scene, he also said he does not like the Medicare for all. There are about 160 million people, who have negotiated and taken pay cuts to get better insurance coverage with their companies and they like it. Joe Biden tried to spill the tea about what was planned theoretically and realistically happened.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, Joe Biden tells with the statement *"Medicare for all, there is about 160 million people who have negotiated and taking pay cuts to get better insurance coverage with their companies."* Joe Biden stated a very controversial reality that might tarnish the image of the government. But so, Joe Biden talks about it in a very well-mannered words that

may not harm or violate the white house protocol. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions** because Joe Biden said *"I think"* it showed the evidence as opinion after that he used his personality that can be seen from the word *"I do not like about the Medicare for all."* It means he does not like it that showed his personality.

Datum 13

John : *"Do you think it is a problem economically, politically, even morally for Democrats to be in a position of offering lots of free stuff?"*

Joe Biden : *"I think there are important things we have to offer for free for people who need basic health care, basic education, basic needs that relate to how they can live their lives. I think for many people that has to be free. I mean, look, he is just cut back on food stamps, for God's sake, but I am going into Christmas." (11mnt/37scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 13, John continued the topic by asking Joe Biden about free stuff offerings. Joe Biden gave the argument and he said with the word *"I think..."* that showed as opinion. Here, Joe Biden gave the argument that there are important things we have to offer for free, but it is for people who need such as health, care basic, education basic. In short, it is needed that relates to how they can live their lives. After that, he said he went to Christmas with the words *"I am going into Christmas."* that showed his capricious personality and an implisit message.

Analysis of the datum

From the context above, it can be seen Joe Biden gave the opinion with the word *"I think..."* which its word showed as opinion. In this dialogue, Joe

Biden gave the opinion that we have offer free for people who needs it. Then, he told he went to Christmas that showed as personality because he conveys his willingness. Audience would also aware that the Christmas light jokes are an information of how he will treat his community, where he wanted to offer free stuffs as if everyday is Christmas. Thus, it can be said that as a personal functions because he tells about the opinion and personality. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions**.

Datum 14

John : *“Right. But you have seen the objection. People say, “Oh those Democrats, they are just promising this and that.””*

Joe Biden : *“Well, but I think, here is what I have seen, John. And I have seen – and the reactions with Republicans and Independents as well as Democrats is there is certain things that you have to right the market a little bit here. And the market is that if you have all of the tax breaks, essentially all the tax breaks, all of the benefits flowing through the top one 10th of 1%. There is never been as great a concentration of wealth, including going back to the great depression. Ever. And so, one of the things that worries me most about that, John. It is not just a political – the economic impact on people who are hardened the middle class is getting killed. The middle class right now is in a position where more than half of them do not think the children will ever have the same standard of living they have.” (12mnt/02scd)*

Contecxt of the datum

In datum 14, John is trying to validate information with Mr. Vice President. In this dialogue, previously John asked Joe Biden that *“You have seen the objection. People say, “Oh those Democrats, they are just promising this and that.””* at the twelve minutes two seconds past, then Joe Biden responded with and said, *“I have seen and the reactions with Republicans and Independents as well as Democrats.”* In this scene, Joe Biden felt worried it

can be seen from the word: "*One of the things that worries me most about that, John.*" That here refers to politics and economics which the market is that if you have all of the tax breaks essentially all the tax breaks, all of the benefits flowing to the top one-tenth of 1%. There is never been as great a concentration of wealth. It makes getting killed the middle class right now is in a position where more than half of do not think the children will ever have the same standard.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, John are giving a huge statement regarding to public trust in Democratic party. At first, Joe Biden's expression suddenly changed and somekind of fear hits him. In a short time, Joe Biden could hold his emotion and tried to give explanation by conveying his experiences. It can be seen from the word "*I have seen...*" that showed his experience, or it can be called personality. Furthermore, he used the word "*One of the things that worries*" that show his emotion. John managed to change the political subject of the party to more common important matter, which was economic problem. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions** that had the functions to express personality and emotion.

Datum 15

John : "*But this is where the Sanders and Warren wealth tax come in. It polls pretty well. Critics, Republicans, also some prominent Democrats say two things about it, two objections. One, it is not workable. And two it is punitive. Do you agree with both of those objections?*"

Joe Biden : "*Parts of the plan, those objections apply. But here's the deal. My view is you have to reform the entire tax code. Not just have*

a single tax on a single group of people. For example, if in fact we are able to – and I think we can get it passed – make you pay on capital gains – clipping coupons, your money-making money – the same rates you pay in your regular taxes. That raises about \$200 billion. If, in fact, you eliminate a thing called stepped up basis, which is not an inheritance tax. It is a tax that is ten seconds before the person dies and leaves the non tax – that is about \$40 billion.” (13mnt/15scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 15, John asked Joe Biden about the Sanders and Warren wealth tax come in. It makes critics Republicans also some prominent Democrats say two things about it two objections, but one it is not workable and Two it is punitive. Then John asked Joe Biden “*Do you agree with both of those objections?*” Joe Biden here was not given he agreed or not but he conveyed his opinion and said “*My view is you have to reform the entire tax code.*” It is not just having a single tax on a single group. Then Joe Biden also conveyed that they know that several things don't make any sense in the tax code, punish the working class, the middle class, and benefit unduly people who don't need those tax cuts, and here is the point job. In short, this answer from Joe Biden explained a political dynamic.

Analysis of the datum

In a quarter hour, John had tried to dive very deep to what is on Joe Biden's head. Lots of recent problems are questioned. In this dialogue, an interviewer asked Joe Biden “*Do you agree with both of those objections?*” Then, Joe answered with the word “*My view....*” Joe Biden also equipped his answer with numbers and data that increase the accuracy of his words. This strategy helps audience to get better understanding of what's in his head and

that helps him to become more confident on the interview. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions** because Joe gave the opinion about the Sanders and Warren wealth tax.

Datum 16

John : *“That is one of the things that you guys tried and couldn't do under Obama.”*

Joe Biden : *“No, but we can now because people. Look, I am going to be a little short here, but you know, once the carnny show comes through with the guy with the pea in the shell, three shells and there's no pea under any shell, any one of them. The second time it comes around, they kind of figure it out. They know that there are a number of things that do not make any sense in the tax code, punish the working class, the middle class and benefit unduly people who, in fact, don't need those tax cuts. And here is the point, John. It is a political dynamic that allows the demagogues to go out and spread and split the country in two. It is not just we need a middle class. I know the middle class Joe and all that stuff. It is not just being fair. It is taking away the argument he is used so well. “The reason why you are not having your job is not paying as much because of all those immigrants. The reason why is...” and so on. And we have got to end it. And there is a way to do it. It is within our wheelhouse to be able to do it.” (14mnt/44scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 16, John continues to doubt Joe's former service, where Joe Biden continues what he said previously. Joe explained themselves, it can be seen from that he used *"It is not just we need a middle class."* From the words, it showed as personality. After that, he gave the information with a long explanation. He explained more that little class showing all our stuff. It is not just being fair. It is taking away the argument. Joe Biden also explained what solution could be done to solve this problem. It's all about the diferents of political dynamic. In short, Joe Biden is start straightening what happened in

the past that could not be compared with nowadays context. Joe convince the public that this problem has to end and there's a way to do it.

