ABSTRACT


Keywords: Family Harmony, Personality Maturity

Every children is expected to be able to achieve their personality maturity because through this matured personality, they will be a generation with brighter future prospect and able to develop as a social creature with good correspondence with environment. Achieving this personality maturity stage does not separate from environmental role. The role of family as the closest environment to children may greatly influence children personality. Good family relationship is shown by the harmony such that family harmony is also having great stake in the maturity process of child personality. Therefore, the objectives of research are (1) to understand the harmony rate of the family of students of MA Manbaul Umum Mojopurogede, (2) to acknowledge the personality maturity rate of students of MA Manbaul Umum Mojopurogede, and (3) to ensure whether there is a relationship between family harmony and personality maturity of students of MA Manbaul Umum Mojopurogede, at Bungah, Gresik.

Research type is quantitative study. The population is 146 students. Research sample is 94 students at MA Manbaul Umum Mojopurogede. Method of research is Random Sampling. Research instruments include Family Harmony Scale containing 38 items and Personality Maturity Scale with 36 items. Data are analysis and processed using Rank Spearman Correlation Coefficient supported by SPSS 16.0 for Windows.

Result of research indicates that (1) Students of MA Manbaul Umum Mojopurogede with high family harmony rate are 14 students or 15 %, while those with moderate rate are 63 students or 67 % and those with low rate are 17 students or 18 %; (2) Students of MA Manbaul Umum Mojopurogede with high personality maturity rate are 18 students or 19 %, while those with moderate rate are 63 students or 67 % and those with low rate are 13 students or 14 %; and (3) There is a relationship between family harmony and personality maturity of students of MA Manbaul Umum Mojopurogede. The rate is described as rxy = 0.580 and sig = 0.000 < 0.05, meaning that there is a significant relationship from two variables, and then, the hypothesis of research is accepted.