

ABSTRACT

Fahmi Idris, Muhamad. 2013. Differences Between Adolescent Delinquency Working Mom With Mother Does not Work (Comparative Study of Students At Al-Madrasah Aliyah Khoiriyah)

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Juvenile delinquency is behavior that goes beyond the limits of tolerance of others or the environment as well as an action that would violate the norms and laws. Socially juvenile delinquency can be caused by a form of social neglect that adolescents may develop a form of deviant behavior. Juvenile delinquency is a behavior performed by teenagers at the expense of social values prevailing in society. Juvenile delinquency include all behaviors that deviate from the norms and laws committed by juveniles. This behavior can be detrimental to himself and the people around him, Sumiati (2009).

The problem formulation in this study were: (1) How is Delinquency Rate Teens whose mothers work, (2) How is the level of delinquency whose mother tdak work, (3) Are there differences in the level of juvenile delinquency among working mothers with mothers who did not work. This study aims to determine the difference between the juvenile mothers who work with mothers who did not work on the students of Madrasah Aliyah Al-Khoiriyah. The hypothesis is that there are differences in juvenile delinquency in terms of working mothers and mothers who do not work.

In this study, there are two variables: the dependent variable is the independent variable while the juvenile is a working mother and the mother does not work. Samples from this study were students of Madrasah Aliyah Al-Khoiriyah class X, XI and XII were is 180 students. Sampling was done by purposive sampling method. The instrument used was a questionnaire Juvenile delinquency. To test the quality of measuring instruments, used professional judgment are then correlated with the product moment.

Based on the analysis of data in this study, and reinforced by the basic theory that has been described, then obtained a conclusion that "there is a difference between the Adolescent Delinquency working mother and mother who does not work" with a value of $(= 3.141 > = 1.661$ with significant $0.002 < 0.05$). Results showed that adolescents whose mothers worked delinquency appear to have a higher intensity (140.98) than those whose mothers did not work (125.42). So the hypothesis in this study accepted that there are differences between the juvenile and the mother working mothers do not work, because H_a is accepted and H_o is rejected.