ABSTRACT


Thesis. Department of Sharia Business Law. Faculty of Sharia. State Islamic University of Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang. Supervisor: Dr. Suwandi, M.H

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The very influential in fulfilling human life is buying and selling one of the activities in social life economic activities definitely done by humans. It can be done directly or by using an auction system. Buying and selling, in the auction system in fiqh commonly referred to Ba'i Muzayyadah namely as a form of public sales of goods to the highest bidder. The auction is a form of selling price then there is a role in it. Prices in Islam adheres to the concept of a fair price is returned to the market price (which is affected by supply and demand). However, in practice common auction price instability (for dirty tricks in bidding auctions by bidders plotters), the state is utilized by certain parties that only give benefit on one party. Departing from the phenomenon, the author is interested in trying to examine more deeply about how the practice of guarantees auction and juridical review toward auction guarantee.

In this study, researcher used a type of empirical or field research with using qualitative juridical approach. Whereas in the collection of data, researcher used primary and secondary data.

For auction the in pawnshops, for market price issue of the local market price and the market price of the center. In auction in pawnshops was in conformity with Islamic law.

The results showed that the auction practice in sharia pawnshops of Tlogomas Malang in its implementation as a way of showing the goods, how to deliver the goods, how to assess the goods, how to influence prospective buyers, how to sell auction, how to bargain goods, all of the auction practices was appropriate by Fatwa of DSN 25, 2002.