ABSTRACT


Keywords: moral reasoning, attitudes toward sex behavior

For adolescents aged 16-19 years, students of Senior High School in MA Darus Sholah Boarding School Jember began to show interest in the opposite sex and start a relationship. Beginning in 2006 to 2011 there were several cases of sexual happened. Of the few cases that occur, there are several factors that lead to teen sex, one of which is about moral reasoning. Then in this study, researchers wanted to examine moral reasoning about the relationship with attitudes toward casual sex behavior in MA- Darus Sholah Jember Boarding School students.

The Purpose of the study was to determine the moral reasoning and attitudes toward sex behavior of the students in MA Darus Sholah Boarding School Jember and the relationship between moral reasoning with the attitude toward sex behavior of the students in MA Darus Sholah Boarding School Jember.

This research is descriptive and correlational. Spearman correlation analysis for the study used both ordinal data. The research subjects are students of Darus Sholah Boarding School Jember between 16-19 years of age. The Subjects in this study amounted to 61 students. Data collection tool used is the moral reasoning questionnaire adapted from Dr. C, Asri Budiningsih and scale of attitude towards sex behavior. The Analysis of the data in this study used SPSS version 16.0 for windows.

From the results of the study that the subjects known to be at the pre-conventional with the percentage of stage 1 and stage 2 of 3% with the percentage of 13%. Conventional level of stage 3 with the percentage of 41%, while in stage 4 with the percentage of 26%. At the post-conventional stage 5 with the percentage of 15%, whereas in stage 6 with the percentage of 2%. The study attitudes toward casual sex behaviors known to be subject to the high category with the percentage of 20%, the category of being a percentage of 64% and the low category with the percentage of 16%. Based on the results of this study was obtained value of correlation coefficient: 0.202> 0.05, with a significance of 0.118 which means not significant. Based on the calculation of these correlations can be concluded there is no relationship between moral reasoning with the attitude toward sex behavior of student in MA Darus Sholah boarding school Jember.