

ABSTRACT

Laily Lolita Sari. 2015. *The Influence of Hope toward The Tendency of Recidivism of Prisoners in Prison of Malang Class I*. Thesis. Psychology Faculty of State Islamic University Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang.

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The process of rehabilitation tends to be ineffective because of internal problems that occurred in a prison that causes various of psychological problems which describe that rehabilitation is uneffective so that triggering the behavior of repeating the crime. In another side, there are several prisoners who have productive activities which showing the improvement of the positive behavior that could be the effect of rehabilitation.

Hope is human ability in difficult situation that involves pathways by motivation to accomplish goals. Prisoner who shows behavior positively change has positive expectation to his future and focused on changing himself to be a better person so decrease potential to repeating the crime. Tendency of recidivism is dispose to repeat to be prisoner in one or more the same or different crime.

This research is to find out the hope toward tendency of recidivism. The sample in this research is new prisoners and recidivism prisoners totally 133 persons. The data gained by simple random sampling. Data obtained through a measuring hope instrument by R. Snyder (2000) and PCL-R (Psychopathy Checklist-Revised) by Robert D. Hare (1970) to measure tendency of recidivism. The analysis used simple regression analysis.

The results of research shows the high level of hope on the convict reach 77 percent with the number of people 102 convicts and low level of the recidivism tendency reached 100 percent with the number of convicts 133 convicts. Data analysis showed F_{count} is 7,780 ($F = 0,006$). Known by 6,314 F_{table} (significance = 0.05). The data shows $F_{\text{count}} > F_{\text{table}}$ ($0,006 < 0,05$) which means there is a significant influence between hope towards recidivism tendency on the convicts. Variable effective contribution of hope for the recidivism tendency to R^2 0,056 or coefficient determinant of 5.6% indicates that this recidivism tendency around 5.6% is influenced by hope and the remaining at 94,4% is influenced by other factors.