

ABSTRACT

Ummu Rifa'atin Mahmudah, 11410009, The Differences Forgiveness (Forgiveness) Level Between *Santri* who memorize the Qur'an with *Santri* who do not memorize the Qur'an at Ma'had Sunan Ampel Al-'Aly Malang, Thesis, Faculty of Psychology, State Islamic University of Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang, 2011.

Forgiveness is the changes of negative thing into the positive thing that felted by someone hurt to someone hurting. Changes perceived by someone include changes in cognition, emotion and behavior. The lives of *Santri* do not escape from conflict with others, and it's not all *Santri* can forgive conflict. This study aims to determine the level of forgiving *Santri* who memorized the Qur'an, forgive level *Santri* who do not memorize the Qur'an and the differences forgiving levels *Santri* who memorize the Qur'an and *Santri* who do not memorize the Qur'an in Ma'had Sunan Ampel Al-'Aly Malang.

This research uses quantitative comparative approach. Subjects in this study were *Santri* who memorize the Qur'an numbered 42 *Santri* and *Santri* who do not memorize the Qur'an totaling 42 *Santri*. Sampling in this study using purposive sampling technique. The instrument used in this study is an adaptation scale Heartland forgiveness Scale. Analysis of the data used is the t test using IBM SPSS version 20.0 for Windows.

Results from this study indicate that the level of forgiving *Santri* on *Santri* who memorize the Qur'an is high with the percentage of 100% (42 subjects), while the *Santri* who do not memorize the Qur'an that were in the high category was 98.2% (40 person) and who are at moderate category is 4.8% (2 people). Based on the results of the t test in get the value of $F = 2,419$ and sig (p) = 0.030 < 0.05. This shows that there are significant differences in the level of forgiving between *Santri* who memorize the Qur'an with *Santri* who are not memorize the Qur'an at Ma'had Sunan Ampel Al-'Aly Malang.

Key Words: Forgiveness, *Santri*, Qur'an.