Analysis of the datum

In this time, John tried to evaluate the mistakes and things that hadn't been accomplished in his era of service as a Vice President. Joe Biden spoke his argument based on what he had experience, which is being a middle-class people. He continued to speak of his stances by giving insights of what government should do on the next period. He also convince the audience that together, Joe and the society, could help making this problem solved easier. Based on the context above also, we know that it is a response previously that is a personal functions, besides he explained personality it can be seen he used the word "We". Thus, it had a functions as a **personal functions**.

Datum 17

John : *"Treasury secretary minuchin today said that he opposed a financial transaction tax, which some in the race of supported, because it would destroy financial markets. Is that why you have rejected that idea?"*

Joe Biden : *"No. I still think we should do that. That does not raise the kind of money. I think we should have a financial transaction tax. But what I focused on what I think I could get done, get done quickly and pay for everything I am talking about. Because look, the president has increased with his profligate tax cut to the very wealthy the deficit by 1 trillion, 900 billion dollars. It can not be sustained. It can not be sustained. And the argument I use when he passed it though, when I was against it, I was asked to go to the House and speak in the steps of the Capitol and what I pointed out was it's all designed to be able to justify doing away with the entire safety net. "The reason why we have to cut the safety net now is we have this terrible deficit." When they controlled the Congress before '18, what was the first thing the budget committee do? They move to increase taxes on Medicare by over \$500 billion." (15mnt/27scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 17, John once again asked a question regarding to the recent topics. In this dialogue, John stated that the Treasury secretary opposed a financial transaction tax which some in the race have supported because it would destroy financial markets. John tried to connect how Joe Biden stands and what happened in the government. Hence, John asked Joe Biden "*Is that why you have rejected that idea?*" Firmly, Joe responded "No" But then Joe Biden responded that "*I still think...*" His answer showed that he is unsure. However, he continued to talk that "*I think we should have a financial transaction tax.*" He also believed that he could get done quickly and pay for everything. He argued this because look the president has increased with his profligate tax cut to a very wealthy deficit by one trillion nine hundred billion dollars. In short, he explained the reason why we have to cut the safety net now is we have this terrible deficit.

Analysis of the datum

Different with the other datum, this time Joe Biden seems to be more unsure about what he says. Joe Biden used the word "*Think*" more often. We can see in the statement "*I think we should have a financial transaction tax.*" This statement is making a paradox to what he stands for. Besides, Joe also used personal preference to announce himself like "*I could get done, get done quickly and pay for everything I am talking about.*" Joe shows a lot of numbers to backed up his stances clearly. He also points out the inequality that happens with this situation. Joe also ended the conversation by giving an unexpected

fact that makes John pretty shocked. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions.**

Datum 18

John : *“But now, here is what some Democrats are saying. They are saying that we have seen that politically deficits do not matter all that much. Economically, it's actually helped Trump's economy in the short term. Given the experience – and that Trump promised a deficit neutral tax cut, did not deliver it, has not hurt him. Given all that, would it be okay with you to increase spending more than the amount you could raise taxes to pay for it?”*

Joe Biden : *“It depends on the circumstance we find ourselves when we get elected. Look what we had to do. We, in order to be able to get out of the financial recession, which was the greatest recession, sort of a depression in American history, the President asked me to chair the recovery act, which had \$900 billion in it, and we did it. Most even conservative economists acknowledged it probably saved us from a depression. But what we did at the same time was we were able to invest it in things that in fact grew the economy at the same time. That is the exact opposite of what Trump has done. What he has done has not grown the economy. It has not grown the economy. And so, there are circumstances where you have to spend in order to generate economic growth, but there has to be a way that you can catch up to that. Otherwise, you end up in a situation where have to make terrible, terrible choices.”*
(16mnt/49scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 18, John said to Joe Biden that *“They are saying that we have seen that politically deficits do not matter all that much. Economically, it's actually helped Trump's economy in the short term.”* John is explaining what his fellow Democratic party are saying to give a fair perspective of the people inside Joe Biden’s party. Then Joe Biden opposed with saying that *“It depends on the circumstance...”* After that, he explains more at the time The president asked Joe Biden to chair the recovery act which had 900 billion dollars in it,

and he did it most even conservative economists acknowledged, that probably saved them from depression. However, here Joe Biden did the opposite of Trump that success, it can be seen from the words *"What he has done hasn't grown the economy."* Last, he said *"there are circumstances where you have to spend in order to generate economic growth, but there has to be a way that you can catch up to that. Otherwise, you end up in a situation where have to make terrible, terrible choices."* from its words there is a way to make changing although in a different way than judges as terrible.

Analysis of the datum

From the text above, we know that Joe Biden responded to what the interviewer asked him with an opposition which he said: *"It depends on the circumstance..."* Joe Biden doesn't want to violate his own party and giving a *play safe* answer. Joe Biden spoke his words by also giving a brief explanation of how the economy could growth with spending. However, after that he explain more and was likely given the example of what he did previously, he did things that were opposite to Trump, and it succeeded. From this answer, it can be seen as a **representational functions** because it was the explanation from Joe Biden that formed as fact about his experiences in the past.

Datum 19

John : *"Do you still favor the balanced budget amendment that you voted for 1995?"*

Joe Biden : *"No, because we are in a different place now. The balanced budget amendment in the middle of it is basically going to be, we're going to maybe. I hope it is not true, but we are likely to inherit a recession, at least a significant economic slowdown. That does not make sense. But, I do think." (17mnt/45scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 19, after giving comments on the newest problem, John jump back to what happened in 1995. In this dialogue, John asked Joe Biden “*Do you still favor the balanced budget amendment that you voted for 1995?*” Then Joe Biden answered no but unsure, it can be seen from the words “*No, because we are in a different place now. The balanced budget amendment in the middle of it is basically going to be, we're going to maybe. I hope it is not true, but we are likely to inherit a recession, at least a significant economic slowdown. That does not make sense. But, I do think.*” Here Joe Biden tried to explain that it is not like in the past that showed it was not right. Besides, he used the word “*Think*” at the end that showed unsurely.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, Joe Biden seemed to be surprised with the question, but still have a clear thought to think. The Balanced Budget Amendment 1995 prohibits an increase in such amount unless approved by a three-fifths majority in each House by roll call vote. Directs the President to submit a balanced budget. Prohibits a bill to increase revenue from becoming law unless approved by a majority in each House by roll call vote. In this dialogue, Joe Biden used the word “*Think*” that showed unsure because its word was used in the end. Thus, it was as an opinion, and it can be said as a **personal functions**.

Datum 20

John : “*Do you think that vote was a mistake?*”

Joe Biden : *“No, not then. Everything's context. One of the reasons I like giving an interview with you is you know the context. I am not being a wise guy. I am not being a wise guy. Does not mean you agree or disagree.” (18mnt/05scd)*

Cotext of the datum

In datum 20, again and again John asked about how is Joe Biden's opinion, here John asked, *“Do you think that vote was a mistake?”* Jo Biden answers no that showed he disagreed with what John stated. In this scene, Joe Biden likely had emotion when John asked the questions. After that Joe Biden explained about himself that *“I like giving an interview with you is you know the context. I am not being a wise guy. I am not being a wise guy. Does not mean you agree or disagree.”* Its word showed the explanation also denying from him that he likes giving interview if to John is you know the context. Its word showed that he is a little angry if he said wrong that vote was a mistake. It does not mean that he means.

