ABSTRACT

Siti Indah Nurvianti, 2015. The Role of Trading Transactions of Time Commodity according to Perspective of Islamic Law (Study at PT. Victory International Future Matos). Thesis Department of Shariah Business Law. Faculty of Sharia. State Islamic University Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang. Supervisor Dr. Abbas Arfan L.c., M.H.

Keywords: Role of Brokers, Time Commodity Trading at PT. Victory International Futures.

Time Commodity trading is everything related to buying and selling commodities with what is based on Futures and Options on Futures Contracts. This trade is done in the BBJ (Jakarta Futures Exchange) and it has to go through a broker company registered in Bappepti. Therefore, the role of the broker is mandatory and important in this transaction.

This study has two formulation of the problem to be studied, namely the role of brokers in time commodity trading in PT. Victory International Futures and Islamic law review of the role of brokers in commodities trading of time. This study used a qualitative descriptive approach. While the data collected in the form of primary data and secondary data was done by using interviews and documentation then the data is edited, checked and carefully structured and arranged such that then analyzed descriptively that aims to describe the role of brokers in commodities trading of time mechanism in PT. Victory International Futures.

In this research, it got the two conclusions. First, the role of brokers in commodity trading of time in PT. Victory International Futures Matos was making a contract with the customer to represent clients in the purchase of commodity of time in the BBJ, making transactions with BBJ commodity futures trading was in accordance with the wishes of customers on behalf of brokerage firm and terminated the contract with the BBJ in accordance with the wishes of customers. Secondly, according to the Islamic law of commodity trade transactions conducted by brokers and customers can be categorized as a contract simsarah in Islam. Intermediary or a Simsar helped a customer to buy a certain commodity with a clear specification of certain wage agreed at the beginning. And making trading commodity transaction with BBJ was according to customer wishes on behalf of the brokerage firm. In carrying out its functions as Simsar, brokers became vice customers in the BBJ. And a guaranteed 10% of the price of commodity transacted in Islam is commonly known by Urbun and it allowed doing it.