

ABSTRAK

Saffanah, Elli, 2012, *Self-image* relationship with Social Interaction of the Student of Faculty of Humanities and Culture English Letters and Language Department of the State Islamic University of Malang Maulana Malik Ibrahim (Semester II, IV and VI), Thesis Faculty of Psychology, State Islamic University Maulana Malik Ibrahim of Malang. Supervisor Moh. Bahrun Amiq, M.Si

Key words: *Self Image*, Social Interaction

The perspective of human psychology consists of two parts, first: individual human beings, it means: man is a whole that can not be distributed, and second: that individual human beings not only in the sense of being whole of body and soul. Distinctiveness is not owned regardless of self concept that comes with every individual. Therefore, the researcher interested in conducting research with the theme "Relationships *Self Image* with Social Interaction of the students of Faculty of Humanities and Culture English Letters and Language Department of the State Islamic University of Malang Maulana Malik Ibrahim (Semester II, IV and VI). Research questions raised in this study is: What level of self image, social interaction, and *self-image* relations and social interaction of the students of Faculty of Humanities and Culture English Letters and Language Department of the State Islamic University of Malang Maulana Malik Ibrahim (Semester II, IV and VI)

Based on the background of the above problems then the purpose of the research were: to determine the level of self image, social interaction, relationship between *self image* with social interaction of the students of Faculty of Humanities and Culture English Letters and Language Department of the State Islamic University of Malang Maulana Malik Ibrahim (Semester II, IV and VI).

The approach taken in this study is a quantitative correlation, the analysis in the form of figures and tables are expressed in units where they will be classified in a particular category. In this study the approach starts from the problem and theoretical basis. Formulation of the problem made the hypothesis. The design in this study used a correlational design, the study examined about whether or not the existence of the relationship between the variables which is studied. While the source of the data sampling or purposive sampling technique of random sampling, while the methods used to obtain the data is: interview methods, documentation and questionnaires. The method used in scoring is the skla Likert. To test the validity and reliability using Pearson Product Moment correlation formula.

The results of calculations performed in this study suggests that the self image and social interaction of the students of Faculty of Humanities and Culture English Letters and Language Department of the State Islamic University of Malang Maulana Malik Ibrahim (Semester II, IV and VI) are the majority in getting the score, and for the correlation figures show the results are not significant, this means between *self image* and social interaction has not a relationship. It is also reinforced the theory of Rosenberg (1965) states there are

no qualitative differences in the characteristics of attitudes toward self, the basic components of an attitude is a combination of self Concept: *Self-image*, effective intensity, self evaluation, and predisposition the behavior.

Self image will be a major influence on the social interaction if *self supported* by the basic components of self concept to another, because all of the components are influence each other and can not stand alone.