Analysis of the datum

To continue the topic, John refers to what Joe Biden had done, which was voting for the amandment. **A state's operating budget** typically has to be balanced. This does however not mean that states cannot go into debt, as states also have a capital budget, to which the balanced budget rule does not apply. Asiding from the vote topic, In this parts Joe Biden said himself *“I like giving an interview with you is you know the context. I am not being a wise guy.”* This was included as a **personal functions** because of the word *“I”*. Besides he was likely felt emotions from the word *“I am not being a wise guy. Does not mean you agree or disagree.”*

Datum 21

John : “Right.”

Joe Biden : “But you know the context. 1995 was a very different place than we find ourselves today. And so, this is about how do we grow the economy. For example, it makes a lot of sense that we say that okay, why is it if you give a charitable contribution. I will not say you, I mean you editorially – someone in the 20% tax bracket gets to reduce, gets to withdraw, take a 20% break for that. Well, somebody who is in the 40% tax bracket, they in fact get to deduct 40% of it. Well, why is that? What does that do? I limit, for example, no tax break that you get. No deduction can you take that is more than what 28%.” (18mnt/13scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 21, Joe Biden gave the information in the context 1995 was a very different place than we find ourselves today, and so this is about how do we grow the economy. Furthermore, he gave the example okay is it if you give a charitable contribution. In this part, Joe Biden was likely given the example in economic sides especially about tax with a validated numbers that happens to give more trust of the audience. Joe Biden gives a very brief and complete explanation of what happened in 1995.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, Joe Biden giving a context to the previous discussed topics. There is no balanced budget provision in the U.S. Constitution, so the federal government is not required to have a balanced budget and Congress usually does not pass one. Several proposed amendments to the U.S. Constitution would require a balanced budget, but none have been enacted. From the transcript, the word “*You know the context*” showed that Joe Biden want to provide information. Thus, it can be said a **representational functions**.

Datum 22

John : *“Another thing Obama tried to do, couldn't get done.”*

Joe Biden : *“But we will get it done. Because things have changed.”*
(18mnt/56scd)

Context the datum

In datum 22, John speaks his argument freely and reacting to what happened in Joe Biden's service days. In this dialogue, John told Joe Biden *"Another thing Obama tried to do, couldn't get done."* Then Joe Biden answered, *"But, we'll get it done."* Joe Biden realize that the problem hadn't been solve, but the word *"Will"* word showed the willingness of Joe Biden to do so.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, John was not asking a question, but he simply just react to the given arguments and connect it with the previous circumstances, which in Joe Biden's service days. Based on the context above Joe Biden used the word *"Will"* with that same meaning to want. Thus, it can be said as an **instrumental functions** that had a functions to communicate wants.

Datum 23

John : *“Right. A couple of economic points quickly, cause I know our time is short. Senator Warren came out today with a new proposal on limiting mega mergers. Do you – looking back on your time in the Obama administration, do you think you guys were too slack on antitrust enforcement, and that concentration among big corporations is a big economic problem?”*

Joe Biden: *“It is a big economic problem. And one of the things that I've said along the way here is I would do as President is set up within the Justice Department an entire new entity to go back and look at the mega mergers that have occurred and those that are being proposed to occur. Whether or not it is in the telecom industry, whether it is*

in – whatever it is. There is a lot of concentration of power. And make a judgment whether or not it made sense for that to happen. And so, one of the things that always happens from one administration to the next, even with the same party is you go back and you look at the consequences and what was done. I think that there is too much concentration of power. And I don't disagree with Elizabeth's point – generic point – how we go about making that judgment remains to be seen. I do not think you go about making judgment by picking a particular company. I think you talk about what happened when we concentrated the power.” (19mnt/01scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 23, John agreed to what Joe Biden said previously " *Right.*". Then explained more detailed of the argument with what happens today with Senator Warren's policy. But Joe Biden can answer it clearly in parallel with making a propaganda of what he will do if he will be the next president. At nineteen minutes past three seconds to nineteen twenty-two seconds John said "*Senator Warren came out today with a new proposal on limiting mega mergers.*" After that, he asked that with the question "*Do you think you guys were too slack on antitrust enforcement?*" Here was Joe Biden only said "*I think we*" that showed agree or yes. At nineteen past twenty-five seconds, John said "*And that concentration among big corporations is a big economic problem?*" Then, Joe Biden continue what John said, "*It is a big economic problem. And one of the things I've said along the way here is I would do as President is set up within the Justice Department an entire new entity to go back.*" From its word, Joe Biden agreed with what John said and tell what he want to do which can be seen from the word "*I would do...*" Next, he tells more explanations.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the above context, the flow John made is very mild so it can flow the conversation easily. This time, John also speaks his own thoughts to make a mini debate with what Joe Biden thinks. This conversation also gives room of propaganda where Joe Biden can freely ad his self in terms of his campaign to be the next president. Firmly also Joe Biden shows his stances and pointing out the names of who didn't align with his plan. This dialogue was like a personal statement because Joe said *"I think that there..."*. In this part, Joe Biden said *"I think we"* after an interviewer asked, *"Do you think you guys were too slack on antitrust enforcement?"* Joe Biden agreed with the statement of John also he told his want, it can be seen from the word *"I would do as President is set up within the Justice Department an entire new entity to go back."* Thus, it can be said as an **instrumental functions** that had a functions to communicate wants or need. Here Joe Biden used his word not only to communicate want but need that can be seen from his saying, he wants to make changes in the justice department.

Datum 24

John : *"Do you think you guys should have done more in the Obama administration?"*

Joe Biden : *"Well, I think, look remember, everything landed on the President's plate but locusts. And so, we finally got to the place – all kidding aside. We finally got to the place where we got not only the the car out of the ditch and kept from going over the cliff, we put new tires on it. We began to tune the engine. It was running at 40 miles an hour. We were ready to make it run faster. And we lost. The Democrats lost the election. And so we were faced with a different problem now as to how do we go back and regain the momentum that we had gotten going. There is a lot of things you can go back in every administration and say, "Well, maybe would*

have done something differently.” But at the moment, there wasn't much else that could be done at that time.” (20mnt/24scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 24, Joe Biden asked John *"Do you think you guys should have done more in the Obama administration?"* From its word, we can know that Joe Biden will give his opinion because John asked *"I think, look remember, everything landed on the President's plate but locusts."* that need Joe Biden's mind. That's true Joe Biden tells about their experiences at the time. After that, he tells about their vocation *"We finally got to the place where we got not only the the car out of the ditch and kept from going over the cliff, we put new tires on it. We began to tune the engine. It was running at 40 miles an hour."* Also, he said there were faced with a different problem so there is maybe would have done something differently. In short, he was likely to tell about Trump.

