ABSTRACT


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Key Word: Partnership, profit and Loss Sharing.

Majority Indonesian is farmers, to support the Indonesian economy is better supported by the increasing number of technological developments participate in improving the lives of the Indonesian people that the majority of farmers, thus Agriculture needs to be developed for the more advanced, efficient and geared to improve the quality and quantity of agricultural production. that the parties entered into a partnership with Cakra Tani as an agent of a provider of seed with partner farmers. The contract used in this agreement is the result of cooperation for the provision in the initial agreement.

From the above problems researchers wanted to know how the implementation of the cooperation Farmers in the village of Cakra Tani Bendosewu Talun District of Blitar in terms of Islamic law.

This study classified the empirical research that directly falls spaciousness. The approach used in this study is descriptive qualitative approach in order to get the required data through interviews and documentation of the cooperation, between the Cakra Tani with farmer partners and continued data analysis with qualitative descriptive analysis method to obtain a conclusion.

The results of this study indicate that the cooperation agreement concluded between the Chakra Tani and farmers in general are not in accordance with the rules of Islamic law. It is associated with the object *muzara'ah* where farmers are dominating the division of labor, while the Chakra Tani as the only provider of seed and as the buyer harvest of farmers.