

ABSTRACT

Rahayu, Rafika Isti. 2015. Relationship Between Ritual Worship with Juvenile Delinquency in Secondary Vocational Schools Muhammadiyah 2 Malang. Faculty of Psychology. State Islamic University (UIN) Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang.

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Adolescence is a time of transition from childhood to adulthood. During this time period they tend to search for his identity and recognition from the community, so that they tend to behave unstable. In unstable circumstances, adolescents are vulnerable to negative influences, such as juvenile delinquency, fighting each other, theft, misuse of drugs or ditching school. Causes of juvenile delinquency behavior does is the lack of implementation of the self-adolescent rituals in their religion, such as praying, fasting, charity, and so forth. Basically carry out rituals can prevent juvenile delinquency occurs so as to create solidarity among teenagers. The phenomenon led to the formulation of the problem that needs to be studied and researched in depth: how the level of ritual worship, the rate of juvenile delinquency, and the relationship between ritual worship with juvenile delinquency in secondary vocational schools Muhammadiyah 2 Malang?

This study aims to determine the level of ritual of worship, and to determine the level of juvenile delinquency, as well as to prove the relationship between the level of the rituals with the juvenile delinquency rate in the SMK Muhammadiyah 2 Malang.

There search design used in this study is a quantitative correlation. The independent variable is the ritual of worship, while the dependent variable is juvenile delinquency. Subjects studied as many as 65 people. Retrieval of data by questionnaire method. The validity tested by using *Product Moment* formula, and reliability tests with *Cronbach Alpha*.

The survey results revealed that the level of the rituals of the students of SMK Muhammadiyah 2 Malang is at a low category as many as 45 students (69%) and the rate of juvenile delinquency in the medium category were as many as 46 students (71%). Correlation between rituals with juvenile delinquency in SMK Muhammadiyah 2 Malang, with correlation coefficients (-0.652) and with significant value 0.000, the data imply that there is a significant negative correlation between the rituals with juvenile delinquency. The more lower worship rituals impact on the higher delinquency of the students.