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So far, the city of Malang still use plants as medicine. To the knowledge of the use of herbal medicine derived from generation to generation without supported by scientific knowledge. Many people who take advantage of Malang especially for the dose of herbal medicine or drug manufacturing rules are only estimates or to taste maker. This study aims to 1) To find out what types of plants that are in use as a medicine by the people of Malang 2) To know the organs of plants which are commonly used as medicine by the people of Malang, 3) To find out how the city of Malang use of the organ as a medicinal plant tersaebut, 4) To find out how the city of Malang obtain these plants.

This type of research is a descriptive-exploratory method of observation and semi-structured interviews with the active involvement of researchers in drug manufacturing. the study sample of 30 respondents drawn from the three villages of three districts. Sampling was also conducted using purposive sampling method consists of carrying herbalist, alternative offender treatment, sellers of medicinal plants in traditional markets and public understanding on the utilization of medicinal plants, plants that handle PKK TOGA, midwife or a masseuse.

The results of this study indicate that there are 41 kinds of herbs which consists of 24 Family. The dominant plant is used turmeric, kencur, ginger, ginger, orange pecel, red onion, fennel, horse whip, binahong, a distance of china, valve, key, papaya jelly, aloe vera, betel, Puyang, white turmeric, starfruit, cucumber, amethyst, carrots. Parts of the plant is widely used is the leaves and the rhizome that is equal to 53% and 40%. Tapped respondents proved that plants with boiling 83%. For how to obtain the medicinal plants with less to buy a reach of 87%. In the process, or take advantage of the medicinal plants, by boiling yag is mostly done by the community.