

## ABSTRAK

Susanto, Yusman, 2013 SKRIPSI. Judul: “Perbandingan Efisiensi BPR Konvensional dan BPR Syariah dengan Menggunakan Metode Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA)”

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Keyword : Efisiensi, DEA, Asset

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Efficiency constitute important part in the operations of a bank that can provide added value to the company, either directly or indirectly. Along with increasing the efficiency of the company which is to achieve the level of efficiency that is using the minimum input to output as much as possible. This study tried to find the differences between Shariah and BPR BPR efficiency Conventional measuring devices Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA). Purpose of this research is to know the difference of the two RBs, the parameters are used for to see different levels of efficiency that can be seen from inputs such as total deposits, total assets, and the cost of labor and the output of the company including finance / credit, operating income to measure the method Data Envelopment analysis

The sample used in this study are annual financial reports Shariah Bhakti RB and RB SAB Hajj period 2009-2011 using the Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA). Types of data used is secondary data obtained from the annual financial statements of each BPR published. The method of analysis used was Test Independent Sample T-test with a significance level of 5%.

From the analysis in terms of funding / credit shows that F count for financing / credit Equal variances assumed (assuming both equal variances) is 0.294 with a probability of 0.616. therefore the probability of  $> 0.05$ , then  $H_0$  is accepted, or both variances are identical (same). While in terms of operating income is seen that F count for financing / credit Equal variances assumed (assuming both variances equal) is 16,000 with a probability of 0.016. therefore the probability of  $> 0.05$ , then  $H_0$  is accepted, or both variances are identical (same). While ditinjau of operating income. So, from the BPR Edua no difference in the efficiency of the years 2009-2011.