ABSTRACT

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Every individual has a different problem to success and also psychology student of State Islamic University of Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang who have obstacles in completing their studies. Adversity quotient is the power struggle in the face of a person's problem. One of the factor that influence a person's AQ is a character that is part of the personality. Carl Gustaf Jung personality type is a set of primary dimensions of personality that are classified according to the properties can be investigated and tested the truth about the unique behavior of individuals, and consists of several types, namely dichotomous introversion-extroversion, sensing-intuiting, thinking-feeling, and judging-perceiving.

The study was conducted at the Faculty of Psychology State Islamic University of Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang in order to: (1) to know the personality type of students Faculty of Psychology based on C.G. Jung's personality types. (2) to know the levels of adversity quotient of students of Psychology Faculty (3) to know the relationship between C.G. Jung personality type with the adversity quotient students of Psychology Faculty.

The design of this study is correlational quantitative. The independent variable in this study were C.G. Jung personality type (X) and the dependent variable is AQ (Y). Population in this study were all students of psychology who is active in the academic year 2011-2012 (770) and 10% of the population taken as a sample (80 students). Samples were taken using a purposive sampling technique. Used to measure C.G. Jung personality type test kits MBTI (Myers-Briggs Type Indicators) and ARP (Adversity Response Profile) to measure AQ. Reliability and validity of the measuring instrument has been tested so that there searchers did not test the reliability and validity. While the methods of data analysis using multiple regression analysis with SPSS16.0for windows.

The results showed that the dominant personality types in psychology student: the dominant majority in extroversion type consisting of 46 students (57.5%), on the type of S-N dichotomy, it is known that 53 students (66.25%) dominant in the type of sensing, Based on the T-F dichotomy, the dominant majority in the type of feeling that consists of 50 students (62.5%), and type of J-P shows that 67.5% or 54 students more dominant on the type of perceiving. The results of the study analysis adversity quotient, it is known that the majority of students there are in the category of camper are 52 students (65%). The relationship between personality type IE, SN, TF, JP AQ together indicate F value of 1, 657 with a significance level of 0.169. Because the probability of 0.169 ($p > 0.05$) with a sample size of 80 students then the regression model can't be used to predict AQ. It shows that the hypothesis is rejected or there is not a relationship between C.G. Jung's personality types and AQ.