Analysis of the datum

In this part, Joe Biden responded to the question from an interviewer *"Do you think you guys should have done more in the Obama administration?"* and he answered with the explanation according to his mind, it can be seen from the word *"Think"* that he used. Thus it can be said as an opinion that is a **personal functions.**

Datum 25

John : *"Yeah, president Trump has been very strong in ripping Fed air Powell. Do you think Powell is doing a good job, and is he the kind of person you would keep or put on the Fed?"*

Joe Biden : *"I am not going to get into the personalities, but I do say this. The President should not be trying to pressure the Fed. We did not do that. That is not what you – that is supposed to be an*

independent entity out here. It is just like how he pressures the military and intervenes in the chain of command. It is his way of abusing power across the board. It is a big mistake. A big mistake, and I would not do that.” (21mnt/23scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 25, John responded to Joe Biden "*Yeah, president Trump has been very strong in ripping Fed air Powell.*" He asked like that because at the datum 29 Joe Biden was likely to tell about the president. Then, Joe Biden denied what John said with the word "*I'm not going to get into the personalities.*" Then, Joe Biden emphasized that "*but I do say this. The President should not be trying to pressure the Fed*" It can be seen from the word "*But*" that he used. Joe Biden was likely talking about the president, it can be seen from the word "*It's just like how he pressures the military.*" he used the word "*He*" that refer to the president. He also told that what the president did abusing power across the board. According to him, it is a big mistake. Then, he said he does not do that.

Analysis of the datum

From the context above, Joe said his self in words "*I'm not going to get into the personalities.*" Also, he used the word "*Think*" Joe Biden talked about the president that showed as personality. Besides, in this part, Joe Biden was like announcing himself to others that he would not abuse power across the board. He tells his personality. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions**.

Datum 26

John : "*You have got an ad out today that says the world's laughing at President Trump. Very strong ad on the wake of this recent NATO meeting. Do you think – and President Trump responded not*

directly to the ad, but he said, "All we found over there was deep respect for the United States." In the meeting. Do you think he actually believes that, or do you think that privately, he fears that he is being mocked, ridiculed, that he is not respected?"

Joe Biden : *"How could he not know that? How could he not know that? He turned around and he called the prime Minister of Canada two faced. He turned around – the idea he does not know that. I mean, look, this President thinks if he says the lie long enough and often enough and repeats it enough. Somehow, people will believe it. Look, the reason why is – I am not happy that President of the United States got mocked. But what it says is we lack the respect of the rest of the world that we had in spades before."*
(21mnt/33scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 26, Joe Biden responded to what John said while asked previously about the president that *"Do you think that privately, he fears that he is being mocked, ridiculed, that he is not respected?"* Then, Joe Biden said, *"How could he not know that? How could he not know that? He turned around and he called the prime Minister of Canada two faced."* After that, he explained about the president that president around the idea. In short, he stated his feeling that he is not happy with the president like it. Joe Biden continued his explanation from interviewer asked about *"Do you think that privately, he fears that he is being mocked, ridiculed, that he is not respected?"* He answers previously, after that an interviewer only responds with the word *"Yeah"* Then, Joe Biden emphasized again *"But what it says is we lack the respect of the rest of the world that we had in spades before."* From its word, it can be said as opinion because Joe Biden said: *"It says"*

Analysis of the datum

In this part, Joe Biden tells people with the word *"I am not happy."* He tried to explain his identity. It can be said as he announces himself that he is not happy that the president of states got mocked. , Joe Biden stated about other people's opinions. He summarizes opinions of society in extend of a representative preference. Thus, it can be said as a **personal functions** because the dialogue continues to the previous response that explains his argument.

Datum 27

John : *"Well, here is the related question then. If he does know, and the question is does he care? And I ask for this reason. First of all, you may remember John Kerry who endorsed you today, got mocked in 2004 as being too French. A couple of the people in those videos where Emmanuel Macron and Justin Trudeau. Do you think as an elite, non-elite matter, he does not care?"*

Joe Biden : *"I do not think it is about being elite. I think it is about being smart or not smart. I think it is about being mean spirited or not mean spirited. It is about coddling coddling Russia is trying to break up Europe and NATO or sticking with our friends."*
(23mnt/21scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 27, John asked Joe Biden about *"Do you think as an elite, non-elite matter, he does not care?"* Then, Joe Biden responded with the words *"I do not think it is about being elite. I think it is about being smart or not smart. I think it is about being mean spirited or not mean spirited. It is about coddling coddling Russia is trying to break up Europe and NATO or sticking with our friends."* The words stated that Joe Biden does not care who is in the video either the president of NATO or not.

Analysis of the datum

In this part, Joe responds to the question from the interview, *"I do not think it is about being elite"* he answered with this. The word *"Think"* represent his own beliefs and his standpoint. Because this is the mind of Joe, so it can be said as a **personal functions**.

Datum 28

John : *"Well, that is the point I was getting to, which is that another reason not to care. Those people in that video were leaders of NATO. Vladimir Putin wants NATO weakened and divided. Nancy Pelosi today when she was announcing the drafting of articles of impeachment said that in essence, the Russia 2016 scandal and the Ukraine scandal are different pieces of the same story, that all roads lead to Putin. Do you see it that way yourself?"*

Joe Biden : *"I do, in Europe. Absolutely, positively. Putin has had – I know Putin. I have had private time with Putin. I have spent time with him. Looked in his eyes, as they say. This is a guy who has one overarching desire to break up NATO and to have America pull away from Europe, the Euro Atlantic Alliance. Because that is the one thing he cannot penetrate if it is strong. But if you have 28 nations all going their own way, he becomes significantly more powerful. And what happens when you live next door to the bear and you don't have anybody protecting you and doesn't have that shotgun out to make sure the bear doesn't get you? Then, in fact, you begin to make accommodations." (24mnt/08scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 28, John asked Joe Biden that *"Do you see it that way yourself?"* From its question Joe Biden has to give the information, so he gave the information that he knows Putin, it is only the way to make break up NATO.

Analysis of the datum

In this dialogue was a response from Joe Biden after the interviewer asked him the question *"Do you see it that way yourself?"* From the question, an interviewer needs the information from Joe. He tried to give as a knowledge

but with also wanted us to know how it felt stepping in his shoes. Thus, it can be said as a **representation functional** because it conveyed the information.

Datum 29

John : *“And why do you think President Trump wants to help him?”*
Joe Biden : *“I do not think the President of the United States today has any notion of geopolitical concerns. I do not think he – look, this is the guy who said and I thought at first it was kind of a joke, but it wasn't. Remember he said, seriously, a couple of months into his administration, “You know this job's harder than running a real estate empire.” He knows nothing about foreign policy. He knows nothing about nuclear deterrent. He knows nothing. I mean he has demonstrated – and look what has happened. You know, I actually, privately, encouraged a number of generals, senior state department people, foreign policy experts to stay in the administration. Do not leave. Look what is happened.”*
 (24mnt/55scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 29, Jhon asked Joe Biden that *“And why do you think President Trump wants to help him?”* From its question, it needs the opinion from Joe Biden, and he answered that started with the word *“I do not think the President...”* Thus it can be said he gave his opinion.

Analysis of the datum

Based on the context above, we can listen that Joe Biden used the word *“Think”*. He tried to explain his personal beliefs also to acknowledge his audience of what he's standing in. From its word Hence he used personal, this can be said as a **personal functions**.

Datum 30

John : *“But is your judgment, then that it is ignorance, that he does not understand geopolitics, as opposed to he is purposely helping Russia and Putin because he is compromised in some way?”*

Joe Biden : *“All I know is the results the same. I can not read his mind. He has done things that seem to me to be completely contrary to reality. When he stands before the whole world at a G20 meeting and says that I believe Vladimir Putin did not interfere in our elections and these 18 intelligence agencies that work for us, in fact, do. They think he did, but I think they are wrong. What is that about?”(26mnt/24scd)*

Context of the datum

In datum 30, Joe Biden responded with the word said I know, however in the last he asked with the question *“What is that about”*. Thus it can be said he asked John as an interviewer.

Analysis of the datum

In this dialogue, Joe Biden asked in the last spoken with the question *“What is that about?”* It was suitable with the definition of heuristic that had functions conveyed in the form of a question. He shown that he wanted to learn and explore from the environment or society. Thus, it can be said as a **heuristic functions**.

Datum 31

John : *“That is the question.”*

Joe Biden : *“I do not know. But the result is the same. It has drastically weakened our standing around the world. Poll came out not long ago, Gallup and Pew showing that we ranked just below China in respect and just above Russia. What is going on? Look, when we are not leading – we have led the world by the example, not just of our power, but the power of our example. And when he – you know, there are three things I have learned. I have learned Vladimir Putin does not want me to be president. That is why he is spending a lot of money on these bots trying to tell any lies about me. I have learned that Kim Jong-un thinks I am a rabid dog, should be beaten to death with a stick, and he gets a love letter from Trump. And I learned that Donald Trump doesn't want me to be the nominee. I cannot – this President is the most unusual politician I have ever worked with. And he doesn't seem to have any sense of who we are. I mean, he is ripping the soul out of this*

country. I mean, he really is. I sometimes sit back and wonder, "Whoa, I don't know whether." Well, I shouldn't speculate because I don't know, to be honest." (24mnt/55scd)

Context of the datum

In datum 31, there are words that Joe Biden said, *"You know, there are three things I have learned."* which showed he announce about his self.

Analysis of the datum

In this part, there is a word from Joe was like announcing his self with the words *"You know, there are three things I have learned."* He tried to explain his personal nature of cognition. Because he said about her personality, thus it can be said as **personal functions**.

Datum 32

John : "Mr. Vice president, thanks so much."
Joe Biden : "Thank you, John. Really appreciate it."
John : "I appreciate you."

Contextof the datum

In datum 32, this was the ending of the interview, where John thanked Joe Biden for the time to have the conversation. Joe Biden also replies that he also appreciates the interview very well.

Analysis of the datum

After summarizing the conversation, John ended the interview by saying thank you in a very formal way. He also uses "Mr. Vice President" salutation to make Joe Biden felt honoured to be here in the interview. Joe Biden also honoured and appreciate the interview very much and can be seen from his face that he his very satisfied with what had been discussed and how

the interview goes. Thus, the conversation can be said that the **interactional functions**. Both also shake hands to give a signal of the ending of the interview.

B. Discussion

Based on the results of research conducted by researcher on the language functions in the video interview by Joe Biden on the Youtube Chanel broadcast, the researcher drew conclusions based on the formulation of the existing problem. After the data were processed in the form of a description, this stage would present the data of language functions that has been found what Joe Biden said in the Interview and found the dominant language functions that he used and correlate the theories.

1. Language Functions used by Joe Biden

In this study, the researcher used the theory of M. A. K. Halliday about the types of language functions. According to Halliday (1973), there are seven functions, namely instrumental functions, regulatory functions, representation, interactional functions, personal functions, heuristic functions, and imaginative functions. In this study, researcher found thirty-two types of language functions based on the theory of M. A. K. Halliday (1973) in Joe Biden's video interview on the Youtube channel, namely:

- b. Instrumental functions : 2 data
- c. Regulation functions: 1 data
- d. Representation functions : 10 data

- e. Interactional functions : 2 data
- f. Personal functions : 16 data
- g. Heuristic functions : 1 data
- h. Imaginative functions : 0 data

From the results of the research above, it can be seen that the most dominant type of language functions used in video interview was the personal functions. In this study, the researcher found 16 personal functions that were used by Joe Biden, they were Datum 3, Datum 4, Datum 12, Datum 13, Datum 14, Datum 15, Datum 16, Datum 17, Datum 19, Datum 20, Datum 24, Datum 25, Datum 26, Datum 27, Datum 29, and Datum 31. In this finding, we can see Joe Biden mostly used personal functions because he often used feeling, personality, and opinions. It can be seen from the word at Datum 3 *"I think a lot of Republicans in the Senate are really under enormous pressure"* which showed his mind because he argue by using the word *"think"* it can be said as opinion. At Datum 15 there were the words *"My view is you have to reform the entire tax code."* that Joe Biden equipped his answer with numbers and data that increase the accuracy of his words. This strategy helps audience to get better understanding of what's in his head and that helps him to became more confident on the interview. Joe gave the opinion about the Sanders and Warren wealth tax. In this case, it was influenced by the use of language that Joe Biden always used in expressing his opinions and

personality. In interview, the personal functions that often encountered was in the form of opinions conveyed by Joe Biden.

The next type of language functions that often appeared in this video interview was the representational functions. In the video interview, the researcher managed to find 10 types of representational functions data. The representational functions was the language used to exchange information. In this study, the researcher found 10 representational language functions that were used by Joe Biden. They were Datum 2, Datum 6, Datum 7, Datum 8, Datum 9, Datum 10, Datum 11, Datum 18, Datum 21, and Datum 28. In this study to check the representational functions it can be seen when Joe Biden used the word "fact" such as at Datum 2 "*The fact is that we have a great bus tour.*" At Datum 6, there was also information for us that Joe Biden went to Iraq in 2018 "*I went into 24 states with over 65 candidates on Health Care.*" In this case, influenced by the use of language that was always used by Joe Biden in conveying facts and knowledge. In interview, the representation functions that often encountered was in the form of an explanation of an event.

The next part of language functions, namely Instrumental functions and interactional functions. In each of these language functions, the researcher managed to find 2 types of language functions. The first was Instrumental Functions. The Instrumental Functions of language was the language used to express what the peoples need, also used to obtain goods and services. Example: "*I want*" (Halliday, 1973). In this study, the

instrumental language functions that Joe Biden used, it was Datum 22 and Datum 23. The instrumental functions can be seen when Joe Biden used the word "will". It can be seen from the word "*we will get it done*" at Datum 22. The word "will" same as "want" (Azar, 2002). At Datum 23, Joe Biden agreed with the statement of John also he told his want, it can be seen from the word "*I would do as President is set up within the Justice Department an entire new entity to go back.*" In the interview, the instrumental functions encountered was in the form of a wish conveyed by Joe Biden. The second was the interactional functions. The Interactional Functions was the language used to develop social relationships and ease the process of interaction (Halliday, 1973). This study found two interactional functions used by Joe Biden, which was Datum 1 and Datum 32. This interactional functions can be seen when Joe Biden uses the word "*Thank you*". The expression of gratitude means that someone has done something for him. Like Joe Biden thanked to John because he came in also. Also, here Joe Biden used this word to respect John that said "*Thanks*".

The next part of language functions, namely regulatory functions and heuristic functions. In each of these language functions, the researcher managed to find 1 type of language functions. The first was the regulatory functions, The Regulatory Functions of language was the language used to influence the behavior of others. Concerned with persuading, commanding, or requesting other people to do things you want (Halliday, 1973). This study found Joe Biden used a regulatory functions. It was

shown in Datum 5. In this case, Joe was likely to persuade people by words like “*We ought to start rewarding work as much as we do well.*” The word “*Ought*” was the word to persuade. The second was the heuristic functions. The Heuristic Functions of language was used to learn and explore the environment. Heuristic functions were often conveyed in the form of questions that would lead to answers (Halliday, 1973). This study found one heuristic functions that Joe Biden used. It was Datum 30. It can be seen when Joe Biden asked by using the word “*what*”. Like the word at Datum 30 “*What is that about?*”.

Part of the last type of language functions, namely the imaginative functions. In the video interview, the researcher did not find any type of imaginative functions, because the imaginative functions was a language functions to create fictitious (unreal) things or events, such as fairy tales. Meanwhile, in the video interview, Joe Biden talked about the facts and also about his opinion of Americans in the future. In the video interview, Joe Biden wanted to return things to normal by implementing the middle-class economic agenda in the way they were used to. Joe explained that what people were now seeing is that his tax policies have been a disaster for the middle class. Therefore, the researcher did not find any type of imaginative functions in this video interview.

This research has similarities with previous research. The most notable similarities were in the theory. Previous research developed by Frischa Zilvia Amnesia (2018) also used the same theory, namely the

theory of language functions proposed by M. A. K. Halliday (1973) to classify the types of language functions based on the data that has been collected. From all previous studies, apart from had similarities, this study also had some differences. In Anggario's research (2016). This study discussed the analysis of language functions used by Buzzer Jokowi on Twitter. This study aimed to examine the language features and politeness approach used during the campaign by buzzers on Twitter. The researcher used the object of social media, namely Twitter. So this research had a striking difference from the current research. While in the research developed by Kanza (2020). This study found the types of language functions and the dominance of language functions used in Meghan Markle's speech. The researcher used a different theory from this research, namely by using Jakobson's theory in analyzing the types of language functions in Meghan Markle's speech.

The summary of the results above discussion is presented in Figure 1. It can be concluded that the researcher found the functions of language in the video interview by the presidential candidate Joe Biden and classified it according to the theory of M. A. K. Halliday (1973).

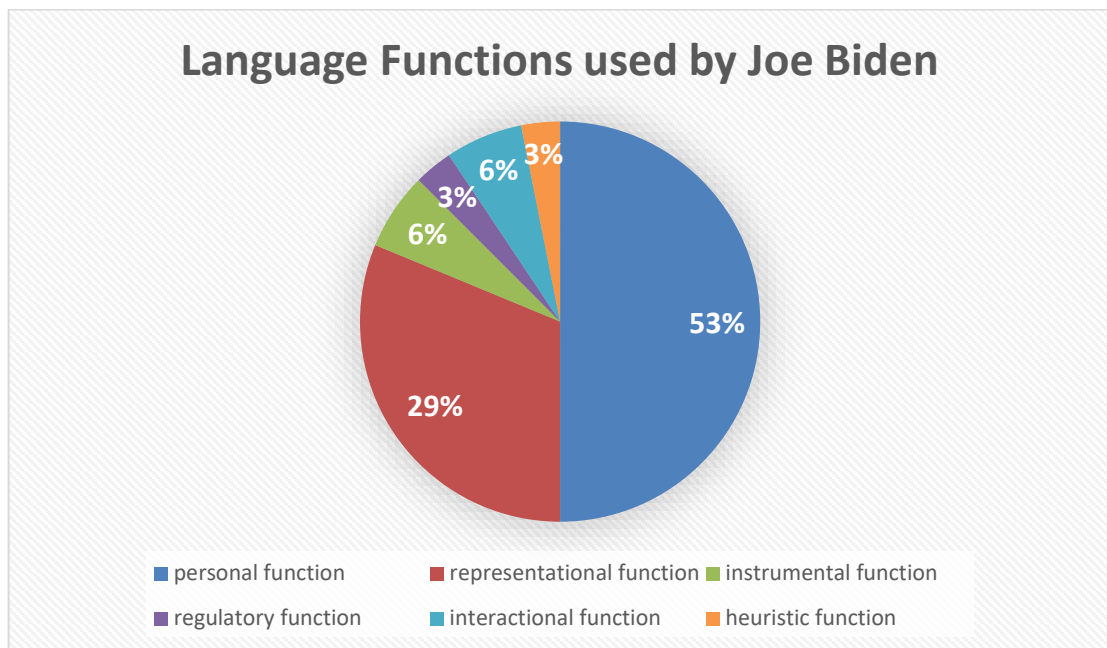


Figure 1. Language Functions used by Joe Biden

Based on the research topic and the data that has been analyzed, this study provided knowledge to readers about the types of language functions based on the theory of M. A. K. Halliday (1973) which classifies the types of language functions in general. In addition, readers can be more aware that the language functions was very important to learn so that we understand the meaning of what was conveyed during a conversation. In addition to the benefits that can be obtained, of course, this research also had drawbacks. In this study, the researcher could not find all types of language functions based on Halliday's theory which divided the types of language functions into seven types. In this study, the imaginative functions cannot be found because the imaginative functions was a language functions to create fictitious (unreal) things or events, such as fairy tales. Meanwhile, in the video interview, Joe Biden talked about the

facts as well as about his opinion of the future American. It is hoped that further researchers can complete this research by using different objects so that they can find all types of these theories.

2. The Dominant Language Functions Used by Joe Biden

From the finding above, it can be seen that the personal functions as the most dominant language functions that Joe Biden used was 16 (53%). Its language functions were used to express feelings, personality, opinion, and the reaction of Joe Biden. However, this was a different result from a previous study from (Simanjuntak & Manik, 2015) showed the result that the most dominant type of language functions was the referential functions. It means most of the content of the new was used mostly for sharing information. Similarity (Asdar, 2017) showed that the most dominant language used in BPEC is referential that functions to describe the object. Meanwhile, the study from (Arista, 2014) showed that the most dominant type of language functions is metalinguistic. It means that the main character conveys code analysis by asking questions to the people so that he might invent clues for the sake of his investigation.

CHAPTER IV

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter contained the conclusion and suggestion of this study given by the researcher. The conclusion was based on the analysis data in research findings and discussion from the previous studies. The analysis contained the language functions used by Joe Biden in an interview on the Youtube channel using Halliday's theory.

A. Conclusion

From the study, the researcher explained the results of the study based on data analysis from the previous chapter. The researcher analyzed the language functions used by Joe Biden before the presidential election during the interview. The researcher used Halliday's theory (1973) by focusing the research on finding the language functions and the dominance of the language functions that was most widely used by Joe Biden.

The researcher found data on thirty-two statements about what Joe Biden said when interviewed. In this study, researcher found six types of language functions in Joe Biden according to Halliday's theory. Based on the findings, the first most dominantly used in language functions was the Personal functions (53%) which was found in 16 utterances. Second, the most dominant language functions was the representational functions (29%) which was found in 10 utterances. Third, was Instrumental functions and Interactional functions (6%) which were found in 2 utterances. Fourth, was Regulatory functions and Heuristic functions found in 1 utterance (3%). In addition, the imaginative functions was not used at all during the interview, because the situation during

the interview was not suitable for use in this language functions. Joe Biden was not use fictitious (unreal) language. He expressed his opinion based on the facts. The interview talked about politics which means that the conversation conveys verifiable facts and knowledge. Based on the explanation above, it can be concluded that Joe Biden focused on his audience through the opinions expressed in this interview. Through this event, he wanted to persuade and convince his audience as recipients to return everything to normal by implementing a middle-class economic agenda.

B. Suggestion

The researcher realized that this thesis is far from perfect because many things were not considered in the findings of this study. The researcher expected that this research can contribute to a better and in-depth understanding of how language functions for various purposes of conversation in everyday life. The researcher would like to suggest that further researcher who were engaged in the same field were expected to study language functions from other theories. However, each theorist carried out his perspective on the functions of language. Further research can collaborate the theory of language functions with other theories such as identity or sociolinguistics. In this case, it would bring a new perspective in the field of linguistics. In addition, the researcher also suggested other objects such as conversations in class, song lyrics, listener's language, and movies to differentiate the findings. So, it was expected that the analysis of the elements of communication and language functions can be expanded and deepened.

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CURRICULUM VITAE



MANNARUL ILMI is usually called "Aan". He was born in Mojokerto on March 14, 1998. In 2011, he became a student at one of the modern Islamic boarding schools in Mojokerto, namely Roudlotun Nasyiin. He also studied English in Pare Kediri in 2016. He started higher education in 2017 at the Department of English Literature at UIN Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang and completed his studies in 2021.

He participated in many student activities both internally and externally, such as Taekwondo, the Department of Student Association, and the Indonesian Islamic Student Movement. He has also served as Chairman of the Student Executive Council of the Humanities Faculty and Secretary General of the Student Senate of UIN Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang. You can communicate with him or just give criticism and suggestions which are very much expected for quality improvement and further writing. For that, please send it by e-mail at mannarulilmi14@gmail.com

APPENDIXES

Datum	Language Functions	Types of Language Functions						
		Pf	Hf	RPf	RGf	ITf	IMf	ISf
1	<p><i>John</i> : “Mr. Vice president thanks for joining us.”</p> <p><i>Joe B.</i> : “Thanks for being out here.”</p>					✓		
2	<p><i>Joe B.</i>: “Well that was actually a little bit of fun. The fact is that we have a great bus tour. We have about 660 miles. We are going in day six. We have had a couple thousand people show up. They are enthusiastic. It was interesting, the response of the crowd when that fellow spoke up.”</p>			✓				
3	<p><i>Joe B.</i> : “Well, I do not hold grudges, for real. You have watched me a long time. I think a lot of Republicans in the Senate are really under enormous pressure. When you have a Republican party and that old joke, this ain't your father's Republican Party, saying that a poll showing they think he is better than Abraham Lincoln, you know something's wrong. And so, I think there is gonna to be a lot of people who are</p>	✓						

	going to be prepared to deal with things that they know we should be talking about.”							
4	<p><i>Joe B. : “Yes, I Agree. But now we have had Trump. There is two ways people get inspired, John. They get inspired by inspirational people like John Kennedy and they get inspired by very bad people, bad presidents like Donald Trump. And what people have now seen is that his tax policy has been a disaster for the middle class, disaster for them, and there is plenty of room to be able to do things that make a lot of sense. That is why – look, I have always been at the view that the tax policy is not about punishing people. It is about giving everybody a shot, giving everybody an equal prospect. And so when I call for – for example, there is overwhelming evidence now. The the idea that the capital Gains tax is promoting growth is just not the case. And so I think, for example, we should</i></p>	✓						

	<i>charge people the same tax for their capital gains as their tax rate is. And I think we should raise the tax rate back to, for example, I take it back to where it was before it reduced.”</i>							
5	<i>Joe B. : “But I think they are all realistic now. I think the possibility of saying to people, “Look, we ought to start rewarding work as much as we do well.” And you have a significant number of Republicans who are not multimillionaires thinking that makes a lot of sense.”</i>				✓			
6	<i>Joe B. : “No. John, I think it did happen. Look at the 2018 election. I went into 24 states with over 65 candidates on Health Care. The thing about Barack was, I used to always say to him, “We ought to take a victory lap on what happened in Obamacare.” He said, “We don't have time.” Everything but locusts landed on his desk. It was not until Republicans started taking it away that all of a sudden people said, “Whoa, I didn't know that's</i>				✓			

	<p>where I got that from.” And look what we did. We won back 41 seats, Republican seats in purple and red areas.”</p>							
7	<p>Joe B.: “Well, that is also shifted too. The president has said, Trump said he is going to take care of the forgotten man. He got elected and immediately forgot them. Look what Chickasaw County out here now. Basically, a conservative area in the past, but now all of a sudden they are realizing his foreign policy is killing them, killing them. His failure to invest in any education is killing them. Being able to bring teachers, the attitude toward rural hospitals is killing them.”</p>			✓				
8	<p>Joe B.: “But, by the way, there are going to be people stick with them. The fact, remember we lost by about 172.000 votes. Okay? So you do not have to win back, you do not have to fundamentally change anything. But you have got to let people know that all</p>			✓				

	<i>the meetings I have had, I have talked about the incredible opportunity of rural America leading America through the 21st century, for real.”</i>							
9	<p>John : “Farm exports have been hurt by the trade war. He is had subsidies to compensate. If you become president, do those tariffs come off on day one?”</p> <p>Joe B. : “Those tariffs come off in terms of farmers, but other tariffs may go on in terms of the violation of the stealing of intellectual property, the violating WTO – the World Trade Organisation.”</p>			✓				
10	<p>Joe B. : “Well, for example, steel dumping is justified. It is justified. The excess of steel, they dump it at a lower cost. It is in fact designed to drive down our steel market and our steel production. But the idea of us making the farmer pay for what they have worked like hell to do, provide and have a market in China, makes no sense. It is not about the deficit. What it is about is what they are doing unfairly to</p>			✓				

	<p><i>change world trade rules. And that's why, John, I think, look, we make up 25% of the world's economy. When we were prepared to bring along the other 40 to 48% of our allies with us, China has to listen."</i></p>							
11	<p>Joe B. : <i>"Well because they are not being honest about how much it will cost. If you take a look at where the democratic party is and where the American people are, they are not supporting Medicare for all. First of all, it is going to take their own admission four to 10 years for it to happen, number one. It is going to cost between \$30 trillion and \$40 trillion over 10 years."</i></p>			✓				
12	<p>Joe B. : <i>"Well, I think it is not a necessary idea. Theoretically, it makes sense on the merits. But the fact is there is no way to get it done without a phenomenal – our entire budget for one year, every single thing doesn't add up to what it would cost for Medicare for one year. So we have got to be – look here's</i></p>	✓						

	<p><i>what I have always thought, John. And you have been interviewed me a lot, I know. It is about whether or not we can do something big that can get done and benefit people. The one thing I do not like about the Medicare for all, there is about 160 million people who have negotiated and taking pay cuts to get better insurance coverage with their companies, and they like it."</i></p>							
<p>13</p>	<p>John : "Do you think it is a problem economically, politically, even morally for Democrats to be in a position of offering lots of free stuff?"</p> <p>Joe B. : "I think there are important things we have to offer for free for people who need basic health care, basic education, basic needs that relate to how they can live their lives. I think for many people that has to be free. I mean, look, he is just cut back on food stamps, for God's sake, but I am going into Christmas."</p>	<p>✓</p>						

14	<p>Joe B. : “Well, but I think, here is what I have seen, John. And I have seen – and the reactions with Republicans and Independents as well as Democrats is there is certain things that you have to right the market a little bit here. And the market is that if you have all of the tax breaks, essentially all the tax breaks, all of the benefits flowing through the top one 10th of 1%.”</p>	✓						
15	<p>Joe B. : “Parts of the plan, those objections apply. But here's the deal. My view is you have to reform the entire tax code. Not just have a single tax on a single group of people.”</p>	✓						
16	<p>Joe B. : “It is a political dynamic that allows the demagogues to go out and spread and split the country in two. It is not just we need a middle class. I know the middle class Joe and all that stuff. It is not just being fair. It is taking away the argument he is used so well. “The reason why you are not having your job is not paying as much</p>	✓						

	<i>because of all those immigrants.”</i>							
17	Joe B. : <i>“No. I still think we should do that. That does not raise the kind of money. I think we should have a financial transaction tax. But what I focused on what I think I could get done, get done quickly and pay for everything I am talking about. Because look, the president has increased with his profligate tax cut to the very wealthy the deficit by 1 trillion, 900 billion dollars.”</i>	✓						
18	Joe B. : <i>“It depends on the circumstance we find ourselves when we get elected. Look what we had to do. We, in order to be able to get out of the financial recession, which was the greatest recession, sort of a depression in American history, the President asked me to chair the recovery act, which had \$900 billion in it, and we did it. Most even conservative economists acknowledged it probably saved us from a depression.”</i>			✓				
19	Joe B. : <i>“No, because we are in a different</i>	✓						

	<p><i>place now. The balanced budget amendment in the middle of it is basically going to be, we're going to maybe. I hope it is not true, but we are likely to inherit a recession, at least a significant economic slowdown. That does not make sense. But, I do think."</i></p>							
20	<p>Joe B.: "No, not then. Everything's context. One of the reasons I like giving an interview with you is you know the context. I am not being a wise guy. I am not being a wise guy. Does not mean you agree or disagree."</p>	✓						
21	<p>Joe B.: "But you know the context. 1995 was a very different place than we find ourselves today. And so, this is about how do we grow the economy. For example, it makes a lot of sense that we say that okay, why is it if you give a charitable contribution."</p>			✓				
22	<p>John: "Another thing Obama tried to do, couldn't get done?" Joe B.: "But we will get it done. Because things have changed."</p>							✓

<p>23</p>	<p>Joe B. : “It is a big economic problem. And one of the things that I've said along the way here is I would do as President is set up within the Justice Department an entire new entity to go back and look at the mega mergers that have occurred and those that are being proposed to occur. Whether or not it is in the telecom industry, whether it is in – whatever it is. There is a lot of concentration of power. And make a judgment whether or not it made sense for that to happen. And so, one of the things that always happens from one administration to the next, even with the same party is you go back and you look at the consequences and what was done. I think that there is too much concentration of power.”</p>							<p>✓</p>
<p>24</p>	<p>Joe B. : “Well, I think, look remember, everything landed on the President's plate but locusts. And so, we finally got to the place – all</p>	<p>✓</p>						

	<i>kidding aside. We finally got to the place where we got not only the the car out of the ditch and kept from going over the cliff, we put new tires on it. We began to tune the engine. It was running at 40 miles an hour. We were ready to make it run faster. And we lost.”</i>							
25	Joe B. : <i>“I am not going to get into the personalities, but I do say this. The President should not be trying to pressure the Fed. We did not do that. That is not what you – that is supposed to be an independent entity out here. It is just like how he pressures the military and intervenes in the chain of command. It is his way of abusing power across the board. It is a big mistake. A big mistake, and I would not do that.”</i>	✓						
26	Joe B. : <i>“How could he not know that? How could he not know that? He turned around and he called the prime Minister of Canada two faced. He turned around – the idea he does not know that. I mean,</i>	✓						

	<p><i>look, this President thinks if he says the lie long enough and often enough and repeats it enough. Somehow, people will believe it. Look, the reason why is – I am not happy that President of the United States got mocked. But what it says is we lack the respect of the rest of the world that we had in spades before.”</i></p>							
27	<p><i>Joe B. : “I do not think it is about being elite. I think it is about being smart or not smart. I think it is about being mean spirited or not mean spirited. It is about coddling coddling Russia is trying to break up Europe and NATO or sticking with our friends.”</i></p>	✓						
28	<p><i>Joe B. : “I do, in Europe. Absolutely, positively. Putin has had – I know Putin. I have had private time with Putin. I have spent time with him. Looked in his eyes, as they say. This is a guy who has one overarching desire to break up NATO and to have America pull away from Europe, the Euro Atlantic Alliance. Because that is the one thing</i></p>			✓				

	<i>he cannot penetrate if it is strong.”</i>							
29	Joe B. : <i>“I do not think the President of the United States today has any notion of geopolitical concerns. I do not think he – look, this is the guy who said and I thought at first it was kind of a joke, but it wasn't.”</i>	✓						
30	Joe B. : <i>“All I know is the results the same. I can not read his mind. He has done things that seem to me to be completely contrary to reality. When he stands before the whole world at a G20 meeting and says that I believe Vladimir Putin did not interfere in our elections and these 18 intelligence agencies that work for us, in fact, do. They think he did, but I think they are wrong. What is that about?”</i>		✓					
31	Joe B. : <i>“I do not know. But the result is the same. It has drastically weakened our standing around the world. Poll came out not long ago, Gallup and Pew showing that we ranked just below China in respect and just</i>	✓						

	<i>above Russia. What is going on? Look, when we are not leading – we have led the world by the example, not just of our power, but the power of our example. And when he – you know, there are three things I have learned. I have learned Vladimir Putin does not want me to be president.”</i>							
32	<i>John : “Mr. Vice president, thanks so much.” Joe B. : “Thank you, John. Really appreciate it.” John : “I appreciate you.”</i>					✓		
Amount		16	1	10	1	2	0	2
Total number		32						

Types of Language Functions:

- **Pf** : **Personal Functions**
- **Hf** : **Heuristic functions**
- **RPf** : **Representation functions**
- **RGf** : **Regulatory functions**
- **ITf** : **Interactional functions**
- **IMf** : **Imaginative functions**
- **ISf** : **Instrumental functions**